

Deep Recognition on First-person Videos

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As the first-person cameras like GoPro become popular for some sports hobbyists and geeks, there would be more first-person videos in the near future. However, the research of video action recognition on first-person videos is still in the beginning. Given that there are so many videos on the Internet, which are mostly third-person point-of-view, we are going to leverage the abundance of these third-person videos to train and recognize first-person videos.

Convolutional neural networks (CNNs) have got great improvement on visual recognition since AlexNet [1]. In addition to applying CNNs for image recognition, detection, segmentation and retrieval, some papers use CNNs to combine image information across videos [2][3].

On the other hand, there are still few papers talking about the relationships and recognition about the first-person and the third-person videos. The only paper that is kind of similar to our work is focusing on the recognition of each video for its action class and view point. We would like to use video data that is time-synchronized and leverage this relationship between the first-person and the third-person videos to train a model that can recognize first-person videos much better.

The video data we would use is provided by the Indiana university. This dataset comprises seven action classes. Each class has several videos from the first-person point-of-view and the third-person point-of-view from two different angles. These videos are all time-synchronized.

We would start from the popular deep CNN model, Caffe's Imagenet pre-train model [5], which adopts the same architecture as AlexNet. Using this model as the baseline, we would like to try the siamese network [6] and temporal pooling to improve the performance. In addition, we would use t-SNE library [7] to visualize the feature representation for further discovering the relationships between the different view videos.

The rough job partition is as below:

architecture/performance result discussion: both

architecture/source coding and simulation: Yu-Cheng

tools for feature fetching/result collection and analysis: Wei-Chih

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