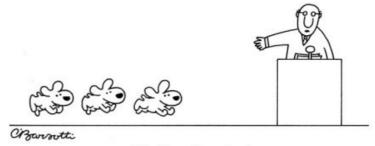
Debugging



Oops - what happened? ECE 373

But first...

- write() in kernel takes char user *buf
 - How to convert?
- How to convert in normal C programs?
 - atoi()
 - Manpage!!
- How to find?
 - Google is your friend
 - LXR is a better friend then
 - http://lxr.free-electrons.com/source kernel.h#L291



"But first, a distraction."

What does a bug look like?

- Kernel panic the machine is dead
- Odd messages on the console or in the /var/log/ {messages|syslog} file
- The network messages are garbled
- The light won't stop blinking
- The robot fell over



Stack Trace

Printed to console when something bad happens

```
Fedora release 14 (Laughlin)
Kernel 2.6.35.13-92.fc14.x86 64 on an x86 64 (/dev/ttyS0)
ppwaskie-fed14-vm login: [ 585.128074] hello kernel...
  585.129248] BUG: unable to handle kernel NULL pointer
dereference at (null)
[ 585.130106] IP: [<fffffffa003a01b>]
ece foobar init+0x1b/0x2f [ece foobar]
[ 585.130106] PGD 37c81067 PUD 37f3d067 PMD 0
[ 585.130106] Oops: 0002 [#1] SMP
  585.130106] last sysfs file:
/sys/devices/pci0000:00/0000:00:01.2/usb1/1-1/dm
[ 585.130106] CPU 0
[ 585.130106] Modules linked in: ece foobar(+) tcp lp fuse
sunrpc ip6t REJECT ]
```

More indicators...



"Uh, that was weird..."

"How did that happen?"

"Why did it do that?"

Now what?

kgdb - Kernel source debugger

- Support in kernel
- DDD user interface
- Remote debugging

- Can be hard to set up
- Need know where to start looking

```
DDD: /home/sdk/new/root/src/internal-src/workloads/linpack/linpack-SP/spu/solve_matrix.c
 File Edit View Program Commands Status Source Data
                                                                                    Help
                            Lookup Find Clear Watch Print Display Plot
                                                               M
(): main
Run Interrupt Step Stepi Next Nexti Until Finish Cont Kill Up Down Undo Redo Edit Make
  49 int main (int speid, addr64 argp, addr64 envp)
       unsigned int myid;
  52
       unsigned int spu_num;
       unsigned int tag = 31;
       unsigned int i:
  56 #if 1
  57 spu_write_out_mbox(1);
  58 #endif
  60
       myid = spu_read_in_mbox();
       /* DMA control block information from system memory. */
        mfc_get((void*) &parms, argp.ui[1], sizeof(parms), tag, 0, 0);
  64
65
       DMA Wait(1<<tag):
  66
GNU DDD 3.3.10 (i386-redhat-linux-gnu), by Dorothea Lütkehaus and Andreas Zeller.
Copyright @ 1995-1999 Technische Universität Braunschweig, Germany.
Copyright © 1999-2001 Universität Passau, Germany.
Copyright @ 2001 Universität des Saarlandes, Germany.
Copyright @ 2001-2004 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
 (gdb) target remote mambo:2101
Remote debugging using mambo: 2101
0x0003fe00 in ?? ()
 (gdb) br main
Breakpoint 1 at 0x12960: file solve_matrix.c. line 50.
(gdb) c
Continuing.
Breakpoint 1, main (speid=Variable "speid" is not available.
) at solve_matrix.c:50 (gdb) [

▲ Breakpoint 1, main (speid=Variable "speid" is not available.
```

Gathering Clues

- What are the symptoms?
- How do you reproduce the problem
 - Easy, 100% reproducible?
 - Only happens once in a blue moon?
 - Special hw or sw involved?
- What sw versions?
- What else is going on in the system?



Printk



- Easy to use
 - Sprinkle around code while debugging
 - Print interesting information
 - current values of interesting variables
 - on entry/exit of interesting routines
 - Recompile/relink/test is fast now-a-days
- Don't forget to remove when done
 - Linux community frowns on noisy drivers

Printk



- printk(KERN_INFO "chainlink=%d\n", chain);
 - KERN_EMERG, KERN_ALERT, KERN_CRIT,
 KERN_ERR, KERN_WARNING, KERN_NOTICE,
 KERN_INFO, KERN_DEBUG
- tail -f /var/log/messages
 - filtered by kernel param "loglevel=n"
 - See linuxsrc>/Documentation/kernel-parameters.txt
 - saved on disk
- dmesg
 - not filtered, all msgs show up
 - not saved on disk

Printk takes time

- Buffered data not saved before crash
- Print slows time-sensitive operations
 - Use "global" status variables, counters, print later
- Print too much on loops
 - Print only every 100th time

pr_info() and friends

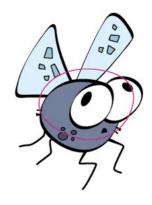
- Friendly wrappers around printk
- Annotates and stamps who printed the message
- Can be compiled out based on debug levels
- Makes printk more portable

trace_printk()

- Part of the ftrace function-tracer framework
- Unbuffered, has much less impact to performance/timing
- More desirable to use during interrupts
- Can be enabled/disabled on the fly

WARN, BUG

- Code warnings
 - BUG(), BUG_ON(expr)
 - WARN(), WARN_ON(expr), WARN_ONCE()
 - http://lxr.free-electrons.com/source/drivers/net/e1000/e1000_main.c#L551
- BUG stops the kernel thread
- Both produce stack dump output



Objdump -S -d ece_foobar.o

- Decode exact spot of stack dump cause
- Need to compile with '-g' for debug symbols

```
printk(KERN_INFO "%s: cmd=%d\n", __FUNCTION___, cmd);
2c:31 c0
                  xor %eax,%eax
2e:48 c7 c6 00 00 00 00 mov $0x0,%rsi
35:48 c7 c7 00 00 00 00 mov $0x0,%rdi
3c:89 da
                  mov %ebx,%edx
                      callq 43 <timer cb+0x43>
3e:e8 00 00 00 00
  switch (cmd) {
43:83 fb 01
                  cmp $0x1,%ebx
46:74 20
                  je 68 <timer_cb+0x68>
48:7e 36
                  jle 80 <timer cb+0x80>
4a:83 fb 02
                  cmp $0x2,%ebx
4d:eb 01
                       50 <timer cb+0x50>
                  imp
4f: 90
                  nop
                      99 <timer cb+0x99>
50:74 47
                  ie
52:83 fb 03
                  cmp $0x3,%ebx
                       58 <timer_cb+0x58>
55:eb 01
                  jmp
57:90
                  nop
58:74 52
                      ac <timer_cb+0xac>
                  įе
```

Ethtool

ethtool -i: network device info

\$ ethtool -i eth0
driver: e1000

version: 7.3.21-k8-NAPI
firmware-version: N/A
bus-info: 0000:02:01.0

ethtool -S: network statistics



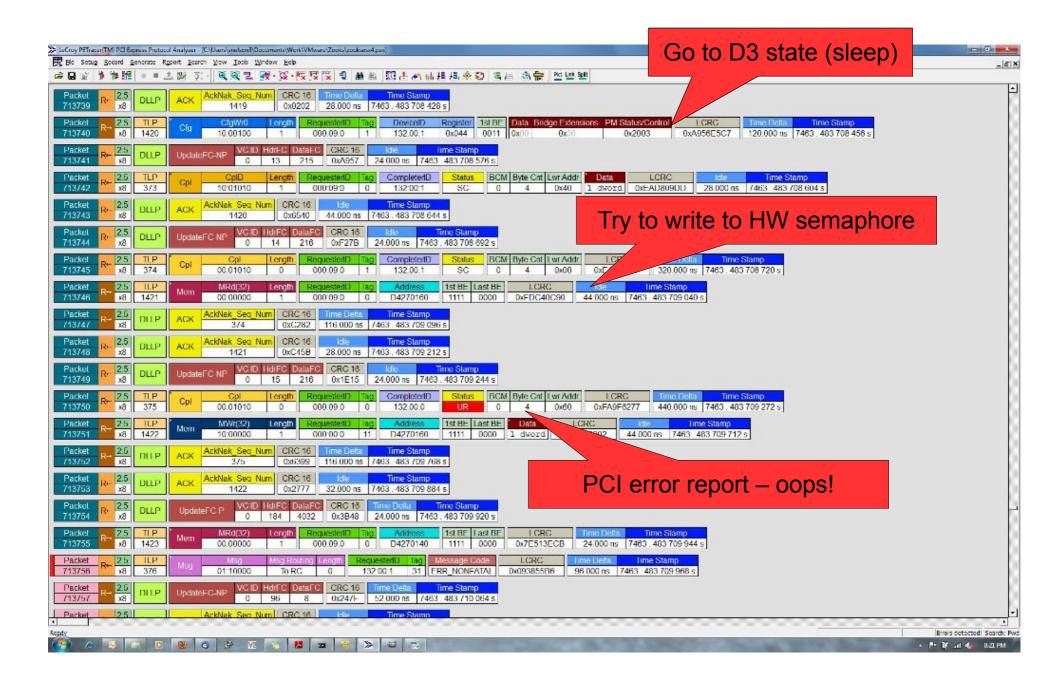
```
$ sudo ethtool -S eth0
NIC statistics:
     rx packets: 1200
     tx packets: 648
     rx bytes: 530648
     tx bytes: 87288
     rx broadcast: 0
     tx broadcast: 0
     rx multicast: 0
     tx multicast: 0
     rx errors: 23
     tx errors: 0
     tx dropped: 0
     multicast: 0
     collisions: 0
     rx length errors: 47
     rx over errors: 0
```

rx crc errors: 35

PCI bus trace

- Hardware to capture PCI data on the bus
 - Case 1: PCI error on initialization
 - Similar network chips, slightly different register sets
 - Code for 82599 was writing to non-existent config registers on 82598, cause "odd" things to happen
 - Case 2: Occasional PCI error on system shutdown
 - Network board put into D3 (sleep) mode
 - Check-status timer expired, tried to read from sleeping board

PCI case 2



kdump

- Kernel crash dump capture facility
- Not straight forward to configure
- Requires deep kernel bits to work
- Target scratch device
- Very similar to core dump

crash

- Used to analyze kdump crashes
- Similar to gdb
- Requires environment to get running



Other

- /proc
 - Interrupts, iomem, ioports,
- watch -d "cmd"
 - Repeats commands, show differences
- Diff from previously working code

Time for a Scooby Snack!

- Lots of tools for sniffing out problems
- Gather data before fixing
- Use repeatable tests
 - First to track the problem...
 - ... then to prove it is fixed
- When stymied
 - take a break, ask for suggestions, read up ...
 - ... and try, try again.



Reading

- Debugging:
 - LDD3, chapter 4
 - ELDD, chapter 21
 - Loose focus on kgdb, kexec, kdump
- Upcoming reading Memory!:
 - Linux Drivers, Chapters 11 and 12
 - LDD3, Chapter 8
 - ELDD, Pages 49 51

