# Text Mining and Networks

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# Part 1: Text Mining

- Research Question
- Data Manipulation
- Modeling and Classification
- Interpretation and Conclusion

## Research Questions

- 1. We are using text mining on the STEM survey open-ended comments to extract meaningful words while conducting frequency analysis to determine students' view on help and inhibit factors
- 2. We are trying to see if the words can predict a students' transfer/non-transfer status, major and gender and provide insight based on the prediction.

#### Variables

- HelpFactor & InhibitFactor
  Approaches:
  - Word lists by Frequency
  - Word Count Table + background factor

(e.g. stem, transfer, gender)

HelpFactor	InhibitFactor
Support Services and programs on campus like the Transfer	The transfer process was very difficult for the first year-havi
The faultiest are nice and wish to help, my friends help me a	I guess myself inhibited my success at UCLA, since I am not
The main factor that helped me was through building com	Myself. I am my biggest enemy, weather it is being too scar
I have to say that my pre-college education prepared me a l	The most significant difficulty that comes to me is to figure
Definitely parental support. Without them it'd be possible.	Definitely parental support. Without them it'd be possible.
Having a support group in my friends has helped me imme	Sometimes when I go to office hours, I'm scared to explain
I think my primary education played a huge role in my succ	Although transitioning from high school to college was a br
To be not procrastinate is really important in finishing tasks	procrastination sometimes inhibits my success and ruins my
Love and support from family, friendships, guidance and me	1. Many UCLA Clubs and Greek Life (especially professional
Finding the right friend group that I vibed with changed my	Professors who have a difficult time communicating/giving l

# Data Manipulation

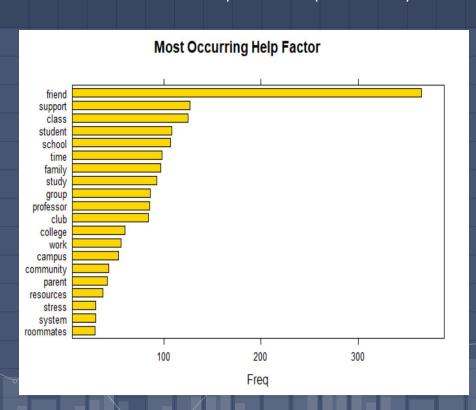
- Upper Case to Lower Case
- Punctuation
- "Non-breaking space" & "\n"
- Stopping words
  - "I", "me", "they", "what", "have"
- Words with similar format
  - "Service", "Services" and some misspelling words
- Manually Selection
  - "success", "etc", "better", "day" and vague words

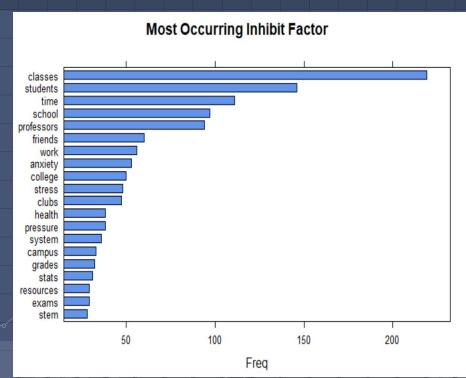
#### Word Cloud

person club **Drofessor** organization

college question stat friend other stress ( professoriife way

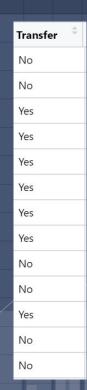
# Word lists by Frequency Analysis



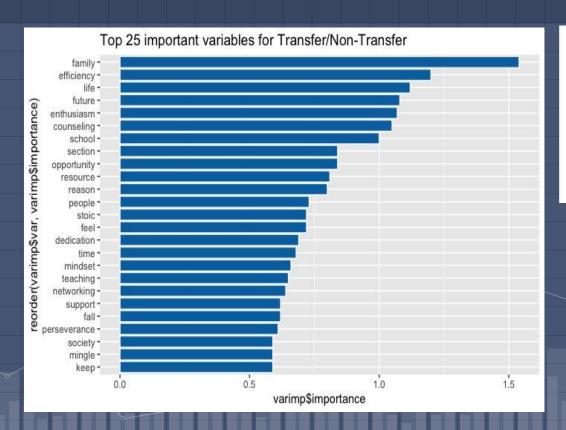


# Word Count Table Prepare to determine the relationship

obs <sup>‡</sup>	anxiety	success	culture	language <sup>‡</sup>	professor	character	mindset <sup>‡</sup>	exam	homework <sup>‡</sup>	information ‡	level <sup>‡</sup>	major <sup>‡</sup>
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
6	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



#### Prediction -- Transfer/Non-Transfer



Reference
Prediction 0 1
0 135 33
1 2 1

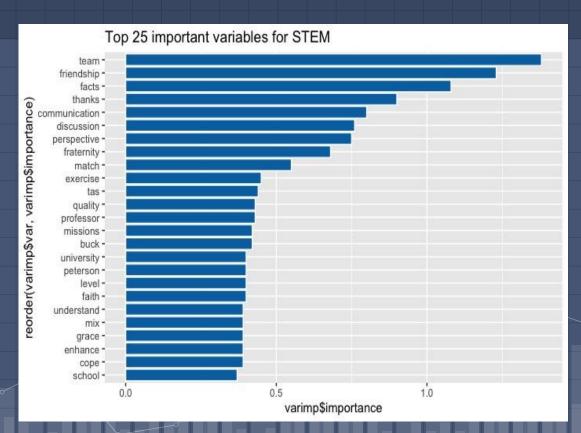
Accuracy: 0.7953

95% CI: (0.727, 0.8531)

No Information Rate : 0.8012 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.6198

From successfully classifying students into based on their comments on help factors, we can see that transfer and non transfer students are affected differently by these distinguishing factors. Non-transfer students are more likely to mention family, opportunity and resources, suggesting that we might need to provide more resources and support for transfer students.

## Prediction -- Stem/Non-Stem



Reference Prediction 0 1 0 0 0 1 14 157

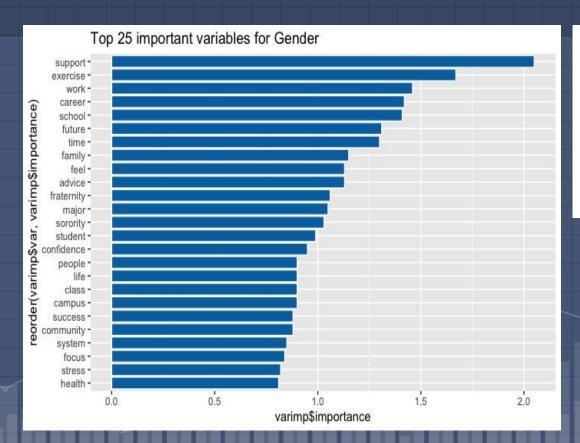
Accuracy: 0.9181

95% CI: (0.8664, 0.9545)

No Information Rate: 0.9181 P-Value [Acc > NIR]: 0.570501

From successfully classifying students into based on their comments on help factors, we can see that stem and non stem major students are affected differently by these distinguishing factors. Non-stem students are less likely to mention these top words.

#### Prediction -- Gender



Reference

Prediction 0 1

0 15 17

1 61 78

Accuracy: 0.5439

95% CI: (0.4661, 0.6201)

No Information Rate : 0.5556 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.6506

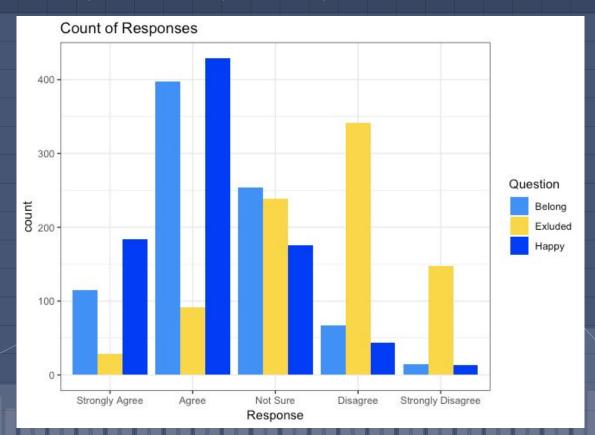
For gender, we don't have a very high accuracy rate to correctly classify students by gender. Top factors include exercise, work, fraternity and sorority. This result may suggest that male and female students tend to mention the similar help factors in these comments.

# Part 2: Neural Networks

- Research Question
- Exploratory Analysis
- Variables
- Modeling, prediction, and visualization
- Conclusion and recommendations

What factors contribute to student sense of belonging? How can we predict this?

# Exploratory Analysis



There is an inverse relationship between student sense of belonging and exclusion, as expected.

There also seems to be a positive relationship between sense of belonging and happiness at UCLA.

#### Recode Variables

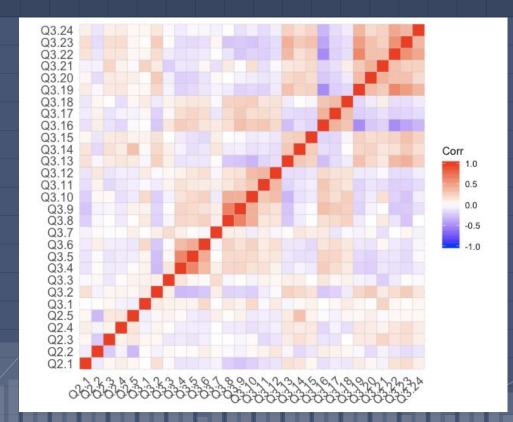
Question 2	Question 3					
Never → 1	Strongly Disagree → 1					
Rarely → 2	Disagree → 2					
Sometimes → 3	Not Sure → 3					
Often → 4	Agree → 4					
Always → 5	Strongly Agree → 5					

# Categorical → Numeric Neural networks handle numeric values

- Gender, International, Transfer,
   FirstGen, STEM: Yes, No → 0,1
- Year: Freshman, Sophomore, Junior,
   Senior → 1, 2, 3, 4

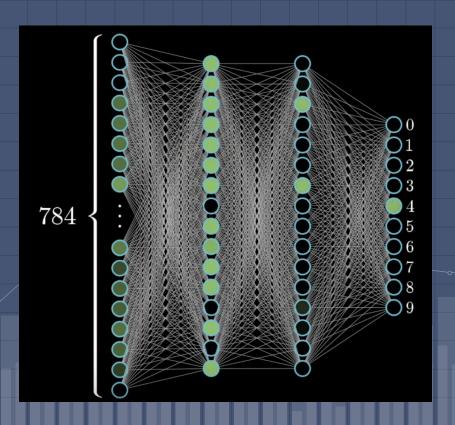
Outcome: Q3.19 (I feel I belong at UCLA)
Predictors: All other variables

## Correlation

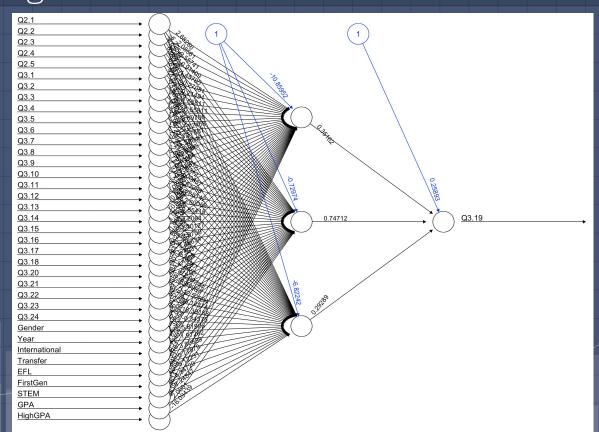


#### Neural Networks: Motivation

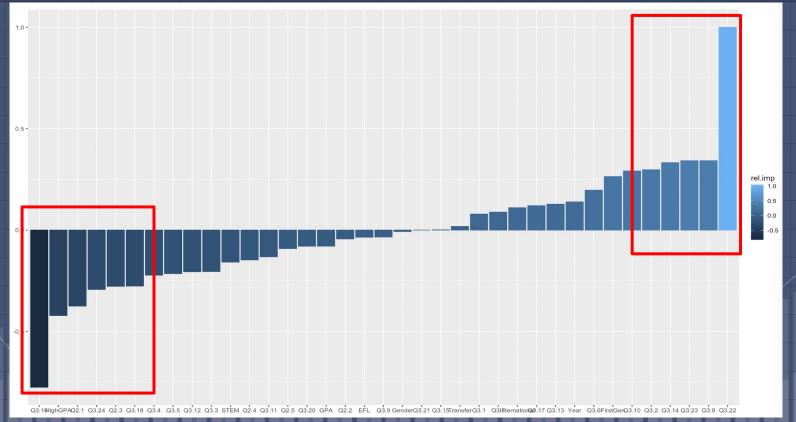
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.5 0.9 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.6 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 1.0 0.9 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.7 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.8 0.8 0.8 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.9 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.6 1.0 1.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.7 1.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.4 0.9 1.0 1.0 0.9 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 



# Plotting the Network - Inside the Black Box



# What Factors Are Most Significant?



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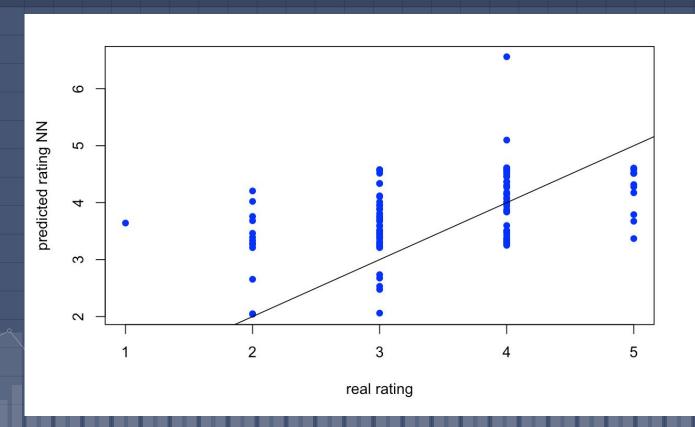
#### **Positive Factors:**

- Q3.22: I am happy at UCLA
- Q3.7: Most of my friends are from my own major
- Q2.2: I miss classes
- Q2.5: I go to office hours
- Q3.21: My parents understand the value of a college education
- First Gen Students

#### **Negative Factors:**

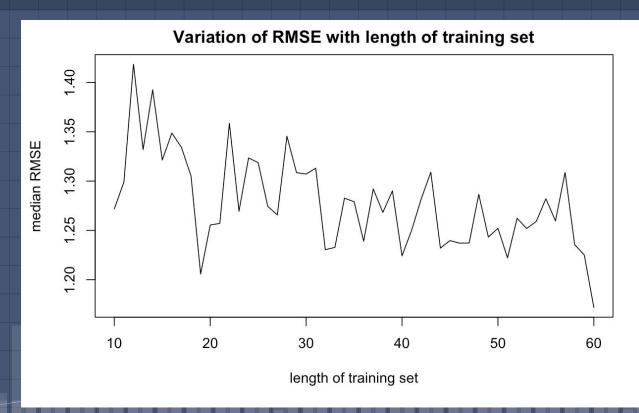
- Q3.16: I feel excluded at UCLA
- Q3.17: There is not enough students like me in my major
- Q3.4: My family struggled financially when I was growing up
- Q3.18: I wish there were more faculty I could identify with
- High School GPA

# Prediction



RMSE: 0.84

## Variation of RMSE



#### Conclusion and Limitations

- A sense of belonging is closely related to:
  - Peers and family support
  - How active you engage in college life
  - Your own perception of happiness
- Limitations:
  - Neural networks algorithm is largely a black box
  - Not many hyperparameters for tuning other than number of hidden layers
  - Neural networks mostly used in video and audio processing, although newer applications are booming