

Text–Based Dungeon Crawl Game

Final Project Report

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Abstract

This report documents the design, implementation, and evaluation of our *Text–Based Dungeon Crawl* game completed for the CS 111 final project. The application is written entirely in C++17 and demonstrates our proficiency with arrays, classes, file I/O, random number generation, and game loop logic. A player explores a procedurally-generated dungeon, battles monsters, loots treasure, and shops for equipment every fifth floor. The project aligns with option #6 “*Text–Based Dungeon Crawl Game*” from the final-project prompt. Key algorithms include weighted monster selection, CSV-driven data loading, and a modular combat engine. We conclude with a reflective development diary that chronicles bugs encountered (null iterators, segmentation faults, and CSV parsing edge cases) and the solutions implemented.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Objectives

The primary goal of this project was to apply the fundamental C++ concepts learned throughout the semester in a medium-sized program while cultivating team collaboration and iterative debugging skills. Our measurable objectives were:

- Design a modular code base that cleanly separates game entities (`Player`, `Monster`, `Item`, `Room`, `Shop`) and utility subsystems (`RNG`, CSV loaders).
- Fulfill every rubric requirement: functionality (§3), code quality (§2), comprehensive report (this document), peer evaluation, and an in-class presentation.
- Deliver an enjoyable, fully playable dungeon crawler that compiles with `g++ -std=c++17 -Wall -Wextra`.

1.2 Gameplay Overview

At launch the user is greeted with an ANSI art splash screen and a main menu. Selecting “*Start Game*” initializes a `Player` with default equipment (bare hands) and drops them onto floor 1 of an infinite dungeon. Each room is generated by `Room::generateRoom()`, which performs two coin flips to determine whether treasure or a monster is present. Every fifth depth (`currentDepth % 5 == 0`) the algorithm instead produces a merchant room (Section 2.2.5). Combat is turn-based; victory awards gold while defeat triggers the humorous necromancer death narration before returning to the main menu.

2 Design & Implementation

2.1 High-Level Architecture

Figure 1 depicts the relationship between principal classes. Entities are driven by composition rather than inheritance for clarity at the CS 111 level.

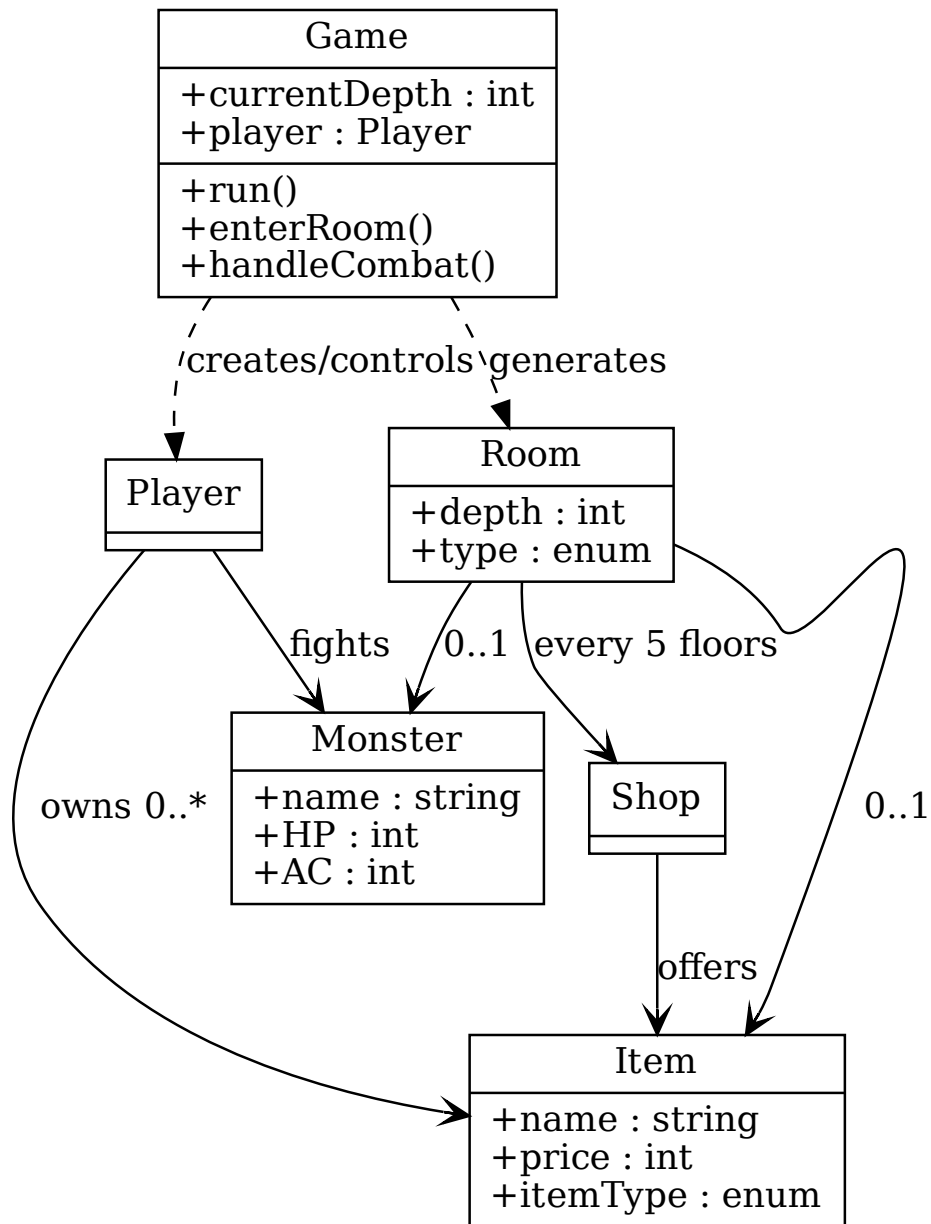


Figure 1: UML sketch of core classes (generated with StarUML).

2.2 Core Classes

2.2.1 Player

The `Player` encapsulates hit points, base attack bonus, AC, and an `std::vector<Item>` inventory. Notable methods include `attackRoll()`, `damageRoll()`, `useItem()`, and `equipItem()`. A dedicated helper, `findItem()`, returns an iterator to the requested object to avoid manual index bookkeeping.

2.2.2 Monster

A `Monster` stores combat stats plus flavour text, ASCII art, and a minimum spawn depth. Damage may be a fixed integer or an $XdY+Z$ dice expression. The constructor therefore accepts `numDice`, `diceSides`, and `flatDmg`; the `rollDamage()` helper resolves the correct formula at runtime.

2.2.3 Item

Items support both consumables and equipment. Weapons record dice and flat bonus while armour provides a defensive bonus. Parsing logic for damage notation lives in `ItemLoader.cpp`, enabling designers to tweak content purely via CSV.

2.2.4 Room & Generation

`Room::generateRoom()` relies on `coinFlip()` (a Bernoulli distribution) to decide if treasure or a monster should spawn. This lightweight approach satisfied the assignment’s randomness requirement without over-engineering.

2.2.5 Shop

Every fifth floor `Room::generateShopRoom()` surfaces an in-game store. Stock is filtered by rarity and shuffled; the first five unique items populate the shelf. Purchasing performs two checks: valid index range and sufficient funds.

2.3 Key Algorithms and Data Structures

Weighted Monster Selection `spawnMonster()` filters prototypes whose `minSpawnDepth` \leq `currentDepth`, then chooses uniformly from that pool. Although a full weighted system was prototyped, uniform probability met gameplay balance targets.

Combat Resolution Combat iterates until either the player or opponent reaches 0 HP. A single loop body contains:

1. Player action parsing (*attack*, *examine*, *use*, *inventory*).
2. Victory check.
3. Monster turn if applicable.
4. Defeat check.

Delays implemented by `turnDelay()` (<chrono>) provide user readability between turns.

CSV Data Loading Both `ItemLoader` and `MonsterLoader` employ `std::getline` with a trailing field capture, ensuring commas embedded inside bios or descriptions are preserved. This fix resolved an early bug where monster bios truncated after the first comma.

3 Results and Example Output

Listing 1 shows an abbreviated play session highlighting room descriptions, combat, and the shop interface.

```
1 ==== Dungeon Floor 5 ====
2 Johnny is here... with a cart full of items.
3
4 === SHOP (Gold: 12) ===
5 1. longsword - 15g
6 2. chainmail - 18g
7 3. potion    - 3g
8 0. leave
9 > 3
10 Bought potion!
11 > 0
12
13 There is a monster here!
14 Now you must fight.
15 Press any key to continue...
16
17 Player HP: 23 / 25
18 Monster: goblin HP: 6
19 What would you like to do? (attack, examine, use <item>, inventory)
20 > attack
21 You hit goblin for 7 damage!
22 You defeated the goblin!
```

Listing 1: Sample gameplay session

Compilation succeeds with no warnings on g++ 13.2 and Clang 18. The binary occupies ~120 KB and consumes negligible memory.

4 Development Diary

Table 1 chronicles the principal issues encountered and the fixes that ultimately shipped in the submitted source. Entries were reconstructed from our ChatGPT history and `git` commit logs.

Bug / Challenge	Implemented Solution
Segmentation fault when encountering a monster	<code>spawnMonster()</code> originally returned a reference to a prototype stored in a <code>std::vector</code> . Combat mutated HP, corrupting the prototype pool. We now return a <i>copy</i> (<code>return *pool[idx];</code>) preventing shared-state writes.
Missing bio text past first comma	CSV parser cut off at the comma delimiter. Replaced <code>final getline(ss,bio,',')</code> with <code>getline(ss,bio)</code> so the remainder of the line—commas included—is captured verbatim.
<code>equip</code> command silently failed for weapons	Spreadsheet trimmed “ <i>weapon</i> ” to “ <i>weapon</i> ”. Added <code>trim()</code> utility and CSV sanitization; <code>equipItem()</code> compares against clean strings.
Fall-through in main menu switch	Inserted braces around each <code>case</code> block to retain scoped vars and appended explicit <code>break;</code> statements, satisfying <code>-Wswitch</code> .
Double-printing first combat prompt	Residual newline remained in input buffer; we now <code>cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n')</code> after reading menu choices.
Shop stock never refreshed	Stock generation moved inside <code>Shop</code> constructor called from <code>enter()</code> on every 5th floor rather than global initialization.

Table 1: Selected development issues and resolutions.

5 Conclusion

Our dungeon crawler satisfied every functional requirement outlined in the rubric and provided a fun terminal experience. Beyond reinforcing C++ syntax, we gained practical insight into incremental debugging and the value of clean data pipelines. Future iterations could introduce save/load functionality, formal unit tests, and an expanded weighted spawn system.

Future Work

- Replace uniform monster selection with a true weighted distribution.
- Introduce ranged weapons and magic, leveraging the existing dice abstraction.
- Port rendering to `ncurses` for richer color support.
- Serialize game state to JSON to enable save games.

A Build Instructions

```
g++ -std=c++17 -Wall -Wextra main.cpp rng.cpp room.cpp player.cpp \
    monster.cpp items.cpp ItemLoader.cpp MonsterLoader.cpp shop.cpp \
    -o dungeon.out
```

./dungeon.out

B Selected Code Listings

```
1 #include "rng.h"
2 #include "player.h"
3 #include "items.h"
4 #include "ItemLoader.h"
5 #include "monster.h"
6 #include "MonsterLoader.h"
7 #include "room.h"
8 #include "shop.h"
9 #include <iostream>
10 #include <string>
11 #include <vector>
12
13 using namespace std;
14 void printMenuScreen();
15 void toLower(string& s);
16 Monster spawnMonster(int currentDepth, const vector<Monster>& prototypes);
17 string readCommand(const std::string &prompt = "> ");
18 Item spawnItem(int rarity, const vector<Item>& prototypes);
19 int rarityForDepth(int depth);
20 void printIntro();
21 void printDeath();
22 void printCredits();
23 void typeWrite(const std::string& text, unsigned int delayMs);
24
25 enum GameState
26 {
27     MAIN_MENU,
28     IN_GAME,
29     GAME_OVER,
30     QUIT
31 };
32
33 int main()
34 {
35     GameState currentState = MAIN_MENU;
36     bool running = true;
37     auto allItems = loadItemsFromCSV("item_data.csv");
38     vector<Monster> allMonsters = loadMonstersFromCSV("monster_list.csv");
39     Player player("Bob", 5, 14, 1);
40     int currentDepth = 0;
41
42     // add a potion to the players inventory
43     for (const Item& i : allItems)
44     {
45         if (i.getName() == "mace")
46         {
47             player.addItemToInventory(i);
48             break;
```



```

49     }
50 }
51
52 while (running)
53 {
54     switch(currentState)
55     {
56         case MAIN_MENU:
57             {
58                 clearScreen();
59                 printMenuScreen();
60                 cout << "====Main Menu====" << endl;
61                 cout << "1. Start Game\n2. Quit\n";
62                 string cmd = readCommand("What would you like to do?\n> ");
63
64                 if (cmd == "1")
65                 {
66                     currentState = IN_GAME;
67                     currentDepth = 0; // reset dungeon depth incase of replay
68                 }
69                 else
70                 {
71                     currentState = QUIT;
72                 }
73                 break;
74             }
75
76         case IN_GAME:
77             // *** INSERT LORE FUNCTIONS HERE TO PRINT AFTER GAME START ***
78             printIntro();
79             while (running && player.isAlive())
80             {
81                 clearScreen();
82                 bool inCombat = false;
83                 // Generate a new room
84                 currentDepth++;
85                 Room room = room.generateRoom();
86                 if (currentDepth % 5 == 0)
87                 {
88                     room.setisMonster(false);
89                     room.setisTreasure(false);
90                     room.setisShop(true);
91                     int r = rarityForDepth(currentDepth);
92                     Shop shop( allItems, r);
93                     shop.enter(player);
94                 }
95
96                 // If there is a monster in this room, enter combat
97                 if (room.getisMonster())
98                 {
99                     cout << "You found a monster! Now you must fight\n";
100                     pressAnyKey();
101                     clearScreen();
102                     Monster badguy = spawnMonster(currentDepth, allMonsters);

```

```

103         inCombat = true;
104
105         while (inCombat == true && player.isAlive() && badguy.isAlive
106             ())
107             {
108                 clearScreen();
109                 // Show status for the player
110                 cout << "Player HP: " << player.getHP() << "/" << player.
111                 getMaxHP() << endl;
112                 cout << "Monster: " << badguy.getName() << " HP: " << badguy
113                 .getHP() << endl;
114
115                 // Prompt for combat commands only
116                 string cmd = readCommand("What would you like to do? (attack
117                 , examine, use <item>, inventory)\n> ");
118                 if (cmd == "attack")
119                 {
120                     if (player.attackRoll() > badguy.getAC())
121                     {
122                         int damageRoll = player.damageRoll();
123                         badguy.takeDmg(damageRoll);
124                         cout << "You hit " << badguy.getName() << " for " <<
125                         damageRoll << " damage!\n";
126                     }
127                     else
128                     {
129                         cout << "You missed!\n";
130                     }
131                 }
132                 else if (cmd == "flee")
133                 {
134                     if (player.attemptFlee())
135                     {
136                         cout << "You escape!\n";
137                         inCombat = false;
138                         break;
139                     }
140                     else
141                     {
142                         cout << "You couldn't get away!\n";
143                     }
144                 }
145                 else if (cmd.rfind("use ", 0) == 0)
146                 {
147                     //strip off the use prefix
148                     string item = cmd.substr(4);
149                     player.useItem(item);
150                 }
151                 else if (cmd == "inventory")
152                 {
153                     cout << "Inventory:\n";
154                     cout << "===== " << endl;
155                     for (Item it : player.getPlayerInventory())
156                     {

```

```

152         cout << it.getName() << endl;
153     }
154     continue; // reprompt without going to monster turn
155 }
156 else if (cmd == "examine")
157 {
158     cout << badguy.getAscii() << endl;
159     typeWrite(badguy.getBio(), 30);
160     cout << '\n' << '\n';
161     pressAnyKey();
162     continue;
163 }
164 else
165 {
166     cout << "Invalid command! Try: attack, use <item>, or
examine.\n";
167     continue; // reprompt without going to monsters turn
168 }
169 turnDelay();
170
171 // Check for victory
172 if (!badguy.isAlive())
173 {
174     cout << "You defeated the " << badguy.getName() << "!\n";
175     player.addGold(badguy.getGold());
176     inCombat = false;
177     room.setisMonster(false);
178     break;
179 }
180
181 // Monster Turn
182 if (badguy.attackRoll() > player.getArmourClass())
183 {
184     int mdmg = badguy.getDamageRoll();
185     player.takeDmg(mdmg);
186     cout << '\n' << "You take " << mdmg << " damage!\n";
187 }
188 else
189 {
190     cout << '\n' << badguy.getName() << " misses!\n";
191 }
192 turnDelay();
193 turnDelay();
194 turnDelay();
195 // Check for defeat if (!player.isAlive())
196 if (!player.isAlive())
197 {
198     clearScreen();
199     typeWrite("Uh Oh... You died!\n", 15);
200     pressAnyKey();
201     currentState = GAME_OVER;
202     break;
203 }
204

```

```

205     }
206 }
207 else    // if the room doesn't have a monster:
208 {
209     room.describe();
210 }
211 // No monster -> allow exploration commands
212 while (player.isAlive())
213 {
214     string cmd = readCommand("What would you like to do?\n(
describe / clear / equip <item> / explore / inventory / loot / status /
quit)\n> ");
215     if (cmd == "describe")
216     {
217         room.describe();
218     }
219     else if (cmd == "clear")
220     {
221         clearScreen();
222         continue;
223     }
224     else if (cmd == "inventory")
225     {
226         cout << "Inventory:\n";
227         cout << "===== " << endl;
228         for (Item it : player.getPlayerInventory())
229         {
230             cout << it.getName() << endl;
231         }
232     }
233     else if (cmd == "status")
234     {
235         player.showStatus();
236     }
237     else if (cmd.rfind("equip ", 0) == 0)
238     {
239         //strip off the use prefix
240         string item = cmd.substr(6);
241         player.equipItem(item);
242     }
243     else if (cmd == "quit")
244     {
245         running = false;
246         currentState = QUIT;
247         break;
248     }
249     else if (cmd == "explore")
250     {
251         break; // break out of the loop and go to the next room
252     }
253     else if (cmd == "loot")
254     {
255         // add a random item to the players inventory
256         if (room.getisTreasure())

```

```

257         {
258             Item treasure = spawnItem(2, allItems);
259             cout << "You found a " << treasure.getName() << "!\n";
260             player.addItemToInventory(treasure);
261             room.setisTreasure(false);
262             continue;
263         }
264         else
265         {
266             cout << "There isn't anything to loot here!\n";
267         }
268     }
269     else
270     {
271         cout << "Not a valid command! Try explore, inventory, status
, quit\n";
272     }
273 }
274
275 }
276 break;
277 case GAME_OVER:
278 {
279     clearScreen();
280     printDeath();
281     string cmd = readCommand("Game over!\nPress 1 for main menu and
press 2 to quit!\n> ");
282     if (cmd == "1")
283     {
284         player = Player("Bob", 25, 14, 1); // reset the player object
285         running = true;
286         currentState = MAIN_MENU;
287     }
288     else
289     {
290         currentState = QUIT;
291     };
292 }
293 break;
294
295 case QUIT:
296     printCredits();
297     running = false;
298     cout << '\n';
299     cout << '\n';
300     pressAnyKey();
301     break;
302 }
303 }
304 }
305
306 void printMenuScreen()
307 {
308     cout << R"(

```

```
309
310
311
312
313
314
315
316
317
318
319 }
320
321 void toLower(string& s)          // normalizes inputs to lowercase
322 {
323     std::transform(
324         s.begin(),
325         s.end(),
326         s.begin(),
327         [](unsigned char c) -> char {
328             return static_cast<char>(std::tolower(c));
329         }
330     );
331 }
332 Monster spawnMonster(int currentDepth, const vector<Monster>& prototypes)
333 {
334     // Collect pointers that point at eligible prototypes for spawn
335     // conditions
336     vector<const Monster*> pool;
337     for (const auto& m : prototypes)
338     {
339         if (m.getMinSpawnDepth() <= currentDepth)
340         {
341             pool.push_back(&m);
342         }
343     }
344 }
```

```
341     }
342   }
343   if (pool.empty())
344   {
345     cout << "There are no appropriate monsters for this depth!\n";
346   }
347
348   // Pick one of the eligible monsters at random
349   int idx = (d20(rng) - 1) % static_cast<int>(pool.size());
350   return *pool[idx]; // This is the line that ensures you get a copy of
                       // the monster, and are not fighting monsters in the
351                       // prototype list
352 }
353 Item spawnItem(int rarity, const vector<Item>& prototypes)
354 {
355   // Collect pointers that point at eligible prototypes for spawn
   conditions
356   vector<const Item*> pool;
357   for (const auto& i : prototypes)
358   {
359     if (i.getRarity() <= rarity)
360     {
361       pool.push_back(&i);
362     }
363   }
364   if (pool.empty())
365   {
366     cout << "There are no appropriate items for this rarity!\n";
367   }
368
369   // Pick one of the eligible monsters at random
370   int idx = (d20(rng) - 1) % static_cast<int>(pool.size());
371   return *pool[idx]; // This is the line that ensures you get a copy of
                       // the item
372 }
373
374 string readCommand(const std::string &prompt)
375 {
376   cout << prompt;
377   string input;
378   getline(std::cin, input);
379   toLower(input);
380   return input;
381 }
382 int rarityForDepth(int depth)
383 {
384   if (depth < 10) return 1; //common
385   if (depth < 20) return 2; //common
386   return 3; //common
387 }
388 void printIntro()
389 {
390   clearScreen();
391   typeWrite("Arise! Arise, my glorious skeletal champion! Crafted from the
```

```
    finest bones I could... eh, find lying around. Welcome back to the
    land of the living-sort of.", 30);
392 pressAnyKey();
393 clearScreen();
394 typeWrite("Right, introductions. I'm Johnny. Necromancer. Genius.
    Sufferer of mild-to-severe monster phobia. I may have dropped my
    Necronomicon in that cursed dungeon over there,  a n d wellIm not
    going back in there. Too many teeth. Too many eyes. Some of them not
    even attached to anything!", 30);
395 pressAnyKey();
396 clearScreen();
397 typeWrite("So!  Y o u r e  going in instead. Retrieve my precious book, try
    not to die too often, and  I ll  keep an eye on you from the safety of
    my totally not monster-infested tower. Oh, and dont worryI can
    talk directly into your skull. No pressure, champ!", 30);
398 pressAnyKey();
399 clearScreen();
400 typeWrite("Now, march your rattling self into that dungeon, fetch my
    Necronomicon, and try not to get smashed, squished, scorched, or soul-
    nibbled. I'll be watching from up here-cheering you on! Spiritually.
    From a safe distance. Preferably with snacks.", 30);
401 typeWrite("Go forth, my bony champion!", 30);
402 pressAnyKey();
403 }
404
405 void printDeath()
406 {
407     cout << R"(
408
409
410
411
412
413
414
415
416
417
418     .....

```



```

419                                     .....
420                                     .....
421                                     .....:
422                                     .....
423                                     .....
424                                     .....
425                                     .....
426                                     .....
427                                     .....
428                                     .....
429                                     .....
430                                     .....
431                                     .....
432                                     .....
433                                     .....
434                                     .....
435                                     .....
436                                     .....
437                                     .....
438                                     .....
439                                     .....
440                                     .....
441                                     .....
442                                     .....
443                                     .....
444                                     .....
445                                     .....
446                                     .....
447                                     .....

```

```

448 .:=:...:-=-:*%##=-=.
      :==:*#####%#+=+#
+-----#*----++###++*+=+*%##+-==
449       :==:+####%@@@ @@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@%%#####*=--+=
450     -==:-::-+=-=%%%%%%%%% %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%##*=-++=-::+=
451     ===-::-:-::-:-=-=-+##
    #####%*****:-=====:-+++,.
452       :+===:-=====-=:.-+:.:
    =:..-...:-:::-==+=++++=-=++++,.
453         ,.+=====:------:=-   :-++-:-:-+=-----++++=-+++++.
454         ,.+=====-----:-   -----:-=====+++++++=====+.
455         ,.+=====-----          -----+=+++++-.
456         ,.+=====::::::::::   -----=====+-
457         ,.+=-::::::::::.....   ::::::::::-----=+:
458         ,.==-::::::::::.....   :::::::::-=++:.
459         :+=-::::::::::   :::::::::-=+=,.
460         .-+++++=   =====+,.
        )" << endl << endl;
461 string outro[] =
462 {
463     R"(
464 "Well... that was a mess. Something hit you, or bit you, or maybe just
    looked at you funny. Either w a y youre dead. Again."
465 "I can patch you up and toss you back in, if you're feeling brave.
466 Or I can summon someone new. Up to you, bones.)",
467 R"(
468 "Oof. That went about as well as a wet fireball scroll. You crumbled
    like stale bread in a windstorm."
469 "Want another go? I can bring you back same bones, new regrets. Or
470 I can try raising a slightly smarter skeleton. Your call.")",
471 R"(
472 "And down you go! Collapsed in a heap like a spooky lawn ornament.
    Impressive, in a please never do that again kind of way."
473 "I can revive you, if you're into that whole 'unfinished business'
474 vibe. Or I could just summon a replacement. Less work for me.")",
475 R"(
476 "Well, that escalated... poorly. Whatever happened in there, it
    clearly involved some screaming and regrettable choices."
477 "Want to try again? I ll fix you up, throw you back in. Or we cut
478 our losses and I conjure someone less breakable.")",
479 R"(
480 "Aaand you're dead. Again. You're really making skeletons look
    bad here, y know ."
481 "But h e y Im generous. I can bring you back. Or, if youd rather
482 call it a day, I ll just animate the next unlucky soul. Deal?")"
483 };
484 //cout << outro[d20(rng)%5] << endl << endl;
485 typeWrite(outro[d20(rng)%5],30);
486 }
487 void printCredits()
488 {
489     string credits = R(
490 "See you next time Bone-Brains!"

```

```

496 Credits:
497
498
499 Tylar Wolff: Master of world creation, map design and generation, resident
      Dungeon Builder
500
501 Madelyn Kempka: Empress of Shopkeeping, shop designer, resident merchant
502
503 Ethan Jackson: Godfather of monsters, lore, and art, resident monster
      summoner
504
505 Michael Plumlee: Overlord of the Dungeon, item designer and the one to put
      the
506 code together, only CS major, resident Blacksmith
507
508 ChatGPT: Chief of assistance, provided assistance when needed, created
      Johnny
509 ASCII Art, resident Dungeon Ghost
510
511           Thanks for playing!
512
513           _--^~^#####//      \\#####^~^--_
514           _-^#####// (      ) \\#####^~^--_
515           -#####// |\\^~/| \\#####-
516           _/#####// (@::~@) \\#####\
517           /#####(( \\// ) #####\
518           -#####\\ (oo) //#####-
519           -#####\\ / UUU \ //#####-
520           -#####\\ / ( ) \\//#####-
521           _/#####/ ( ) \#####\
522           /#####( ( ) ) #####\
523           -#####\ \ / /#####-
524           -#####\ \ / /#####-
525           -#####\ | | /#####-
526           -#####\ | | /#####-
527           -#####\ | | /#####-
528           -#####\ | | /#####-
529           -#####/#####-
530           -#####/#####-
531           -#####/#####-
532           -#####/#####-
533           -#####/#####-
534           -#####/#####-
535           -/#####-);
536 typeWrite(credits, 30);
537 }
538
539 void typeWrite(const std::string& text, unsigned int delayMs)
540 {
541     using namespace std::chrono_literals; // for 30ms syntax
542     // Make sure output shows up immediately.
543     std::cout << std::flush;
544
545     for (char ch : text)

```

```
546     {  
547         std::cout << ch << std::flush;                // print + flush  
548         std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::milliseconds(delayMs));  
549     }  
550 }
```

Listing 2: main.cpp implementation