

# Class 6: Parties

responses and counter-strategies

Dr. Michael C. Zeller

# Agenda for the day

LUDWIG-MAXIMILIANS-UNIVERSITÄT MÜNCHEN

- Opening notes
- Overview of responses to far-right parties
- Studies of responses to FR parties
- Any questions, concerns, feedback for this class?



# Opening notes



## **Presentation groups**



TBD

#### Topics to me as soon as possible

June	July	/ May	
Date		Presenters	Method
5 Ju	une:	Rasmus B., Andre D., Josefine E., Ioanna L., Santiago C.	regression
12 J	une:	Omar B., Lela E., Niclas W.	network analysis
19 Ju	une:	NO CLASS MEETING	

26 June: Colombe I., Konstantin S., Jakob W.,

Veronika L.

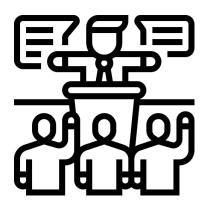
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# Overview of responses to far-right parties

- which actors can respond to farright parties
- what types of responses
- possible effects

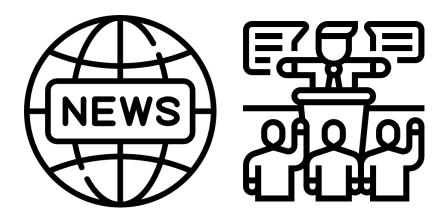








#### media





movements media

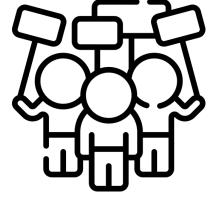




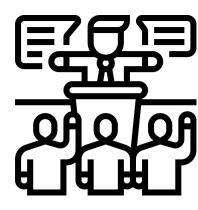
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movements media











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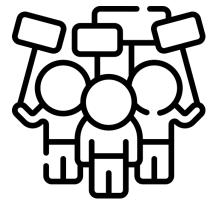
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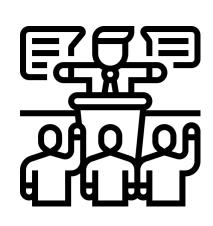
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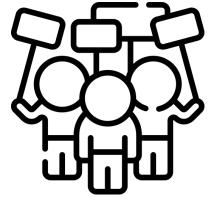
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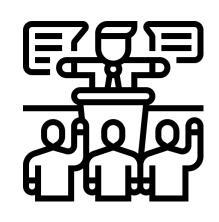
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Actions, broadly (cf. Meguid 2005):

# accommodate



state

business

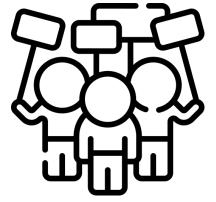
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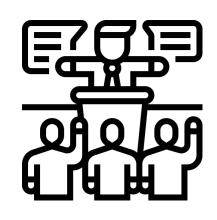
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Actions, broadly (cf. Meguid 2005):

# dismiss accommodate



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business

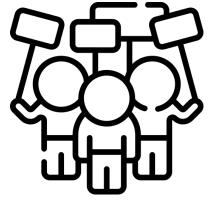
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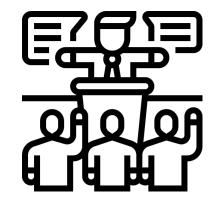
parties











Actions, broadly (cf. Meguid 2005):

oppose dismiss accommodate



state



accommodate

dismiss



#### state



## accommodate

 government, state institutions adapt policy or activity in line with far-right party

dismiss



#### state



## accommodate

 government, state institutions adapt policy or activity in line with far-right party

# dismiss

ignore, treat as any other political player





state

business

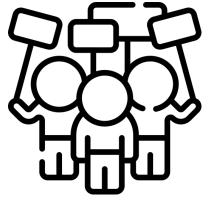
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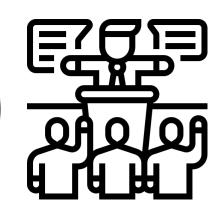
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Actions, broadly (cf. Meguid 2005):

oppose dismiss accommodate



#### business



# accommodate

dismiss



#### business



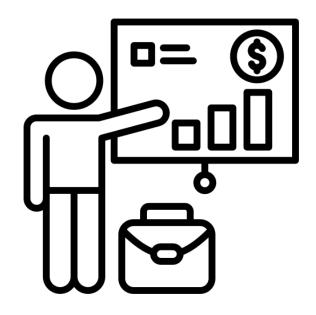
## accommodate

• engage with, amplify, finance far-right party

dismiss



#### business



## accommodate

• engage with, amplify, finance far-right party

# dismiss

• ignore





state

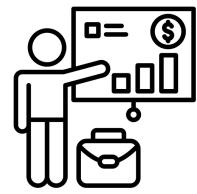
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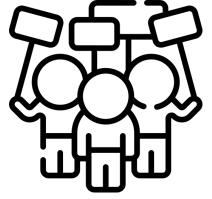
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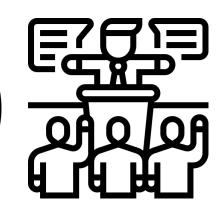
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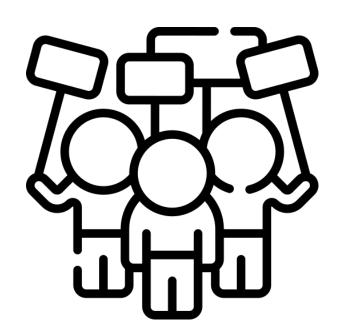


Actions, broadly (cf. Meguid 2005):

oppose dismiss accommodate



movements

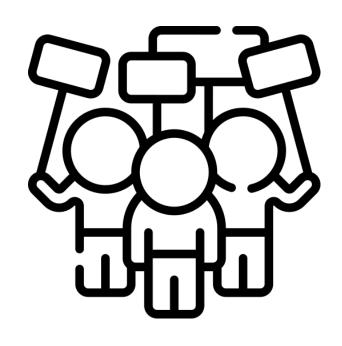


accommodate

dismiss



#### movements



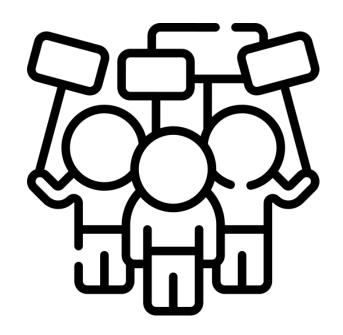
## accommodate

• support, mobilise for street politics

dismiss



#### movements



## accommodate

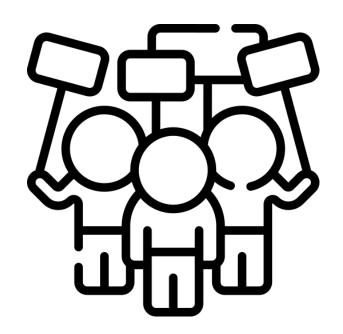
• support, mobilise for street politics

# dismiss

• ignore



#### movements



## accommodate

• support, mobilise for street politics

# dismiss

• ignore

## oppose

 protest against, blockade/disrupt, lobby state and other actors



state

business

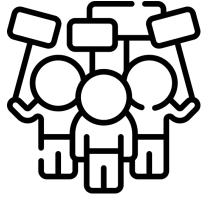
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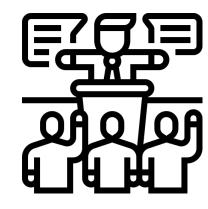
parties











Actions, broadly (cf. Meguid 2005):

oppose dismiss accommodate



#### media



# accommodate

dismiss



#### media



## accommodate

 set agenda of far-right issues and framings, open 'platform' to far-right actors

dismiss



#### media



## accommodate

 set agenda of far-right issues and framings, open 'platform' to far-right actors

# dismiss

cover as other parties, proportionally





state

business

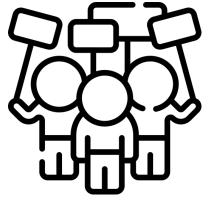
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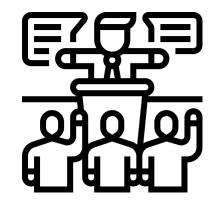
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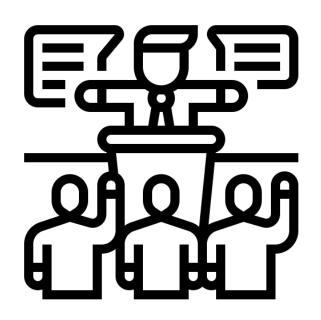


Actions, broadly (cf. Meguid 2005):

oppose dismiss accommodate



parties

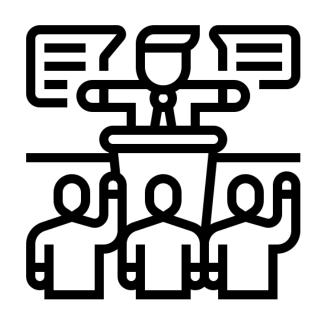


accommodate

dismiss



#### parties



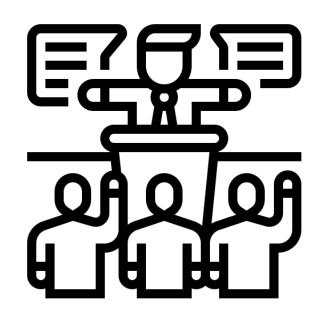
## accommodate

• debate or even adopt policy positions, engage in cooperation or even coalition

dismiss



#### parties



## accommodate

• debate or even adopt policy positions, engage in cooperation or even coalition

# dismiss

• ignore, disregard effect on political competition, treat as any other party

#### **Actors** → **Actions**



#### **Actors** → **Actions**



state

business

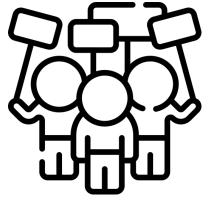
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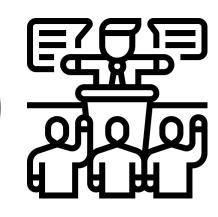
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Actions, broadly (cf. Meguid 2005):

oppose dismiss accommodate



state

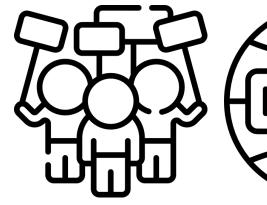
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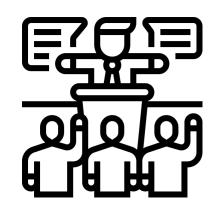
parties











oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 



normalise



state

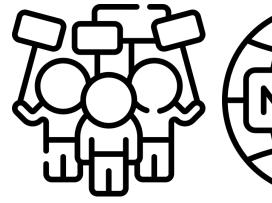
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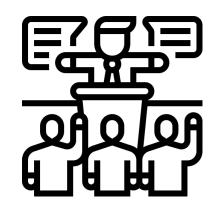
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 



state

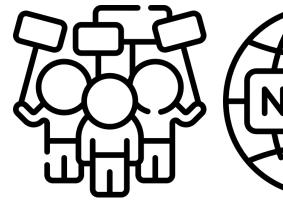
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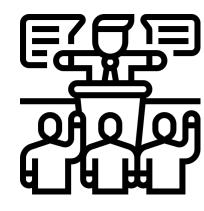
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

weaken



state

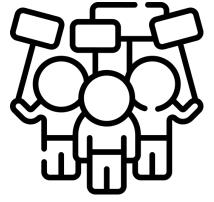
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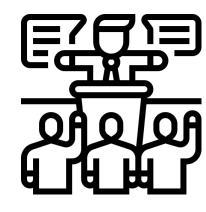
parties











oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

constrain

weaken



state

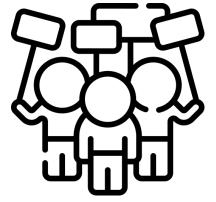
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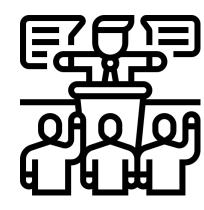
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

disband

constrain

weaken



state

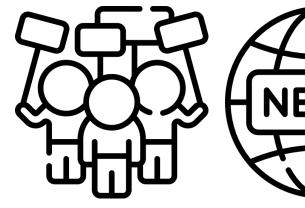
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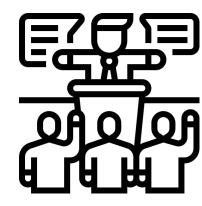
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

normalise

predominant perspective on party changes, not the party itself



state

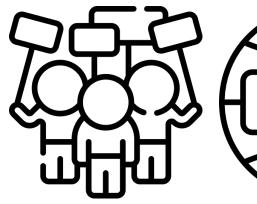
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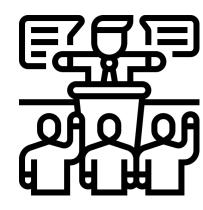
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

disband

constrain

weaken



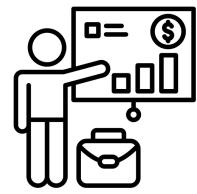
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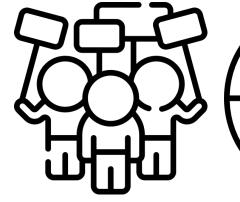
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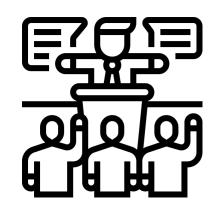
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

deradicalise

party becomes less ideologically, programmatically radical/extreme



state

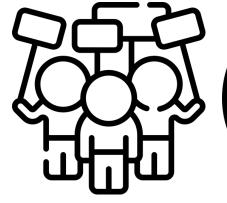
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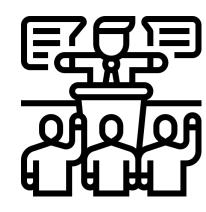
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

disband

constrain

weaken



state

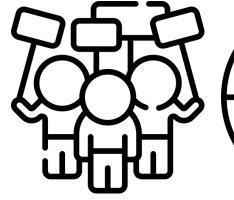
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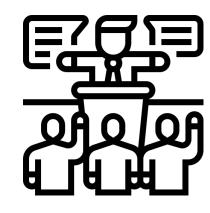
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

weaken

party loses support because others deliver, win back voters



state

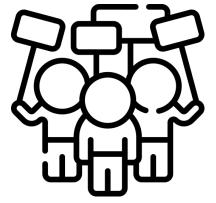
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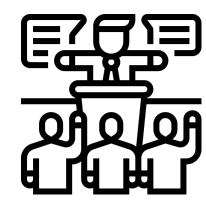
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

disband

constrain

weaken



state

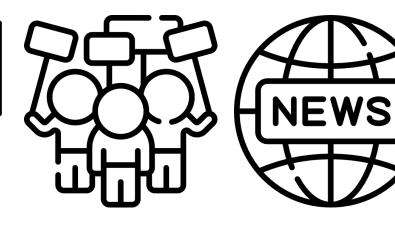
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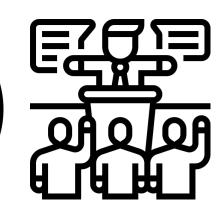
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parties









oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

constrain

party is deprived of policy input opportunities, chance to govern



state

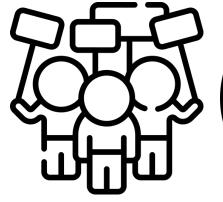
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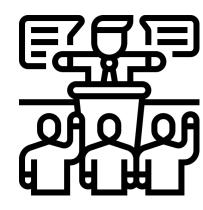
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

disband

constrain

weaken



state

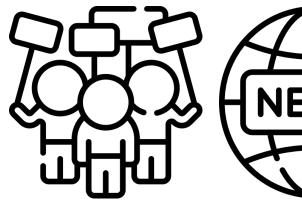
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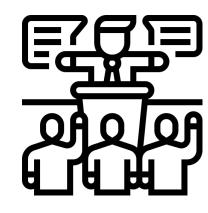
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

disband

party is broken up, assets seized, leading activists penalised



state

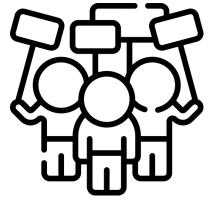
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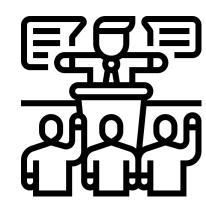
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oppose

dismiss

accommodate

**Effects** 

disband

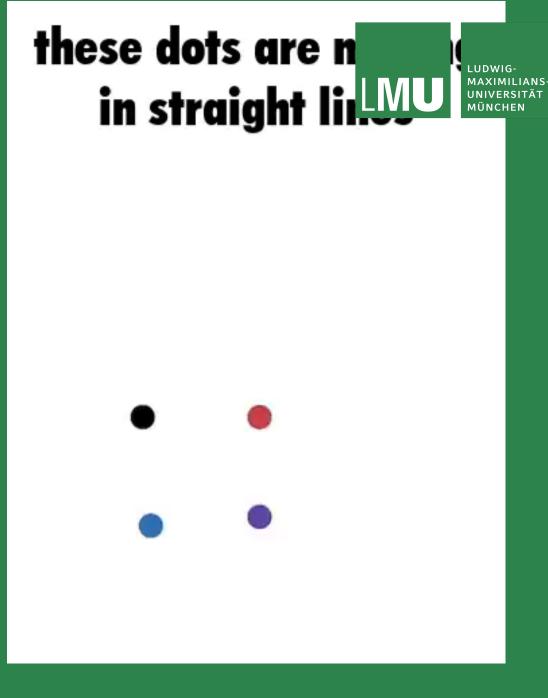
constrain

weaken

# Summing up responses to far-right parties



- the interaction of all these pieces makes for much greater complexity
  - actors responses frequently change, are rarely consistent, and interact with others' responses
- empirical cases demonstrate this complexity in action
  - De Jonge (2023) has a nice, short blog about responding to far-right parties, reviewing



# Studies of responses to FR partie LMU

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- Capoccia (2005) interwar regimes
- De Jonge (2021) media and parties
- Klüver et al. (2024) communication counterstrategies
- Krause, Cohen, and Abou-Chadi (2023) effect of accommodation
- protesting against far-right parties
  - Colombo et al. (2021)
  - Lagios, Méon, and Tojerow (2022)
  - Ellinas and Lamprianou (2023)



# Capoccia (2005) - interwar regimes



# Struggle between democratic incumbents and antisystem outsiders as primary characteristic of political process

<del>_</del>			
		Yes	No
Democrats prevail	Yes	Challenged survivors: Czechoslovakia, Finland, Belgium, (France)	Non-challenged survivors: The Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Switzerland, United Kingdom
	No	Takeovers: Germany, Italy	'Suspension' or preemptive coup: Bulgaria, Portugal, Poland, Lithuania, Yugoslavia, Austria, Estonia, Latvia, Greece, Romania

# Capoccia (2005) - interwar regimes



- Czechoslovakia:
  - Sudetendeutsche Heimatsfront (SHF) ally of NSDAP
  - not banned, but several measures imposed against SHF/SdP
- Belgium:
  - Parti Réxiste (Leon Degrelle)
  - Catholic youth groups led to oppose Rexists
  - King Leopold III takes public opposition stance

# Capoccia (2005) - interwar regimes



- bans and hard repression can work, but not sufficient on its own
  - a 'short-term solution'
- importance of incumbent political elites
- importance of unity among political elites

### De Jonge (2021) - media and parties



- RQ: why is a radical right party successful in Flanders, but not in Wallonia (Belgium)?
- Wallonia: hostile environment, mainstream parties and media impose cordon sanitaire
  - radical-right party exclusion is 'air tight'
  - imposed before radical-right party achieves significant success
- Flanders: gradually more accommodative environment
  - no counter-action before radical-right party achieved significant success
  - initial cordon sanitaire quickly weakened by right-wing People's
     Union ejecting it

# Klüver et al. (2024) - communication counter-strate

- LUDWIG-MAXIMILIANS-UNIVERSITÄT MÜNCHEN
- RQ: How can parties counter right-wing populist parties (RPPs)?
- survey experiment among 24,000+ respondents in Germany
  - treatments in form of social media posts and placards
- 4 party communication strategies to respond to populist rhetoric:

   (1) highlight mainstream parties' role representing citizen interests,
   (2) emphasise the performance of mainstream parties,
   (3) reveal the self-interest of populists, and
   (4) appeal to alternative identities.
- **Finding 1**: exposing how far-righ parties' policies are self-interested decreases support
- **Finding 2**: communication ephasising party's own performance can trigger backlash

# Krause, Cohen, and Abou-Chadi (2023) - effect of accommodation



- RQ: Do accommodative strategies help to weaken RRPs electorally?
- method: linear regression models
- data: elections in: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, and UK
- findings:
  - no evidence that accommodation reduces radical right support
  - in some cases, it may increase voter defection to radical right

#### protesting against far-right parties



- Colombo et al. (2021) Italy 2020 election, 'Sardines' against Lega
- Lagios, Méon, and Tojerow (2022) France, against Front National
- Ellinas and Lamprianou (2023) Greece, against Golden Dawn
- summative findings:
  - protests can dampen support in localities where it occurs
  - may only be by a few percentage points
    - small but seemingly consistent effect



# Any questions, concerns, feedback for this class?

Anonymous feedback here:

https://forms.gle/pisUmtmWdE13zMD58

Alternatively, send me an email: m.zeller@lmu.de

#### References



- Capoccia, Giovanni. 2005. *Defending Democracy: Reactions to Extremism in Interwar Europe*. Baltimore: John Hopkins University Press.
- Colombo, Francesco, Alessandro Ferrara, Foteini-Maria Vassou, Fabrizio Bernardi, and Elias Dinas. 2021. "From the Streets to the Voting Booth: The Electoral Effect of Grassroots Mobilization Against the Far-Right." Firenze: European University Institute.
- De Jonge, Léonie. 2021. "The Curious Case of Belgium: Why Is There No Right-Wing Populism in Wallonia?" *Government and Opposition* 56 (4): 598–614. https://doi.org/10.1017/gov.2020.8.
- ———. 2023. "How to Respond to the Far Right." *Verfassungsblog: On Matters Constitutional*, August. https://doi.org/10.17176/20230814-182858-0.
- Ellinas, Antonis A., and Iasonas Lamprianou. 2023. "Movement Versus Party: The Electoral Effects of Anti-Far Right Protests in Greece." *American Political Science Review*, July, 1–19. https://doi.org/10.1017/S0003055423000588.
- Klüver, Heike, Ferdinand Geissler, Felix Hartmann, Johannes Giesecke, Lukas Stoetzer, and Petra Schleiter. 2024. "How to Break Populist Parties' Appeal? An Experimental Evaluation of Communication Counter-Strategies." https://doi.org/10.31219/osf.io/h5prv.
- Krause, Werner, Denis Cohen, and Tarik Abou-Chadi. 2023. "Does Accommodation Work? Mainstream Party Strategies and the Success of Radical Right Parties." *Political Science Research and Methods* 11 (1): 172–79. https://doi.org/10.1017/psrm.2022.8.

Lagios, Nicolas, Pierre-Guillaume Méon, and Ilan Tojerow. 2022. "Does It Pay Off to Demonstrate Against the Far Right?"

Meguid, Bonnie M. 2005. "Competition Between Unequals: The Role of Mainstre Strategy in Niche Party Success." *American Political Science Review* 99 (3): 3 Https://doi.org/10.1017/S0003055405051701.