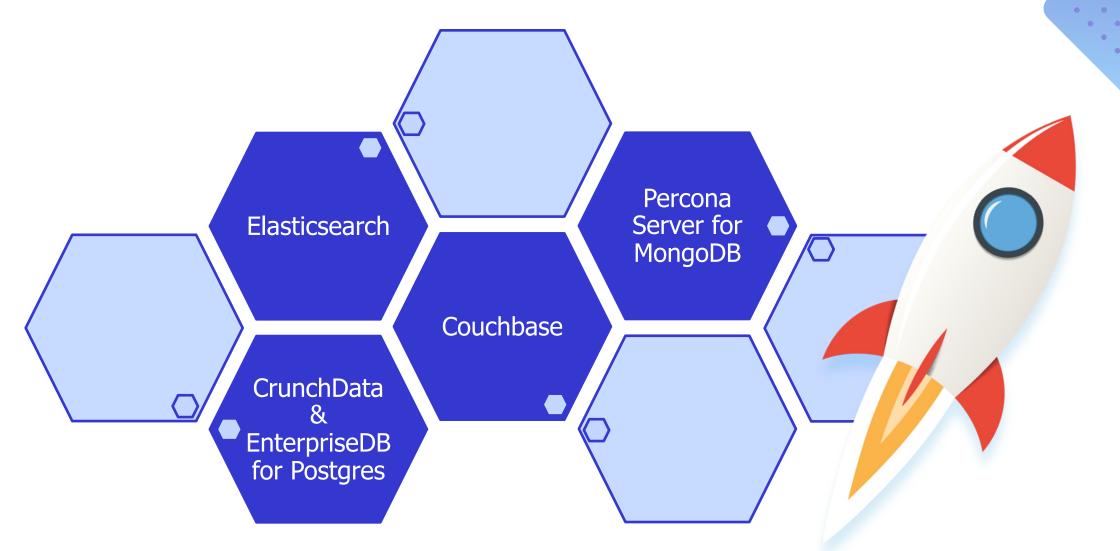
But What About Operators?

Operators

Accelerating Stateful Workloads on K8s



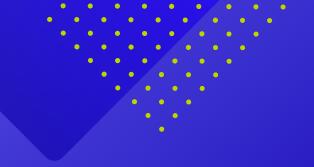




An operator is a Kubernetes controller that **understands 2 domains: Kubernetes and something else**. By combining knowledge of both domains, it can automate tasks that usually require a human operator that understands both domains.

Jimmy Zelinskie, Former OpenShift Principal Product Manager





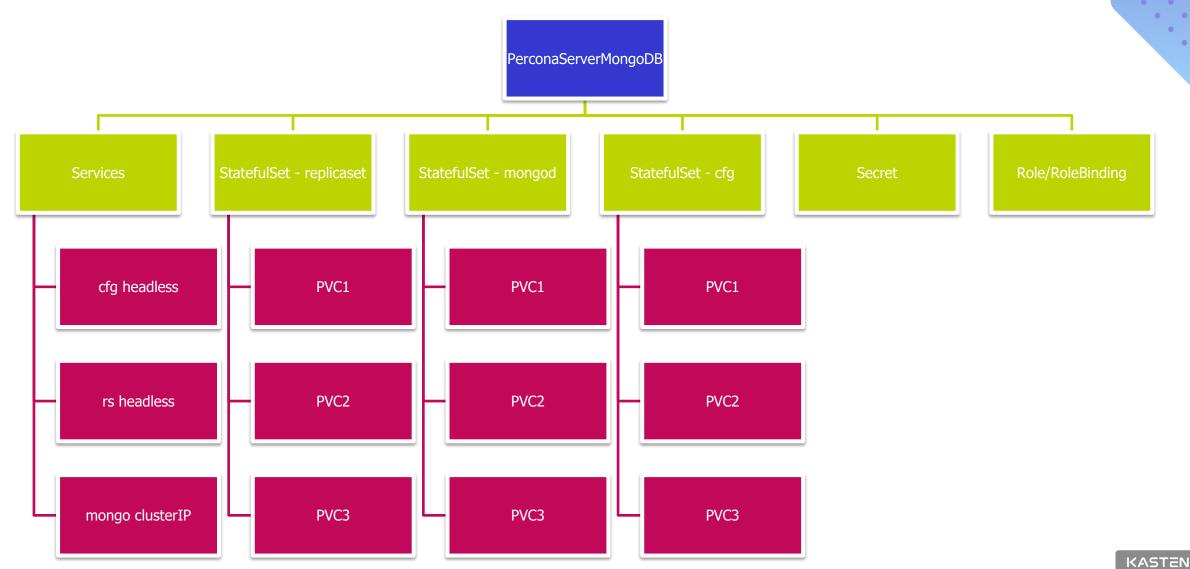
Example Operator manifest using *Percona Operator for MongoDB*





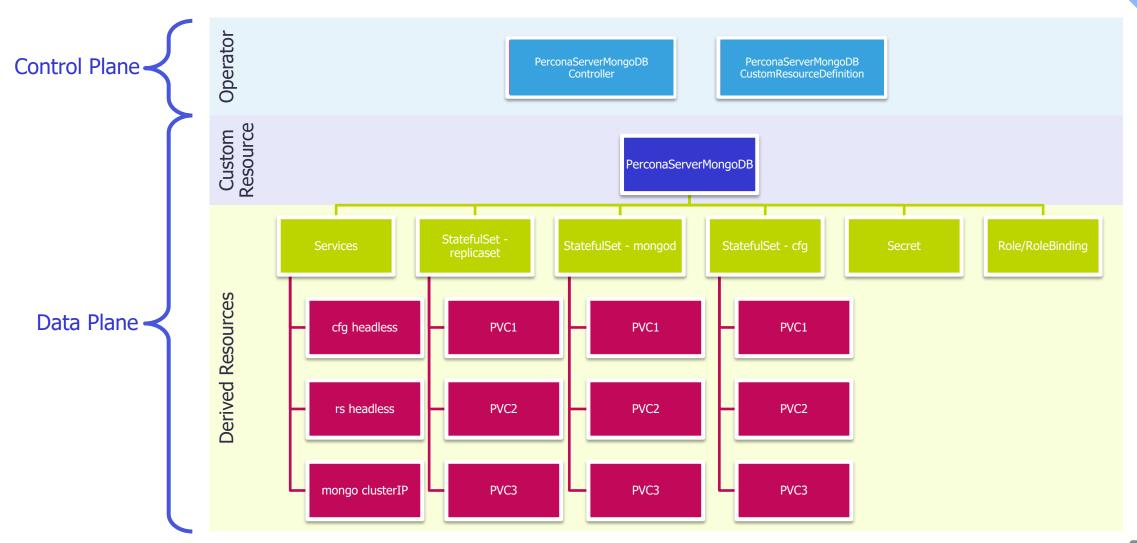
Derived Resources

Created by the Operator



Operator Dichotomy

Control v. Data





"My Operator does backup for me..."

Leverage it!

- More Operators are providing built-in protection logic
- Data service backup does not protect your complete app
- Use Blueprints to work with the Operator, not against it!

```
apiVersion: psmdb.percona.com/v1
kind: PerconaServerMongoDBBackup
metadata:
   name: backup1
spec:
   clusterName: my-cluster-name
   storageName: s3-us-west
```

```
apiVersion: psmdb.percona.com/v1
kind: PerconaServerMongoDBRestore
metadata:
  name: restore1
spec:
  clusterName: my-cluster-name
  backupName: backup1
```



```
Blueprint "backup" action
      backup:
        outputArtifacts:
         cloudObjects:
           keyValue:
             psmdbbackup: 'backup-{{ toDate "2006-01-02T15:04:05.999999999707:00" .Time | date "2006-01-02t15-04-05z07-00" }}'
10
             namespace: "{{ .Object.metadata.namespace }}"
        phases:
                                    Kanister Function
       - func: KubeOps
         name: createBackupCR
         args:
           operation: create
           namespace: "{{ .Object.metadata.namespace }}"
           spec: |-
             apiVersion: psmdb.percona.com/v1
                                                      Create Operator-controlled Backup CR
             kind: PerconaServerMongoDBBackup
20
             metadata:
               finalizers:
23

    delete-backup

               name: backup-{{ toDate "2006-01-02T15:04:05.999999999207:00" .Time | date "2006-01-02t15-04-05z07-00" }}
             spec:
                                                        Store generated Backup CR name in RestorePoint
               clusterName: {{ .Object.metadata.name }}
               storageName: my-s3-storage
                              Kanister Function
28
        - func: Wait
         name: waitBackupReady
29
30
         args:
           timeout: 360s
                                                      Wait for new Backup CR to reach "Ready" state
           conditions:
             anyOf:
               - condition: '{{ if eq "{ $.status.state }" "ready" }}true{{ else }}false{{ end }}'
                 objectReference:
                   apiVersion: v1
                   group: psmdb.percona.com
                   resource: perconaservermongodbbackups
                   name: 'backup-{{ toDate "2006-01-02T15:04:05.99999999207:00" .Time | date "2006-01-02t15-04-05z07-00" }}'
                   namespace: "{{ .Object.metadata.namespace}}"
```

```
Blueprint "restore" action
restore:
 inputArtifactNames:
                                        Reference output of "backup" action
 - cloudObjects
 phases:
 - func: Wait
   name: waitMongoDBClusterReady
                                                 Wait for new MongoDB cluster CR to be "Ready"
   args:
     timeout: 300s
     conditions:
      anyOf:
        - condition: '{{ if eq "{ $.status.state }" "ready" }}true{{ else }}false{{ end }}'
          objectReference:
            apiVersion: v1
            group: psmdb.percona.com
            resource: perconaservermongodbs
            name: "{{ .Object.metadata.name}}"
            namespace: "{{ .Object.metadata.namespace}}"
 - func: KubeOps
   name: createRestoreFromBackup
   args:
     operation: create
     namespace: "{{ .Object.metadata.namespace }}"
     spec: |-
      apiVersion: psmdb.percona.com/v1
                                                  Create Operator-controlled Restore resource
      kind: PerconaServerMongoDBRestore
      metadata:
        name: restore-{{ toDate "2006-01-02T15:04:05.999999999207:00" .Time | date "2006-01-02t15-04-05z07-00" }}
        clusterName: {{ .Object.metadata.name }}
        backupName: {{ .ArtifactsIn.cloudObjects.KeyValue.psmdbbackup }}
        {{- if .Options }}
        {{- if .Options.pitr }}
                                                        Using Backup CR name stored in RestorePoint
        pitr:
          type: date
          date: {{ .Options.pitr }}
         {{- end }}
         {{- end }}
 - func: Wait
   name: waitRestoreReady
   args:
     timeout: 720s
     conditions:
        - condition: '{{ if eq "{ $.status.state }" "ready" }}true{{ else }}false{{ end }}'
          objectReference:
            apiVersion: v1
            group: psmdb.percona.com
            resource: perconaservermongodbrestores
            name: 'restore-{{ toDate "2006-01-02T15:04:05.999999999207:00" .Time | date "2006-01-02t15-04-05z07-00" }}'
            namespace: "{{ .Object.metadata.namespace}}"
```

```
delete: Blueprint "delete" action
  inputArtifactNames:
  - cloudObjects
                      Reference output of "backup" action
  phases:
  - func: KubeOps
   name: deleteBackupCR
   args:
     operation: delete
                                       Delete Backup CR
     objectReference:
       apiVersion: v1
       group: psmdb.percona.com
       resource: perconaservermongodbbackups
       name: '{{ .ArtifactsIn.cloudObjects.KeyValue.psmdbbackup }}'
       namespace: '{{ .ArtifactsIn.cloudObjects.KeyValue.namespace }}'
```



Should I include the Derived Resources in my Policy?

If you're using a Blueprint:

- No need to backup derived resources
- Excluding them can save time & storage
- Leverage label-based Exclude Filters as part of your K10 Policy:
 - Ex. app.kubernetes.io/managed-by=perconaserver-mongodb-operator

If you're NOT using a Blueprint:

- Derived resources MUST be protected by K10 Policy
- Validate with Operator author that restore via derived resources is supported (and if additional transforms are required)



Should I backup the Operator itself (aka Control Plane)?

You can, but it doesn't mean you should:

- Yes, operators are CRDs, and Kasten K10 protects CRDs
- Need to ensure Control Plane restore is complete before attempting to restore CRs controlled by the Operator
- OpenShift Operators have additional APIs to manage Operator packaging and deployment – just reinstall!
- Recommended approach:
 - Reinstall Operator (typically via cluster deployment IaC)
 - 2. Restore apps including Operator-controlled CRs via K10

