CS102/IT102 Computer Programming I

Lecture 7: Data File I/O

Bicol University College of Science CSIT Department 1st Semester, 2023-2024

Data File I/O

File Open and Close Read and Write

Data Files: Opening & Closing

Three steps for accessing data files:

- 1. Data File is Opened
- 2. Data is Read / Written to the File
- 3. Data File is Closed

Opening a Data File: fopen() (1)

- 1: Declare a file stream pointer
- 2: Call the **fopen()** function. The function returns the address for the file stream Pointer

Example:

```
FILE *fptr; /* declare a file ptr */
fptr=fopen("data.txt","wt");
```

Opening a Data File: fopen() (2)

fopen (arg1, arg2)

arg1: a pointer to a string containing the filename or a literal, for example: "/home/jdelacruz/myfolder/myfile.txt"

```
arg2: activity and filetype constants:
```

- wt Open an ASCII file for writing
- rt Open an ASCII file for reading
- at Open an ASCII file for appending
- wb Open a Binary file for writing
- rb Open a Binary file for reading
- ab Open a Binary file for appending

Closing a Data File: fclose()

Syntax:

```
fclose( fptr );
```

where fptr refers to the file stream pointer returned by the fopen () function.

Writing to an ASCII Data File

```
fprintf( ) function
```

Syntax:

```
fprintf( arg1, arg2...)
```

where arg1 is the file stream pointer and arg2 are identical to arguments of the printf() function

Example:

```
fprintf(fptr, "%d\n", x);
```

Reading from an ASCII Data File

```
fscanf() function
```

Syntax:

```
fscanf(arg1, arg2...)
```

where arg1 is the file stream pointer and arg2 are identical to arguments of the scanf() function

Example:

```
fscanf(fptr, "%d", &x);
```



Example – Adding Two Intege

```
'* This program calculates and prints the sum of two numbers.
  Written by: Rossitza S. Marinova; Date: January 12, 2005 */
include <stdio.h>
                                                   Results:
                                                   Enter first intego
.nt main () {
  /* Local Definitions */
  int int1:
                 /* first number */
                                                   Enter second integ
                /* second number */
  int int2;
                                                   19
                 /* will store the sum */
  int sum;
                                                   The sum is: 24
  /* Statements */
  printf("Enter first integer\n");
                                      /* prompt */
                                      /* read an integer */
  scanf("%d", &int1);
  printf("Enter second integer\n");
                                     /* prompt */
                                      /* read an integer */
  scanf("%d", &int2);
                                      /* add the two numbers */
  sum = int1 + int2;
  printf("The sum is: %d\n", sum);
                                     /* print the sum */
  return 0;
/* end of main */
```

Modified-Adding Two Integers

```
/* This program is the modified "Adding Two Integers" program
that gets the input from a data file instead of the keyboard,
then outputs the result in another file. */
#include <stdio.h>
int main ()
  /* Local Definitions */
   int int1; /* first number */
   int int2; /* second number */
   int sum; /* will store the sum */
   FILE *ifp; /* file stream pointer for input file */
   FILE *ofp; /* file stream pointer for output file */
   ifp = fopen("input.txt","rt");  /* open input file */
   ofp = fopen("output.txt", "wt"); /* open output file */
   printf("Reading first integer from file...\n"); /* prompt */
   fscanf(ifp, "%d", &int1); /* read an integer from file */
   printf("Reading second integer from file\n"); /* prompt */
   fscanf(ifp, "%d", &int2); /* read an integer from file */
   sum = int1 + int2; /* add the two numbers */
   fprintf(ofp, "The sum is: %d\n", sum); /* print the sum in the output
   fclose(ifp); /* close the input file */
   fclose(ofp); /* close the output file */
   return 0;
} /* end of main */
```

End of Lecture 7