# IBONG TIRIRIT (MDSP 4)

Chuck used on turret lathe is

A. collet chuck

B. four jaw self centering chuck

C. Magnetic Chuck

D. Three jaw independent chuck

Answer: D

Angle plate is used for

A. cutting gears in a shaper

B. cutting gears in a milling

C. cutting tapers in a lathe

D. fixing job cut angles is grinder

Answer: A

For machining the flange of 90 elbow on a lathe, which of the following device is used?

A. Angle plate

B. Catch Plate

C. Face Plate

D. Lathe plate

Answer: C

Angle Plate is used for

A. cutting gears in a shaper

B. cutting gears in a milling

C. cutting tapers in a lathe

D. fixing job cut angles is a grinder

Answer A

A sine bar can not be used without a/ an

A. angle gage

B. micrometerC. slip gageD. vernier caliper

Answer: A

The operation of finishing a drilled hole to the correct size is known as

A. counting boring

B. counter sinking

C. reaming

D. spot facing

Answer: C

Carbon steel drill should be operated at A. speed less than that when using a high speed drill

B. speed greater than that when using a high speed drill

C. the different speed as that when using high speed drill

D. the same speed as that when using a high speed drill

Answer: B

When cutting material in a lathe, the harder the material being cut, the tool bit should have

A. less side rake

B. more side rake

C. more top rake

D. no side rake

Answer: A

On xx heavy pipe the extra metal is added in

A. outside

B. inside

C. half on the inside, half on the outside

D. three quarters on the outside, one quarter

on the inside

Answer: B

Valve seats are usually:

A. screwed in

B. dropped in

C. pressure in

D. A or C

Answer: D

When grinding in valves the disc is secured to the stem by:

A. inserting a cotter pin

B. placing emery cloth between stem and disc

C. welding

D. A or B

Answer: D

A fresh-water tank is located at the top. What will the pressure on it outlet in the engine room 50' below the tank?

A. 20 psi

B. 21.7 psi

C. 23 psi

D. 25 psi

Answer: B

In a duplex reciprocating pump:

A. the slide valve for the one cylinder is controlled in the piston of the other cylinder B.both slide valves operate simultaneously C. each slide valve is controlled by its own piston rod

D. one slide valve operates the other slide valve

Answer: A

The jerky operation of a reciprocating pump may be caused by

A. small leaks in the suction line

B. suction valve only partially open

C. dirty suction valve

D. any of the above

Answer: D

It is used in the production of the flat surface on pieces two large or too heavy to hold in a shaper.

- A. Grinder
- B. Planer
- C. Shaper
- D. Shaver

#### Answer: B

A machine tool used to produce a variety of surface of surfaces by using a circular type cutter with multiple teeth called

- A. broaching machine
- B. grinding
- C. lathe machine
- D. milling machine

#### Answer D

Cutting tool used to finish internal and external surfaces by the use of cutter called a broach, which has a series of cutting edges of teeth.

- A. Broaching machine
- B. Lathe machine
- C. Planer
- D. Shaper

#### Answer: A

Group of thin steel strips used for measuring clearances.

- A. Tachometer
- B. Micrometer
- C. Feeler gage
- D. Caliper

#### Answer C

Bind of chuck, which should not be used where accuracy desired called

- A. collet chuck
- B. four jaw shuck
- C. magnetic chuck
- D. universal chuck

#### Answer D

The process used to retard compression trust on iron pipe and fitting is called:

- A. timming
- B. soldering
- C. galvanizing
- D. sulphurizing

## Answer: C

The system used for breaking scale from the evaporator coils while the evaporator is in operation is called:

- A. recirculating
- B. blowing-down
- C. cracking-off
- D. dumping

## Answer: C

The coils in the evaporator are attached to the headers by:

- A. pipe nipples
- B. union type fitting
- C. welding
- D. bolted flanges

#### Answers: B

When distilling salt water the cooling - water discharge from the distiller is fed back to the evaporator as feedwater:

- ${\tt A.}$  to cut down on the amount of cooling water needed
- $\ensuremath{\mathtt{C}}.$  to supply hot water to the evaporator for more economical operation
- D. none of the above

#### Answer: C

An "offset" in pipe fitting refers to:

- A. a cut-off running at right angles to the original piping  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right)$
- B. two pipes running parallel to each other
- C. a bend in the pipe
- D. two sizes of pipe in the same run

## Answer: C

If a piston-type flush valve is not operating properly, the most likely cause would be:

- A. a plugged by pass hole
- B. a cracked diaphragm
- C. a stuck pilot valve
- D. any of the above

## Answer: A

Before installing a new flange gasket be sure that the:

- A. flange faces are painted
- B. isolating valves are open
- C. flange faces are absolutely clean
- D. old gasket is in place

#### Answer: C

What is a standard wire gage:

- A. #10 larger
- B. #25 is smaller than #20
- C. # 1 is smaller than # 2
- D. # 30 is larger than # 25

## Answer: B

Which of the following tools would be most useful when taking leads on bearings

- A. dividers
- B. outside calipers
- C. micrometer
- D. center gage

The wrench size for a ¼" nut is:

A. 1-1/4.

B. 1-1/2

C. 3/4

D. 10/24

Answer: A

Which of the following would cause hot bearings?

A. improper oil

B. dirt in oil

C. improper alignment

D. all of the above

Answer: D

Melting point of Babbit is approximately:

A. 1000 deg. F

B. 650 deg. F

C. 750 deg. F

D. 500 deg. F

Answer: B

What is pouring Babbit in:

A.can be poured in several pourings

B. must be poured all at one time

C. can be done at intervals

D. must be done in cool place

Answer: B

A machine tool, which is very similar to a shaper except the ram reciprocals vertically rather that horizontally

A. Lathe

B. Grinder

C. Planer

D. Slotter

Answer D

The operation of machining the end of a work piece to make a square with the axis.

A. Buffing

B. Honing

C. Lapping

D. Squaring

Answer: D

The operation of enlarging a hole by means of an adjustable cutting tool with only one cutting edge.

A. Boring

B. Broaching

C. Drilling

D. Milling

Answer: A

It is used to true and align machine tools fixtures and works is at and inspect size trueness of finished work, and to compare measurements either heights or depths or many other measurements.

A. Dial Gage

B. Dial Indicator

C. Tachometer

D. Speedometer

Answer: B

A tool used for measuring diameters.

A. Caliper

B. Manometer

C. Tachometer

D. Pyrometer

Answer: A

A process of forming metals by the use of dies after the metal is forced to its plastic range.

A. Casting

B. Forging

C. Rolling

D. Turning

Answer: C

Which of the following does not have to be lubricated when drilling?

A. Steel

B. Brass

C. Monel

D. Tool Steel

Answer: B

The tool to use when cutting a hole in the side of a round piece of metal is called a:

A. vine

B. jaw holder

C. "V" block

D. chuck

Answer: C

When measuring a drill for size measure across the:

A. margin

B. flutes

C. shank

D. point

Answer: A

N.C. stands for:

A. neutral cut

B. national coarse

C. national cut

D. not center

Answers: B

N.F. stands for:

A. national file

B. national fine

C. neutral file

D. not found

Answer: B

The tool used in precision work to smooth or enlarge holes is called a:

- A. round out
- B. drift pin
- C. reamer
- D. protractor

Answer: C

Which of the following chisels would be used for cutting oil grooves?

- A. diamond-point chisel
- B. cold chisel
- C. round-nose chisel
- D. hot chisel

Answer: C

A mechanism, which usually does the indexing in a machine tool is called:

- A. dividing head
- B. indexing
- C. slotter
- D. universal chuck

Answer: A

Recommended best cutting angle of drill for work on steel or cast iron is \_\_\_\_\_ degrees

- A. 48
- B. 50
- C. 59
- D. 63

Answer: C

What is the common shop practice to prevent soldering from running away from surface to be joined?

- A. All of these
- B. Introduce around the work rolled wet cloth
- C. Put asbestos sheeting around the work
- D. Surround the work with clay

Answer: A

A machinery operation where by done with the work accurately fastened has a reciprocating motion and the tool head is stationary is called:

- A. planning
- B. reaming
- C. shaping
- D. turning

Answer: A

What is the difference between the shaper and a planer?

- A. The shaper can perform slotting operation while the planer cannot
- B. The shaper handles large pieces while the planer handles only small pieces
- C. The tool of the shaper moves while the planer is stationary  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{S}}$
- D. The tool of the shaper moves in

reciprocating motion while the tool in the

planer moves in rotary motion.

Answer: C

Test sometimes referred to as upsetting test called  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{called}}$ 

- A. bend
- B. crush
- C. flange
- D. flaring

Answer: A

Valve stem packing is measured from thin:

- A. O. D. of the valve stem to the bottom of the packing gland  $\,$
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{B}}.$  Top of the packing gland to the bottom of the gland
- C. O. D. of the valve stem to the I. D. of the packing box
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{D.}}$  I. D. of the valve stem to the to the bottom of the gland

Answer: C

Tool used to cut threads on pipe is called a:

- A. pipe tool
- B. pipe stock
- C. pipe vise
- D. pipe cutter

Answer: B

The pipe fitting which has two opening and provides a turn of 90 deg. Is called:

- A. an elbow
- B. a toe
- C. a coupling
- D. a union

Answer: A

A plug cock offers:

- A. more resistance to flow than a globe valve
- B. the same resistance to flow as a globe valve
- C. less resistance to flow than a globe valve
- D. the same resistance to flow as a angle valve

Answer: C

The most common flux to use when soldering brass, copper or tin is:

- A. hallow
- B. rosin
- C. borax
- D. salt ammonia

Answers: B

One turn of the screw on a micrometer moves the spindle:

- A. .25
- B. .205
- C. .0205

D. .2005

Answer: C

The process used to retard corrosion on iron pipe is called:

A. soldering

B. annealing

C. tempering

D. galvanizing

Answer: D

Which of the following tools does not belong to the group?.

A. Divides

B. Double VEE block

C. Caliper

D. Trammel

Answer: B

In machine shop had forging operation of lengthening a piece of stock while reducing the cross-sectional area of work is called:

A. bloating

B. draining

C. spreading

D. upsetting

Answer: D

Which of the following services is not considered to be a work of a machinist?

A. grinding

B. Honing

C. Overhauling

D. Reboring

Answer: C

Common defects encountered in the foundry shop steel  $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1\right$ 

casting operation and also in welding practices

A. Blow / pin holes

B. Cold shot

C. Cracks

D. Parting line

Answers: A

Lathe operator to remove the taper shank from the taper hole drift. It is also called:

A. chuck taper

B. Morse taper

C. tapered key

D. tong

Answer: B

Before drilling a hole in a piece of metal, It should be

A. mark with chalk

B. center-punch

C. scribed

D. protracted

Answer B

A tap or die marked 1/4-20 indicates:

A. ¼ radius - 20 cm. long

B. ¼ radian - 20 threads per in.

C. ¼ diameter - 20 threads per in.

D.  $\frac{1}{4}$  turn - 20 times

Answer: C

After a piece of piece of pipe has been cut, the hole is cleaned out with a:

A. piper reamer

B. pipe cleaner

C. pipe taper

D. hole cleaner

Answer: A

The tool used for cutting pipe threads is called a:

A. pipe cutter

B. pipe stock and die

C. pipe threader

D. pipe ratcher cutter

Answer: B

The tool used when working with larger sizes of pipe is called a:

A. chain pipe wrench

B. chain tongs

C. chain holder

D. A or B

Answer: D

The tool used when preparing to put fittings on copper tubing is called a:

A. tube spreader

B. flaring tool

C. tube retarder

D. tube countersink

Answer: B

Which of the following is not a standard thread form?

A. Square

B. American national

C. Double Flute

D. 60 deg. Sharp V

Answer: C

When turning a piece of round metal in a lathe, the front clearance should be smaller for:

A. large-diameter cutting

B. small-diameter cutting

C. cutting angles

D. none of the above

Answer: B

When cutting material in a lathe, the harder the material being cut, the tool bit should have:

A. more side rake

B. less side rake

C. more top rake

D. no side rake

Answer: B

Knurling is done to:

A. smooth material

B. polish material

C. roughen material

D. sharpen material

Answer: C

Removing the sharp edges from a piece of stock is reffered to as:

A. knurling

B. chamfering

C. planning

D. turning

Answer: B

Carbon steel drills should be operated at:

A. speeds greater than that when using a high-speed drill

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{B}}.$  speeds less than that when using a high-speed drill

 $\ensuremath{\text{C.}}$  the same speed as that when using a high-speed drill

D. none of the above

Answer: B

When extreme outer corners of the cutting edges of a drill was away too rapidly, it is an indication of:

A. not enough speed

B. too much rake angle

C. too high speed

D. B or C

Answer: D

It is an operation of stretching or spreading over the metal by means of the plane of the hammer.

A. Bending

B. Peening

C. Swaging

D. Upsetting

Answer: B

The good quality of a measuring tool

A. should be easy to handle

B. should be easy to read

C. should be wear resistance

D. all of the above

Answer: D

The flatness of surface can be checked

A. by using straight edge

B. by using surface plate

C. by using dial test indicator

D. all of the above

Answer: D

A holding device which is used to hold or grip work piece, while filling, chipping or any other bench work or while machining or drilling them

A. clamp

B. grid

C. pressed

D. vise

Answer: D

A multi pointed hand anything tool used to removed material from metallic and nonmetallic work pieces to match with drawing, shape and size.

A. Cold chisel

B. File

C. Hacksaw

D. Hammer

Answer: B

A side-cutting tool used for accurately finishing the straight or tapered holes already drilled or bored.

A. Peering

B. Reamer

C. Swaging

D. Tapping

Answer: B

If the angle on a drill is less than 59 deg.:

A. the drill will make a large hole

B. the drill will make a smaller hole

C. the hole will take longer to drill and more power is required to drive the drill  ${\ }^{\circ}$ 

D. the drill will not center properly

Answer: C

Soda added to water is used for cooling instead of plain water because:

A. it reduces the amount of heat generated

B. it improves the finish

C. it overcome rusting

D. all of the above

Answer: D

If a drill speed is too great, it will:

A. cut faster

B. lose its temper

C. cut slower

D. not cut

Answer: B

The lip clearance of a drill should be approximately:

A. 20 deg. - 25 deg.

B. 5 deg. - 10 deg.

C. 12 deg. - 15 deg.

D. 15 deg. - 20 deg.

Answer: C

If the cutting edges of a drill are cut at different angles:

A. the drill will not cut

B. the hole will be larger than the drill

C. the hole will be smaller than the drill

D. none of the above

Answer: B

The correct cutting angle on a drill for ordinary work is:

A. 45 deg.

B. 50 deg.

C. 59 deg.

D. 65 deg.

Answer: C

Which of the following gives greater hardness, cutting toughness and dine grain structure?

A. Chromium

B. Nickel

C. Tungsten

D. Vanadium

Answer: A

It is a process to impact maximum hardness to the steel part.

A. Annealing

B. Hardening

C. Normalizing

D. Tempering

Answer: B

The size by which it is referred to as a matter of convenience called:

A. actual size

B. basic size

C. effective size

D. nominal size

Answer: D

The relation between two mating parts with reference to ease the assembly is called

A. allowance

B. clearance

C. tolerance

D. fits

Answer: D

It is an operation of finishing cylindrical surfaces to a fine degree of accuracy buy means of abrasive sticks. A. Honing

B. Lapping

C. Planing

D. Shaping

Answer: A

It is device, which hold the job in position and guide the cutting tool.

A. clamp

B. grip

C. jig

D. vise

Answer: C

In referring to threads, "pitch" is:

A. the distance of the full length of the thread

B. the distance from a point on one thread to a corresponding point on the next thread measured parallel to the axis

C. the distance from the top of one thread to the bottom of the next thread  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{T}}$ 

D. the distance from the bottom of a head on a bolt to the first thread  $\,$ 

Answer: B

A tool bit for cutting an American National thread should be ground with a:

A. 45 deg. angle

B. 90 deg. angle

C. 60 deg. angle

D. 30 deg. angle

Answer: C

An approximate safe rule for cutting new piston rings for steam pumps is to make the ring:

A. .002" between piston and cylindrical for each inch diameter of piston

B. .001" between piston and cylinder for each inch diameter  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) ^{2}$ 

 $\ensuremath{\text{C.}}$  .010 between piston and cylinder for each inch diameter of piston

D. .0001" between piston and cylinder for each inch diameter of piston  $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,n\right\}$ 

Answer: B

An approximate safe rule for cutting new piston rings for steam pumps is to make the ring:

A. 1/32" larger in diameter per inch diameter of cylinder

B. 1/16" larger in diameter than that of the cylinder

C. 1/16" larger in diameter per inch diameter of cylinder

D. .005" larger in diameter per inch diameter of cylinder  $\,$ 

The gap clearance for new piston rings for steam pumps should be approximately:

A. .003" for each inch diameter of cylinder

- B. .001" for each inch diameter of cylinder
- C. .010" for each inch diameter of cylinder
- D. .050" for each inch diameter of cylinder

Answer: A

What does 3/8 - 16 mean to you?

- A. 16 pieces, 3/8 " long
- B. gear with 16 teeth and a 3/8" arbor hole
- C. 3/8" square, 16" long
  D. 3/8" diameter. 16 threads per inch

Answer: D

When using a drill press the work should be held with:

- A. the hand
- B. a gloved hand
- C. a vise or clamp
- D. pliers

Answer: C

Tapered shanks are used on large drfill presses so that:

- A. the drill can be centered more easily
- B. the drill can be easily forced out of the sleeve with a drift
- C. the shank will not turn when cutting
- D. the shank can be reground when worn

Answer: B

Which of the following is not a common drill shank?

- A. straight
- B. taper
- C. fluted
- D. bit

Answer: C

The cutting angle on a drill for drilling mild steel should be:

- A. 39 deg.
- B. 49 deg.
- C. 59 deg.
- D. 69 deg.

Answer: C

A device used to fix two or more parts.

- A. clamp
- B. fastener
- C. fixtures
- D. jigs

Answer: B

A machine element inserted parallel to the axis of a shaft.

- A. cutter
- B. fastener

- C. key
- D. reamer

Answer: C

A machine element inserted at right angle to the axis of shaft is known as

- A. clamp
- B. cutter
- C. fastener
- D. key

Answer: B

The process of extracting iron in a blast furnace is called

- A. casting
- B. manufacturing
- C. smelting
- D. sintering

Answer: C

Which of the following is a product of blast furnace?

- A. cast iron
- B. gray iron
- C. pig iron
- D. wrought iron

Answer: C

A product of paddling furnace which contains less than 0.104 carbon, is called

- A. cast iron
- B. gray cast iron
- C. pig iron
- D. wrought iron

Answer: D

Which of the following is a property of wrought iron?

- A. brittle
- B. can not be forged
- C. can be easily cast into different shapes
- D. ductile

Answer: D

A piece of stock 8'' long is 4" diameter on one end and 1" diameter on the other end. The taper per foot is:

- A. 4"
- B. 4 1/2"
- C. 4 1/4"
- D. 4 1/16"

Answer: B

A piece of stock 8" long is 3" diameter at ine end and 1 -  $\frac{1}{2}$ " diameter at the other end. The taper per inch is:

- A. ½"
- B. ¼"
- C. 3/16"
- D. 5/16"

Answer: C

A piece of stock 6" long is 2" diameter at one end and is cut with a taper of %" to the foot. The diameter of the smaller end will be:

A.  $1 - \frac{1}{2}$ '
B.  $1 - \frac{3}{4}$ '
C.  $1 - \frac{1}{4}$ '
D. 2"

Answer: B

If a piston ring is to be made 1/64" larger in diameter per inch diameter of the cylinder which it is to fit, the required diameter for a piston ring to fit an 8" cylinder will be:

A.  $8 - \frac{1}{4}$ "
B.  $8 - \frac{1}{8}$ "
C.  $8 - \frac{3}{16}$ "
D.  $8 - \frac{5}{32}$ "

Answer: B

When cutting. A drill will "squeal" due to:

A. drill being ground improperly

B. drill being too hot

C. insufficient lubrication

D. any of the above

Answer: D

"Center drilling" is the operation of:

A. drilling a center in an odd-shaped piece of metal

B. drilling and countersinking with one tool C. centering with one tool and drilling with another

D. drilling a center in a piece of stock in a drill press  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$ 

Answer: B

The type and number of bearings to be used for spindles of machine tool depend on

A. type of spindle
B. type of machine tool

C. load on the ring

C. load on the ring

D. load on the bearing

Answer: D

Which of the following has its angle 30 and is used for dotting after marking the lines on general works?

A. center punch

B. dot punch

C. hollow punch

D. prick punch

Answer: D

Which of the following has its angle 60 and is used for dotting after marking the lines on general works?

A. center punch

B. dot punch

C. hollow punch

D. prick punch

Answer: B

Which of the following has its angle 90 and is used to give deep marks for the location of drill?

A. center punch

B. dot punch

C. hollow punch

D. prick punch

Answer: A

It is used on soft metals and non-metals for making holes.

A. center punch

B. dot punch

C. hollow punch

D. prick punch

Answer: C

Reason why cast iron selected for the manufacture of surface of surface plate

A. it is cheaper

B. it is easy for machinery

C. it has less wear and tear

D. all of the above

Answer: D

The common measuring tools are

A. micrometer

B. steel rule

C. vernier caliper

D. all of the above

Answer: D

Which of the following is not a kind of mandrel?

A. contraction

B. expanded

C. extended

D. taper

Answer: A

A. blanking

B. broaching

C. dinking

D. slitting

Answer: A

Safety features that must be placed and maintained at machine, black smith welding and foundry shops called

A. safety goggles

B. safety notices

C. safety notices in markers / boards

D. walkway shops

In cutting tool the cutting end can also be generally called

- A. back rake
- B. end cutting edge
- C. nose
- D. side rake

Answers: C

A machine shop equipment that can flatter horizontally, vertically or angular plane called

- A. drill machine
- B. power saw
- C. shaper machine
- D. welding machine

Answer: C

Which of the following is an unsafe condition in operating a lathe machine?

- A. operating with safety gloves
- B. wearing a canvass apron
- C. wearing denim pants / safety shoes
- D. wearing safety goggles / hearing aid

Answer: B

The instrument used to remove old packing from packing glands and stuffing boxes are called:

- A. packing tools
- B. packing bits
- C. gland box cleaners
- D. packing screws

Answer: A

When working on bearing and checking for high spots, it is customary to apply:

- A. white lead
- B. red lead
- C. dykem blue
- D. Prussian blue

Answer: D

If you wanted to check the face of a pump slide valve or other flat -face valve, you would check for trueness on a:

- A. flat board
- B. surface plate
- C. piece of glass
- D. bearing plate

Answer: B

To keep a metal clean while soldering, one would use a:

- A. flax
- B. torch
- C. flux
- D. insulated

Answer: C

Before splicing electric wires, they should be:

- A. tinned
- B. cleaned and tinned
- C. soldered
- D. insulated

Answer: B

To check the speed of a motor or other rotary machine, one wold  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left$ 

- A. speed indicator
- B. micrometer
- C. tachometer
- D. A or C

Answer: D

It is the best instrument for measuring a thousandth of an inch

- A. Caliper
- B. Micrometer
- C. Pyrometer
- D. Tachometer

Answer: B

What tool will be used in making wood pattern in the foundry shop?

- A. Sand saw
- B. Drill machine
- C. Hammer
- D. Saw and chisel

Answer: D

Machine tool used for laying straight lines on metal surfaces made of sharp tool steel is called

- A. divider
- B. hermaphrodite caliper
- C. plain scriber
- D. trammel

Answer: C

A lathe machine threading mechanism is called

- A. anvil
- B. changed stud gear
- C. reverse gear and lever
- D. spindle gear

Answer: D

Which of the following is not used to resemble the shape of tool bit?

- A. center cut
- B. round nose
- C. square nose
- D. thread cutting

Answer: A

A lathe with multiple cutting stations called:

- A. engine lathe
- B. manual lathe

C. semi-manual lathe

D. turret lathe

Answer: D

Device used to measure accurately speed called

A. dial gage

B. dial indicator

C. speedometer

D. tachometer

Answer: D

A pipe wrench (Stilleon) is designed for use on:

A. hexagonal objects

B. round objects

C. square objects

D. flat objects

Answer: B

Pipe is measured by:

A. inside diameter

B. outside diameter

C. thickness of wall

D. wire gage

Answer: A

Tubing is measured by:

A. inside diameter

B. outside diameter

C. thickness of wall

D. wire gage

Answer: B

"Water Hammer" is caused by:

A. hitting water pipe with hammer

B. too much water in pipe system

 ${\tt C.}$  water in steam line

D. steam in water line

Answer: C

Insulation is used on piping to:

A. held in heat

B. held in cold

C. cut down heat losses

D. steam in water line

Answer: C

It is a machine used for the testing of very thin steel or surface layers.

A. Charpy test

B. Description test

C. Izod test

D. Rockwell test

Answer: D

It is a test for pipe used for coiling in sizes 2 inches.

A. bend

B. crush

C. flange

D. flaring

Answer: A

Milling machine accessories are used to hold milling cutter in the milling machine called:

A. milling machine arbors

B. milling machine size

C. spindle - nose tooling

D. vertical milling attachment

Answer: A

An important accessories of milling machine.

A. cutters

B. milling machine vise

C. ram

D. vertical milling attachment

Answer: A

The machine, which can flatter surface on horizontal, vertical or angular plane.

A. drilling machine

B. lathe machine

C. power saw

D. shaper machine

Answer: D

Which of the following is not part on a lathe

machine?
A. carriage

B.fan

C. headstock

D. tail stock

Answer: B

Which tools does not belong to the group?

A. adjustable wrench

B. feeler gage

C. torque wrench

D. vice grip

Answer: B

The tool used to cut threads in a hole is

called a:

A. top B. tap

C. bit

D. reamer

Answer: B

Hand taps are provided in sets of three called:

A. taper, plug and end

B. short, taper and bottom

C. taper, plug and bottom

D. short, medium and long

Which of the following taps should be used to Answer: C start a thread? A. plug The usual value of helix angle of a drill is: B. short C. bottom B. 60\* C. 110\* D. taper D. 120\* Answer: D Answer: A When preparing to tap a hole, the size of the The helix angle on a high-speed steel twist drill will be: A. equal to the size of the tap drill for drilling cast iron if of the order B. larger than the size of the tap A. 12-22 C. smaller than the size of the tap B. 24-32 D. none of the above C. 35-40 Answer: C D. 40-45 Pipe taps are: Answer: B A. the same size from end to end B. not fluted Wiping is the process of C. tapered D. not hardened A. applying flux during welding process B. cleaning the welded surface after the welding operation is over Answer: C C. connecting load pipes by soldering alloy When preparing to tap a hole for a pipe D. low temperature welding fitting the size of the drill will be: Answer: C A. larger than the tap size B. equal to the size of the tap C. smaller than the tap size Which of the following is not a cut of file? D. none of the above A. smooth B. second cut Answer: A C. half-round D. bastard A machine tool used to out metal parts a lift, medium and large section using a reciprocating Answers: C hacksaw blade. A. planer The tool used for cleaning files is called a: B.power saw A. file cleaner C. shaper B. file card D. tool grinder C. file oilstone D. scraper Answer: B Answer: B A cold chisel is made of A. cast iron Which of the following is the smallest size B.german silver drill? C. high carbon silver A. # 80 B. # 60

D. high speed steel

Answer: C

Trimming is a process associated with

A. electroplating

B.forging

C. machining of metals

D. press work

Answer: B

A twist drill is specified by

A. its diameter and lip angle

B. it shank and diameter

C. shank, material and diameter

D. shank, material and flute size

Answer: C

C. # 1 D. # 0

drill? A. A

B. X

C. Z D. XX

Answer: A

The size of drill is stamped on the:

Which of the following is the largest size

A. point

B. shank

C. margin

D. flute

Answer: B

Which of the following safety precautions should be followed when pouring Babbitt?

A. operator must wear goggles

B. the surface to be babbitted must be free of moisture

C. the surface to be babbitted must be clean

D. all of the above

Answer: D

Which of the following safety precaution should be followed when renewing a flange gasket?

A. drain the line thoroughly

B. isolate the section to be worked on

C. tie down isolation valves

D. all of the above

Answer: D

Brazing requires:

A. hard solder

B. soft solder

C. more heat

D. A and C

Answer: D

Lead is used in solder because:

A. it has a high melting point

B. it has a low melting point

C. it is cheap

 ${\tt D. \ B \ and \ C}$ 

Answer: D

The name of the taper shank used on drills is:

A. Miller

B. Morse

C. Starret

D. Stanley

Answer: B

The higher the melting point of the solder, the:

A. weaker the solder joint

B. softer the solder joint

C. stronger the solder joint

D. harder the solder joint

Answer: C

Which of the following is not part of the headstock?

A. Anvil

B. Back pressure

C. Motor

D. Spindle

Answer: A

A machining operation whereby the tool reciprocates and the feed is stationary.

A. Planing

B. Reaming

C. Shaping

D. Turning

Answer: C

The kind of center, which is being attached and meshed to he tailstock spindle, which is also static while the work, is rotating is know as:

A. dead center

B. focal center

C. live center

D. work center

Answer: A

A machine tool in which an abrasive wheel is used as a cutting tool to obtain a very smooth finish.

A. Broaching machine

B. Milling Machine

C. Planer

D. Tool Grinder

Answer: D

A machine too used principally to machine flat or plane surfaces with a single pointed tool.

A. Drill

B. Planer

C. Power Saw

D. Shaper

Answer: D

A tool with hardened steel point used for scribing or laying of distances.

A. Divider

B. Hermaphrodite

C. Plain scriber

D. Trammel

Answer: A

The cylinder of piston type steam engine are counterbored to:

A. give a larger head clearance

B. prevent piston rings from wearing a groove

in the cylinder at the end of the stroke

C. give a larger volumetric clearance

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{D}}.$  prevent piston rings from slipping on the piston

Answer: B

When installing packing in a packing box:

A. leave one old turn at the bottom of the packing box  $% \left( x\right) =\left( x\right)$ 

B. remove one turn and install one new turn of packing

C. leave sufficient end clearance on each turn to allow for expansion

D. place and cuts directly in line with each other

C. radius of curvature
D. thickness of plates

Answer: A

Answer: C

An instrument consisting of a wet - and dry - bulb thermometer (used in air conditioning) is called a:

A. hygrometer

B. pyrometer

C. psychrometer

D. A or C

Answer: D

Sheet metal of # 18 gage is heavier than:

A. 12 gage

B. 14 gage

C. 22 gage

D. 16 gage

Answer: C

Shims are used to:

A. separate fresh - and salt - water lines

B. replace fuses

C. adjust cylinder liners

D. adjust bearing clearances

Answer: D

Quick return motion is used in a

A. drilling machine

B. grinder

C. lathe

D. shaper

Answer: D

The operation of enlarging a hole is called

A. boring

B. counter sinking

C. drilling

D. reaming

Answer: A

In up cut milling the work piece is fed

A. against the rotating cutter

B. at an angle of 60\* to the cutter

 ${\tt C.}$  at right angle to the cutter

D. in the direction of the cutter

Answer: A

Rapping allowance is provided on a patter to

take care of

A. distortion

B. easy withdrawal

C. machining

D. shrinkage

Answer: B

Feeler gage are used for measuring the

A. clearance between mating parts

B. pitch of screw threads

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