

Four-Square Cipher

Overview

The Four-Square cipher is a cipher in which each pair of consecutive characters is replaced by another.

How this is done is determined by four tables which are derived from a pair of secret keywords agreed upon ahead of time by the message's sender and receiver.

Encryption

To encrypt a message with the keywords k_1 and k_2 :

1. Write out k_1 as the first entries in the bottom-left table. Fill the rest of the table with the remaining letters (omit Q).
2. Write out k_2 as the first entries in the top-right table. Fill the rest of the table with the remaining letters (omit Q).
3. Replace each digraph x_1x_2 via:
Locate x_1 in the top-left table and x_2 in the bottom-right table.
Locate the letters y_1 in the top-right table and y_2 in the bottom-left table that complete the rectangle defined by x_1x_2 .
Replace x_1x_2 with y_1y_2 .

A	B	C	D	E
F	G	H	I	J
K	L	M	N	O
P	R	S	T	U
V	W	X	Y	Z

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F	G	H	I	J
K	L	M	N	O
P	R	S	T	U
V	W	X	Y	Z

Example

Use the keywords $k_1 = \text{DRAGONS}$ and $k_2 = \text{HOARD}$ to encrypt:

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1. Use k_1 to construct the bottom-left table.

D	R	A	G	O
N	S	B	C	E
F	H	I	J	K
L	M	P	T	U
V	W	X	Y	Z

2. Use k_2 to construct the top-right table.

H	O	A	R	D
B	C	E	F	G
I	J	K	L	M
N	P	S	T	U
V	W	X	Y	Z

3. Use all four tables to replace each digraph with another.

TR → PT EA → HO
SU → UP RE → UR

This yields the ciphertext:

PTHOUPUR