## **EE4305 Introduction to Fuzzy/Neural Systems**

## **Problem-Solving 1**

1. For a universal set  $X = \{a, b, c, d, u, v, w, x, y, z\}$ , a fuzzy set A is defined as:

$$A = 0.2/v + 0.4/w + 0.6/x + 0.8/y + 1/z$$

Show that the fuzzy set A can be represented by  $A = \bigcup_{\alpha \in [0,1]} \alpha \cdot A_{\alpha}$ , where  $\alpha A_{\alpha}$  denotes the algebraic product of a scalar  $\alpha$  with the  $\alpha$ -cut  $A_{\alpha}$ 

2. Let A, B be fuzzy sets defined on a universal set X. Prove that

$$|A| + |B| = |A \cup B| + |A \cap B|$$



where  $\cap$ ,  $\cup$  are the standard fuzzy intersection and union, respectively.

3. Show that the function

$$c(a) = \frac{\alpha^2 (1-a)}{a + \alpha^2 (1-a)}, \ \forall \ a \in [0, 1], \ \alpha > 0$$

is a fuzzy complement, and find the equilibrium of the fuzzy complement c.



