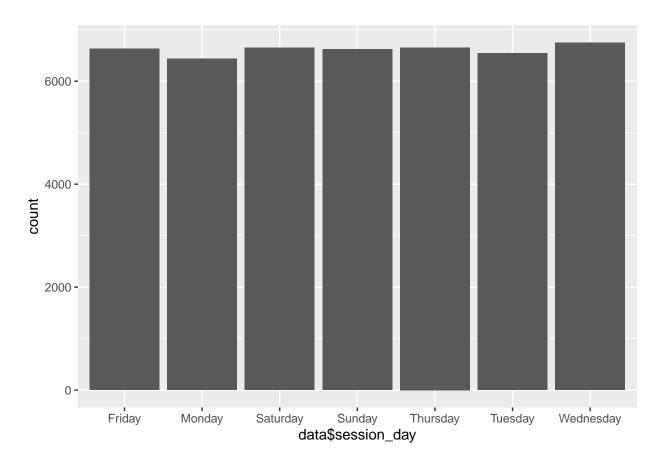
# MidtermPDF

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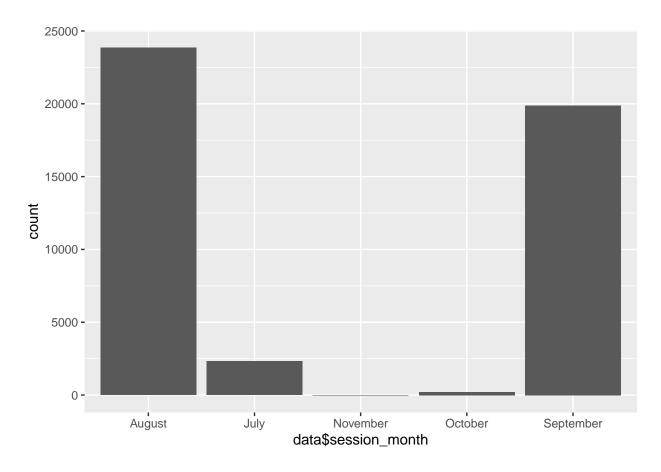
```
library(readxl)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
##
library(glmnet)
## Warning: package 'glmnet' was built under R version 4.1.3
## Loading required package: Matrix
## Loaded glmnet 4.1-4
library(lubridate)
## Warning: package 'lubridate' was built under R version 4.1.3
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
       date, intersect, setdiff, union
##
```

## Warning: Use of 'data\$session\_day' is discouraged. Use 'session\_day' instead.



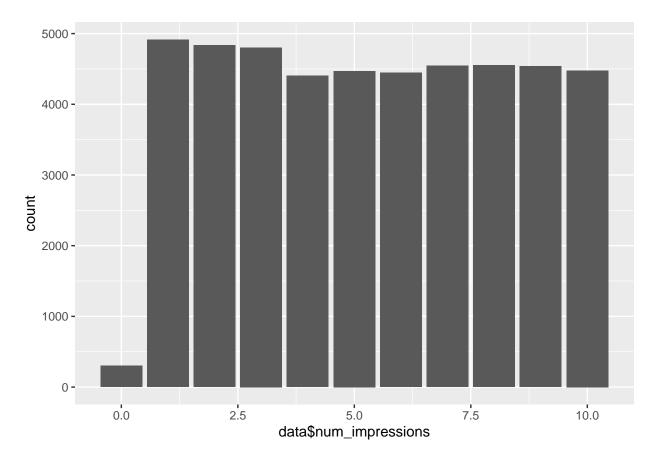
```
ggplot(data = data, aes(data$session_month)) +
  geom_bar()
```

## Warning: Use of 'data\$session\_month' is discouraged. Use 'session\_month'
## instead.



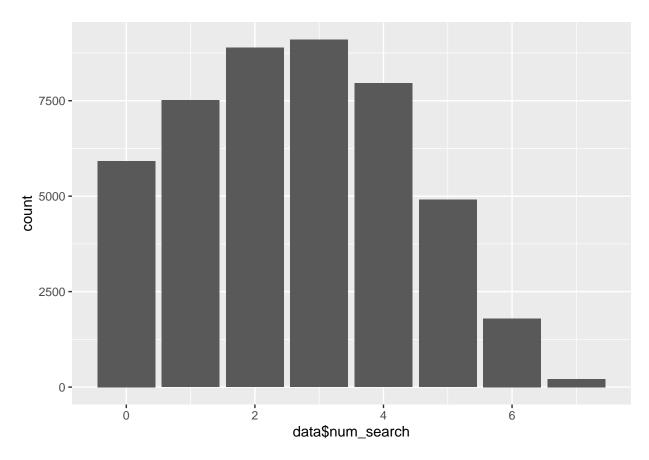
```
ggplot(data = data, aes(data$num_impressions)) +
  geom_bar()
```

## Warning: Use of 'data\$num\_impressions' is discouraged. Use 'num\_impressions'
## instead.



```
ggplot(data = data, aes(data$num_search)) +
  geom_bar()
```

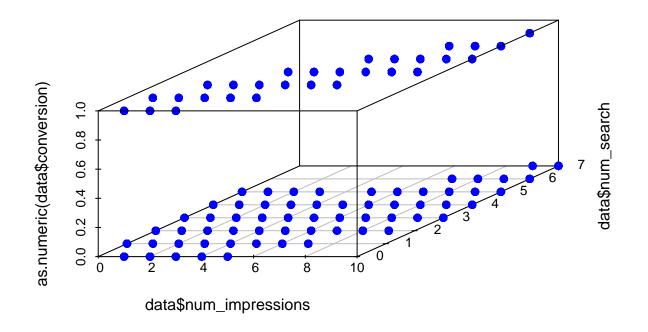
## Warning: Use of 'data\$num\_search' is discouraged. Use 'num\_search' instead.



```
totconversion = data %>% group_by(conversion) %>% summarise(count = n())
howmanysessions = data %>% group_by(user_id) %>% summarise(count = n())
unique(howmanysessions$count)
```

## [1] 3 4 5 6

scatterplot3d(data\$num\_impressions, data\$num\_search, as.numeric(data\$conversion), pch = 19, color = "bl



```
### ADD RANKING FEATURE FOR SEVERAL FEATURES

nexttr = data %>% group_by(user_id) %>% mutate(prevrel = ifelse(rank == 1,0,ifelse(rank == 2, avg_rel
nexttr = nexttr %>% group_by(user_id) %>% mutate(prevsearch = ifelse(rank == 1,0,ifelse(rank == 2, num_nexttr = nexttr %>% group_by(user_id) %>% mutate(prevsearch = ifelse(rank == 1,0,ifelse(rank == 2, num_nexttr = nexttr %>% group_by(user_id) %>% mutate(previmp = ifelse(rank == 1,0,ifelse(rank == 2, num_imp_nexttr = nexttr %>% mutate(b4thisses = (imp2sess - num_impressions))
nexttr = nexttr %>% mutate(searchb4 = (num2ses - num_search))
nexttr$prevrel = as.numeric(nexttr$prevrel)
nexttr$prevrel = as.numeric(nexttr$prevsearch)
nexttr$previmp = as.numeric(nexttr$previmp)
### DROP FEATURES THAT ARE OF NO VALUE AND NOT BEING USED
```

```
use = nexttr[,!(colnames(nexttr)%in% c("session_id","session_dt","user_id","avgrelacross","totsearch","
### Split into train, validation and test

train = use[use$train == TRUE,]

train = train[,!(colnames(train)%in% c("train","score","test"))]

validation = use[use$score == TRUE,]

validation = validation[,!(colnames(validation)%in% c("train","score","test"))]

test = use[use$test == TRUE,]

test = test[,!(colnames(test)%in% c("train","score","test"))]

### CREATE MATRIX FOR FEATURES AND PULL TARGET VARIABLE INTO ITS OWN DATAFRAME

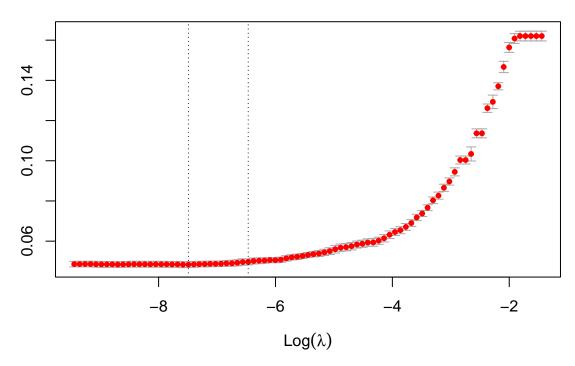
x = model.matrix(conversion ~ ., train)[,-1]

y = as.factor(train$conversion)

### FIT MODEL USING CV AND L1 PENALTY

fit_ridge_cv = cv.glmnet(x, y, alpha = 1,family = "binomial",type.measure = "class")
plot(fit_ridge_cv)
```

# 10 10 10 10 10 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 1 1 1 0



# coef(fit\_ridge\_cv,s = "lambda.min")

```
## 11 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
## (Intercept)
                          -23.87421763
## num_impressions
                            0.29675549
## avg_relevance
                            6.47144354
## num_search
                           -0.21340286
## session_monthJuly
                           -2.14653932
## session_monthNovember
                           -7.42853052
## session_monthOctober
                          -10.23620813
## session_monthSeptember -0.09768519
## rank
                            2.57566389
## imp2sess
                            0.79607007
## num2ses
                           -0.34527211
```

# coef(fit\_ridge\_cv,s = "lambda.1se")

```
## 11 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"

## s1

## (Intercept) -21.58971152

## num_impressions 0.25822492

## avg_relevance 5.83868398

## num_search -0.19027101
```

```
## session_monthJuly
                           -0.88948354
## session_monthNovember -6.01963371
## session monthOctober
                           -8.09907818
## session_monthSeptember -0.03401194
## rank
                            2.25039755
## imp2sess
                            0.69466985
## num2ses
                           -0.23339529
### PREDICT AND CHECK FOR ACCURACY TRAIN DATA
xtrain = model.matrix(conversion ~ ., train)[,-1]
ne = data.frame(predict(fit_ridge_cv,xtrain,type = "class", s="lambda.min"))
see = data.frame(train$conversion)
see$pred = ne$lambda.min
table(see$pred,see$train.conversion)
##
##
           FALSE TRUE
##
     FALSE 25571
                   867
     TRUE
             646 4203
### CALCULATE PREDICTION STATISTICS
cm <- table(see$pred, see$train.conversion)</pre>
accuracy <- sum(cm[1], cm[4]) / sum(cm[1:4])
precision \leftarrow cm[4] / sum(cm[4], cm[2])
sensitivity <- cm[4] / sum(cm[4], cm[3])</pre>
fscore <- (2 * (sensitivity * precision))/(sensitivity + precision)
specificity <- cm[1] / sum(cm[1], cm[2])</pre>
accuracy
## [1] 0.9516413
precision
## [1] 0.8667767
sensitivity
## [1] 0.8289941
fscore
## [1] 0.8474645
```

```
specificity
## [1] 0.9753595
### PREDICT AND CHECK ACCURACY
xval = model.matrix(conversion ~ ., validation)[,-1]
ne = data.frame(predict(fit_ridge_cv,xval,type = "class", s="lambda.min"))
see = data.frame(validation$conversion)
see$pred = ne$lambda.min
table(see$pred,see$validation.conversion)
##
##
           FALSE TRUE
     FALSE 12384
##
                   424
##
     TRUE
             186 2006
### CALCULATE PREDICTION STATISTICS
cm <- table(see$pred, see$validation.conversion)</pre>
accuracy <- sum(cm[1], cm[4]) / sum(cm[1:4])
precision \leftarrow cm[4] / sum(cm[4], cm[2])
sensitivity \leftarrow cm[4] / sum(cm[4], cm[3])
fscore <- (2 * (sensitivity * precision))/(sensitivity + precision)</pre>
specificity <- cm[1] / sum(cm[1], cm[2])</pre>
accuracy
## [1] 0.9593333
precision
## [1] 0.915146
sensitivity
## [1] 0.8255144
fscore
## [1] 0.8680225
```

```
specificity
## [1] 0.9852029
### PREDICT AND CHECK ACCURACY ON TEST DATA
xtest = model.matrix(conversion ~ ., test)[,-1]
ne = data.frame(predict(fit_ridge_cv,xtest,type = "class", s="lambda.min"))
see = data.frame(test$conversion)
see$pred = ne$lambda.min
table(see$pred,see$test.conversion)
##
##
           FALSE TRUE
     FALSE 2470 424
##
             100 2006
##
     TRUE
### CALCULATE PREDICTION STATISTICS
cm <- table(see$pred, see$test.conversion)</pre>
accuracy <- sum(cm[1], cm[4]) / sum(cm[1:4])
precision \leftarrow cm[4] / sum(cm[4], cm[2])
sensitivity \leftarrow cm[4] / sum(cm[4], cm[3])
fscore <- (2 * (sensitivity * precision))/(sensitivity + precision)</pre>
specificity <- cm[1] / sum(cm[1], cm[2])</pre>
accuracy
## [1] 0.8952
precision
## [1] 0.9525166
sensitivity
## [1] 0.8255144
fscore
## [1] 0.8844797
```

#### specificity

### ## [1] 0.9610895

```
### COMPARE TO RIDGE REGRESSION
### FIT MODEL USING CV AND L2 PENALTY

use = nexttr[,!(colnames(nexttr)%in% c("session_id","session_dt","user_id"))]

### Split into train, validation and test

train = use[use$train == TRUE,]

train = train[,!(colnames(train)%in% c("train","score","test"))]

validation = use[use$score == TRUE,]

validation = validation[,!(colnames(validation)%in% c("train","score","test"))]

test = use[use$test == TRUE,]

test = test[,!(colnames(test)%in% c("train","score","test"))]

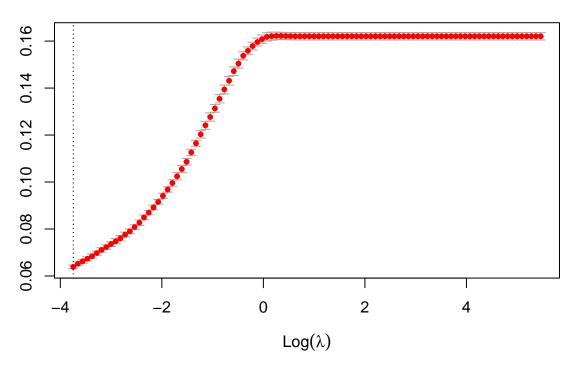
### CREATE MATRIX FOR FEATURES AND PULL TARGET VARIABLE INTO ITS OWN DATAFRAME

x = model.matrix(conversion ~ ., train)[,-1]

y = as.factor(train$conversion)

fit_ridge_cv = cv.glmnet(x, y, alpha = 0,family = "binomial",type.measure = "class")
plot(fit_ridge_cv)
```

# 



### coef(fit\_ridge\_cv,s = "lambda.min")

```
## 22 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
                          -10.711373572
## (Intercept)
## num_impressions
                            0.214240304
## avg_relevance
                            2.710532109
## num search
                           -0.026915621
## session_dayMonday
                           -0.001526865
## session_daySaturday
                            0.035605375
## session_daySunday
                           -0.047022567
## session_dayThursday
                            0.059461677
## session_dayTuesday
                           -0.015620058
## session_dayWednesday
                           -0.008202798
## session_monthJuly
                           -0.674642977
## session_monthNovember
                           -4.776626929
## session_monthOctober
                           -3.670439849
## session_monthSeptember
                           -0.040613281
## rank
                            0.727445438
## imp2sess
                            0.146908669
## num2ses
                            0.081202507
## prevrel
                            0.281116712
## prevsearch
                           -0.053205885
## previmp
                           -0.004763806
## b4thisses
                            0.124708855
## searchb4
                            0.113196483
```

```
coef(fit_ridge_cv,s = "lambda.1se")
## 22 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
## (Intercept)
                         -10.711373572
## num_impressions
                           0.214240304
## avg_relevance
                           2.710532109
## num_search
                           -0.026915621
## session_dayMonday
                         -0.001526865
## session_daySaturday
                           0.035605375
                         -0.047022567
## session daySunday
## session_dayThursday 0.059461677
## session_dayTuesday -0.015620058
## session_dayWednesday
                           -0.008202798
## session_monthJuly
                           -0.674642977
## session_monthNovember
                           -4.776626929
## session_monthOctober
                           -3.670439849
## session_monthSeptember -0.040613281
## rank
                            0.727445438
## imp2sess
                           0.146908669
## num2ses
                          0.081202507
                           0.281116712
## prevrel
                          -0.053205885
## prevsearch
## previmp
                          -0.004763806
## b4thisses
                            0.124708855
## searchb4
                            0.113196483
### PREDICT AND CHECK FOR ACCURACY TEST DATA
xtest = model.matrix(conversion ~ ., test)[,-1]
ne = data.frame(predict(fit_ridge_cv,xtest,type = "class", s="lambda.min"))
see = data.frame(test$conversion)
see$pred = ne$lambda.min
table(see$pred,see$test.conversion)
##
##
           FALSE TRUE
##
     FALSE 2515 722
##
     TRUE
              55 1708
### CALCULATE PREDICTION STATISTICS
cm <- table(see$pred, see$test.conversion)</pre>
accuracy <- sum(cm[1], cm[4]) / sum(cm[1:4])
precision \leftarrow cm[4] / sum(cm[4], cm[2])
sensitivity \leftarrow cm[4] / sum(cm[4], cm[3])
fscore <- (2 * (sensitivity * precision))/(sensitivity + precision)
```

```
specificity <- cm[1] / sum(cm[1], cm[2])
accuracy
## [1] 0.8446</pre>
```

## [1] 0.9688032

sensitivity

precision

## [1] 0.7028807

fscore

## [1] 0.8146912

specificity

## [1] 0.9785992