Macro PS4

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1 Question 1

The household maximizes their utility subject to their budget constraint. Equivalently, households minimize their costs subject to their utility constraint:

$$\min_{C_{ik}} \int \sum_{i} P_{ik} C_{ik} dk$$
s.t.
$$\left(\int C_k^{\frac{\rho-1}{\rho}} dk \right)^{\frac{\rho}{\rho-1}} = C,$$
where
$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^{N_k} C_{ik}^{\frac{\theta-1}{\theta}} \right)^{\frac{\theta}{\theta-1}} = C_k.$$

We will then write the Lagrangian as follows:

$$\mathcal{L} = \int \sum_{i} P_{ik} C_{ik} dk - P\left(\left(\int C_{k}^{\frac{\rho-1}{\rho}} dk\right)^{\frac{\rho}{\rho-1}} - C\right) + \int P_{k} \left[C_{k} - \left(\sum_{i} C_{ik}^{\frac{\theta-1}{\theta}}\right)^{\frac{\theta}{\theta-1}}\right] dk$$

We solve this maximization problem by taking first order conditions with respect to our choice variables, in this case C_{ik} , C_k :

$$P_{k} = \frac{\rho}{\rho - 1} \left(\int C_{k}^{\frac{\rho - 1}{\rho}} dk \right)^{\frac{1}{\rho - 1}} \frac{\rho - 1}{\rho} C_{k}^{\frac{-1}{\rho}}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_{k} = \left(\frac{P_{k}}{P} \right)^{\rho} C.$$

$$P_{ik} = P_{k} \frac{\theta}{\theta - 1} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{N_{k}} C_{ik}^{\frac{\theta - 1}{\theta}} \right)^{\frac{1}{\theta - 1}} \frac{\theta - 1}{\theta} C_{ik}^{-\frac{1}{\theta}}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_{ik} = \left(\frac{P_{ik}}{P_{k}} \right)^{\theta} C_{k}$$

We then can simplify our consumption first order condition to the following:

$$P_k \left(\frac{C_{ik}}{C_k}\right)^{\frac{1}{\theta}} = PC^{\frac{1}{\rho}}C_k^{\frac{-1}{\rho}} \left(\frac{C_{ik}}{C_k}\right)^{\frac{1}{\theta}}$$
$$\Rightarrow C_k = \left(\frac{P_k}{P}\right)^{-\rho} C,$$

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a familiar expression to what we found in lecture.

We can substitute in our expressions into the definitions of C, C_k :

$$\left(\int \left[\left(\frac{P_k}{P} \right)^{-\rho} C \right]^{\frac{\rho-1}{\rho}} dk \right)^{\frac{\rho}{\rho-1}} = C$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\int \left(\frac{P_k}{P} \right)^{1-\rho} dk \right)^{\frac{\rho}{\rho-1}} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\int P_k^{1-\rho} dk \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\rho}} = P,$$

$$\left(\sum_i \left[\left(\frac{P_{ik}}{P_k} \right)^{\theta} C_k \right]^{\frac{\theta-1}{\theta}} \right)^{\frac{\theta}{\theta-1}} = C_k$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\sum_i P_{ik}^{1-\theta} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\theta}} = P_k$$

To summarize, we have the following:

$$P_k = \left(\sum_i P_{ik}^{1-\theta}\right)^{\frac{1}{1-\theta}} \tag{1}$$

$$P = \left(\int \left[\left(\sum_{i} P_{ik}^{1-\theta} \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\theta}} \right]^{1-\rho} dk \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\rho}}$$
 (2)

$$C_{ik} = P_{ik}^{-\theta} \left(\sum_{i} P_{ik}^{1-\theta} \right)^{\frac{\theta-\rho}{1-\theta}} P^{\rho} C \tag{3}$$

2 Question 2

The firms compete a la Cournot:

$$\max_{P_{ik}} P_{ik} C_{ik} - W L_{ik}$$

$$\text{s.t.} C_{ik} = P_{ik}^{-\theta} \left(\sum_{i} P_{ik}^{1-\theta} \right)^{\frac{\theta - \rho}{1 - \theta}} P^{\rho} C$$
and $C_{ik} = A_{ik} L_{ik}$

Substituting, we form the following objective function:

$$\begin{split} & \max_{P_{ik}} P_{ik}^{1-\theta} \left(\sum_{i} P_{ik}^{1-\theta} \right)^{\frac{\theta-\rho}{1-\theta}} P^{\rho} C - W A_{ik}^{-1} P_{ik}^{-\theta} \left(\sum_{i} P_{ik}^{1-\theta} \right)^{\frac{\theta-\rho}{1-\theta}} P^{\rho} C \\ \Rightarrow & \max_{P_{ik}} P_{ik}^{1-\theta} \left(\sum_{i} P_{ik}^{1-\theta} \right)^{\frac{\theta-\rho}{1-\theta}} - W A_{ik}^{-1} P_{ik}^{-\theta} \left(\sum_{i} P_{ik}^{1-\theta} \right)^{\frac{\theta-\rho}{1-\theta}} \end{split}$$

We take first order conditions:

$$(1-\theta)P_{ik}^{-\theta}P_k^{\theta-\rho} + P_{ik}^{1-\theta}\frac{\theta-\rho}{1-\theta}P_k^{2\theta-\rho-1}(1-\theta)P_{ik}^{-\theta} = \frac{W}{A_{ik}}\left[(-\theta)P_{ik}^{-\theta-1}P_k^{\theta-\rho} + P_{ik}^{-\theta}\frac{\theta-\rho}{1-\theta}P_k^{2\theta-\rho-1}(1-\theta)P_{ik}^{-\theta}\right]$$
$$(1-\theta)P_k^{\theta} + P_{ik}^{1-\theta}(\theta-\rho)P_k^{2\theta-1} = \frac{W}{A_{ik}}\left[(-\theta)P_{ik}^{-1}P_k^{\theta} + P_{ik}^{-\theta}(\theta-\rho)P_k^{2\theta-1}\right]$$

- 3 Question 3
- 4 Question 4
- 5 Question 5
- 6 Question 6