ICT: Emerging Technological Trends and Society

TuK



Btech IT/CT/CCN Year IV term 3

002: COMPUTER H/W & S/W EMERGING TRENDS AND TECHNOLOGICAL ADVANCES

SUBJECT CODE: ECII/ECSI/ECCI 4204

AIMS & OBJECTIVES

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- 1) To study present and future TRENDS in traditional, current and future memory, storage, processor and internet connectivity technology
- 2) To learn present and future trajectories of growth projected for emerging trend in memory, storage, processors and internet connectivity technology
- 3) To identify and explain the present and future characteristics, advantages and disadvantages of computing growth trends for memory, storage, processors and internet connectivity technology
- 4) To discuss the social and ethical implications on society related to trends in memory, storage, processors and internet connectivity technology

- introduction to topic:- why study computer h/w & s/w & internet connectivity emerging trends and technological advances?
- 2) Present & future computer software trends
- 3) Present & future computer memory & Data storage trends
- 4) Present & future computer Processor trends
- 5) Q & A

COMPUTER

AND I.T.

TRENDS

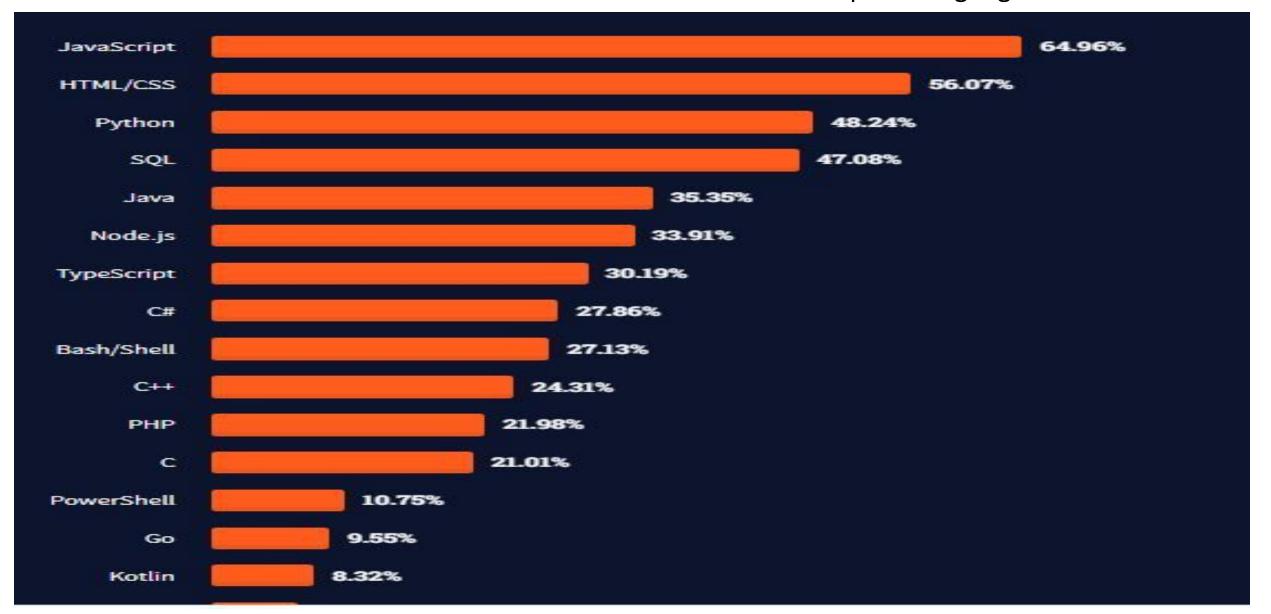
RECOMMENDED READING CHAPTER FROM RECOMMENDED BOOK

- 1. Fawad A Khan, Jason M Anderson "Digital Transformation Using Emerging Technologies:- A CxO's Guide To Transform Your Organization" Independently Published 2021
- 2, Sarah Pink "Emerging Technologies/Life at the Edge of the Future" Routledge 2022
- 3. Kelly and Zach Weinersmith "Soonish: Ten Emerging Technologies That'll Improve and/or Ruin Everything" Penguin Press 2017
- 4. Schwab, Klaus "The Fourth Industrial Revolution", 2018.
- 5. Rotolo, D., Hicks, D., Martin, B. R., "what is an emerging technology?" Research Policy 44(10): 1827-1843.
- 6. Joy, Bill, "Why the future doesn't need us", Bill Joy, Wired Magazine", 2000
- 7. Messerly, John G. "I'm glad the future doesn't need us: a critique of Joy's pessimistic futurism" ACM SIGCAS Computers and Society, Volume 33, Issue 2, 2003

LECTURE OVERVIEW

- 1. Lecture Aims & Objectives
- 2. Lecture Outline
- 3. Recommended chapter from recommended reading list
 - **4.Lecture Topic**
 - 5. Q&A

• STACK OVERFLOW 10 most Popular languages of 2022:-



TOP NEW PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

- F#
- Clojure
- Elixir
- PureScript
- Swift
- Go
- Dart
- Apache Groovy
- Java 17
- Crystal

EMERGING COMPUTER S/W PROGRAMMING TRENDS

SOFTWARE TRENDS:- WHY ARE THEY CONSIDERED ETT's

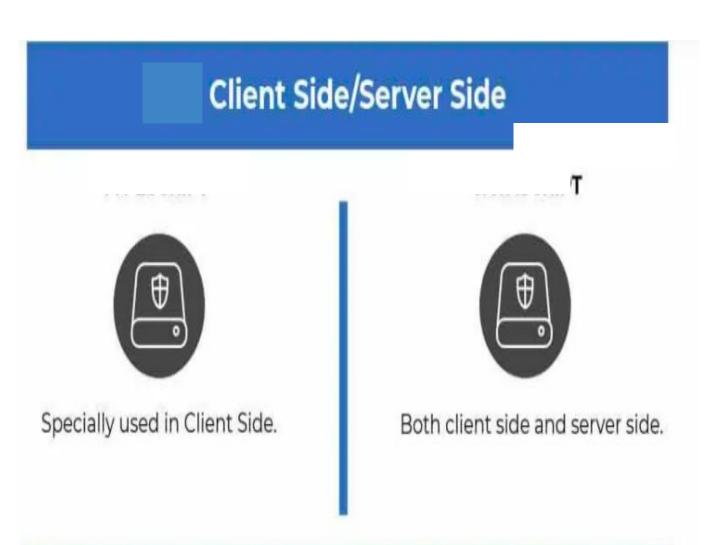
F#

- WHAT IS IT:- open-source, cross-platform
- WHAT DOES IT DO: Hybrid: web, cloud, data-science, apps etc
- WHY IS IT ETT? simple, succinct, correct, robust, compatible
- UNIQUE FEATURES:-.avoid clutter, tasks, strong type system etc.



THE CURRENT COMPUTER SOFTWARE TRENDS

S/W TRENDS:-WHAT MAKES A LANGUAGE POPULAR AND EMERGING TECH?



Is the language usable both at the frontend and backend?

 Does the language use the same code for both the client and the server?

THE CURRENT COMPUTER SOFTWARE TRENDS

S/W TRENDS:-WHAT MAKES A LANGUAGE POPULAR AND EMERGING TECH?

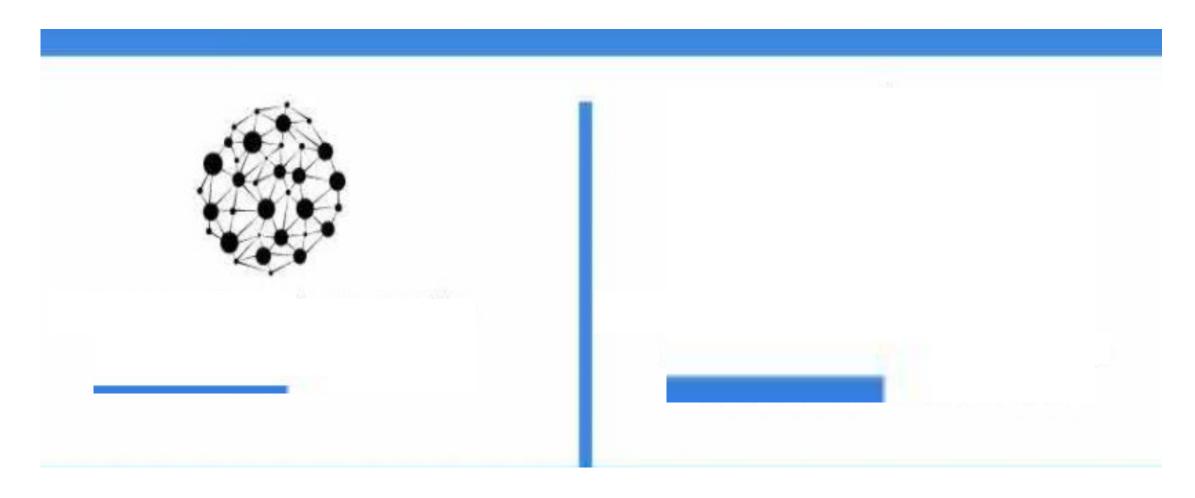
• Is the Language easy to read, write, fast to code in, have a small % of bugs and open source?



THE CURRENT COMPUTER SOFTWARE TRENDS

S/W TRENDS:-WHAT MAKES A LANGUAGE POPULAR AND EMERGING TECH?

Does the language offer a wide range of application usage?



THE CURRENT COMPUTER S/W TRENDS -S.D.L.C

Software development methodology:- frameworks to structure, plan, and control develop



CURRENT SDLCs: DISADVANTAGES

1. Too much work on software than documentation

2. Difficult to assess effort?

3. Speed and security achievable?

- 4. Good for small, fast projects
- 5. A lot of time rather than coding
- 6. Too much client involvement

7. Work well in certain projects depending on....?

LOW CODE (LCD) AND NO CODE (NCD) DEVELOPMENT

Type of RAD

DAD GUI (drag, drop AND connect)

mobile or web apps

No hand/hard-coding

-Visualize without writing complex;

-Easy to code(no pre-requirement expertise)







WHY LOW CODE DEVELOPMENT (LCD) AND NO CODE DEVELOPMENT

Traditional s/w development:-

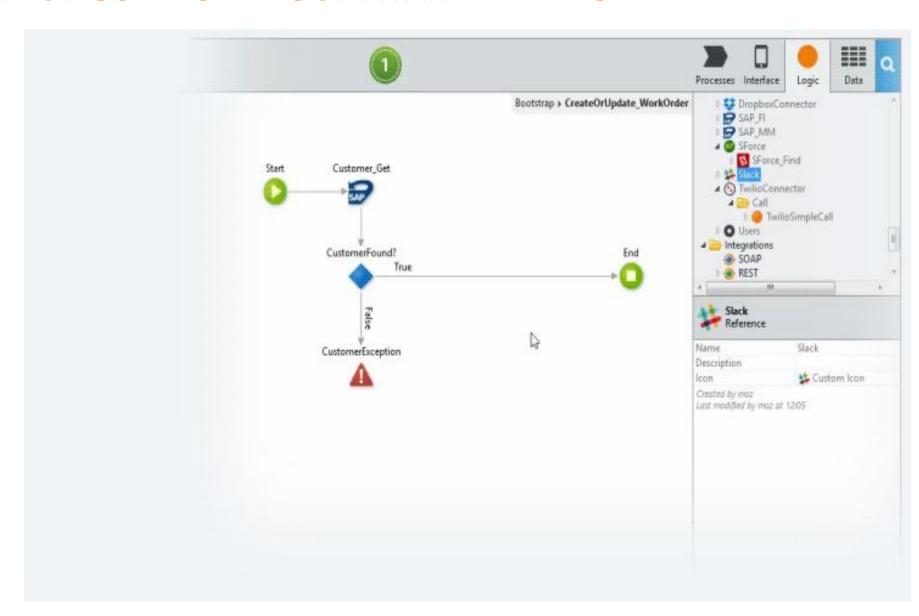
-Dedicated coders required(why?)

Expensive(why?)

Time-consuming(why?)

ADVANTAGES OF LCD & NCD

- -Quick transform
- -Prototypes



THE CURRENT TRENDS OF DATA STORAGE

SSD Flash memory

No moving parts

Access times-shorter(why?)

Faster than HDD(how?)

Little data transactions (meaning ??)



THE CURRENT TRENDS OF DATA STORAGE

SOLID STATE HYBRID DRIVE

-Traditional HDD and Nand flash

-SATA port

- 2.5 or 3.5 FF

-Special controllers Nand flash and magnetic platters



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THE CURRENT TRENDS OF DATA STORAGE

SOLID STATE HYBRID DRIVE

-Quicker access

(Determines what data to store in flash and on plates)

i.e. files accessed frequently (FAF)

-No user input



THE CURRENT TRENDS OF DATA STORAGE

SOLID STATE HYBRID DRIVE

Limitations-capacity

-Limitations:- Performance boosts to flash storage

- Costs (less than...?)



DATA STORAGE TRENDS FOR THE FUTURE

1) **HELIUM HDD:**

-From air to helium manufacturing (Hermetically sealing)

-Compatibility: magnetic recording

-Efficiency(20%) than air

-Data rates higher

1) HELIUM HDD

-Less power

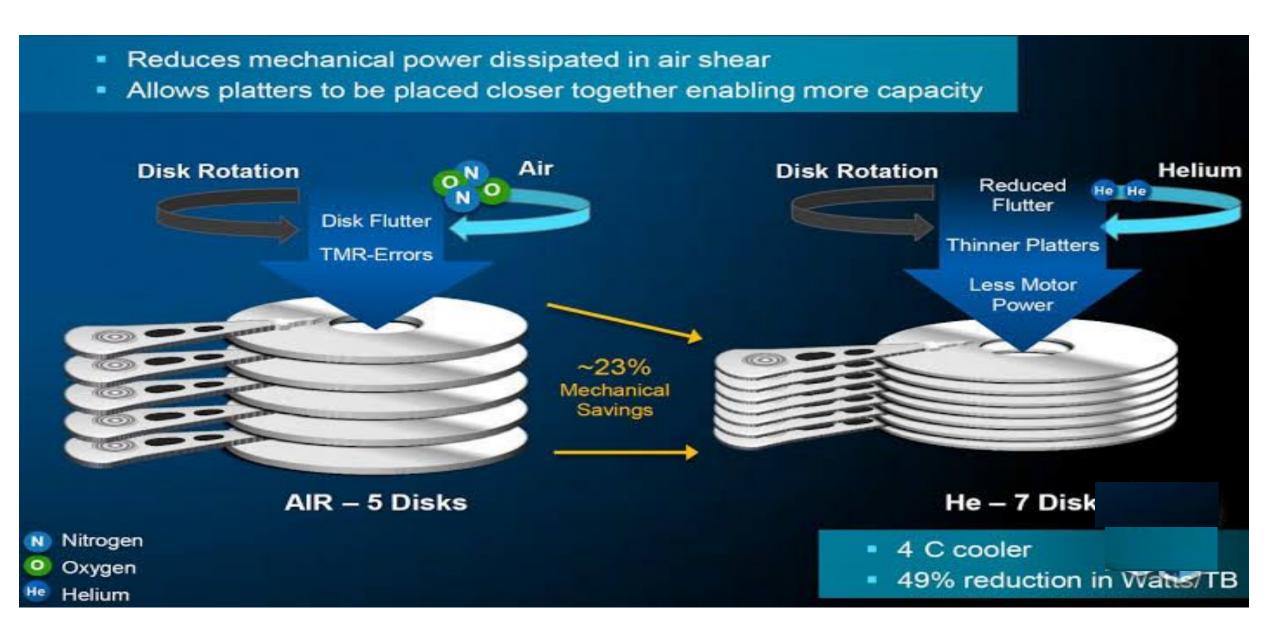
-Spins easily

-Run cooler

-More disks.

http://elearning.tukenya.ac.ke

DATA STORAGE TRENDS FOR THE FUTURE-HELIUM HDD



DATA STORAGE TRENDS FOR THE FUTURE

- 1) HELIUM HDD:
- -1/7th less dense
- -Drag on platters(what is it?why?how?)
- -Reduced energy needs (why?how?)

QUESTION & ANSWER SESSION

ANY QUESTIONS