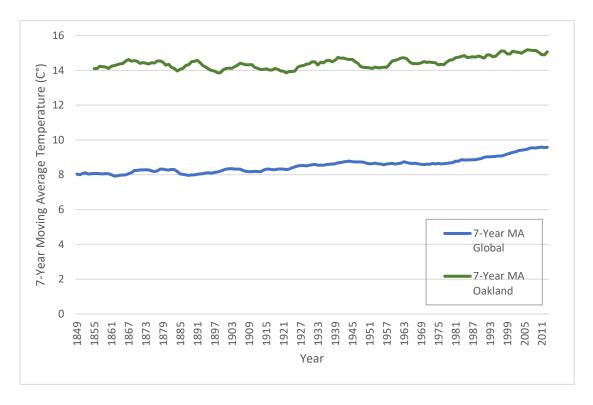
Project 1: Explore Weather Trends

Data Comparisons for Global Average Temperature and Oakland Average Temperature

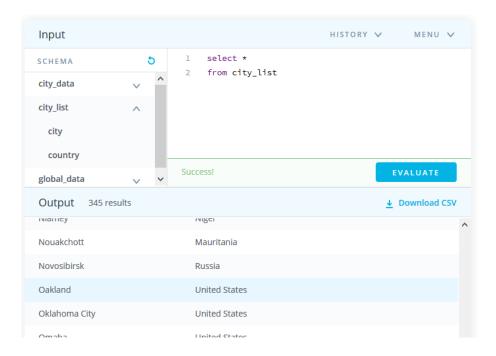
By Michael Reddell

In order to examine weather trends between global temperatures (as measured in Celsius) and local weather temperatures (Oakland, California, USA), data from the years 1750 to 2015 was collected from Udacity's weather database. Due to not having enough data, Oakland data was only used from the years 1849 to 2013. Oakland was found to be, on average, hotter than global temperatures by about 6°C. Between the years of 1882 and 1900, average Oakland temperatures increased and then decreased while in contrast, average global temperatures decreased and then increased. Differences between Oakland average temperatures and global average temperatures stayed fairly consistent over time. An overall trend of an increasing average temperature was found between the years of 1849 and 2013 for both Oakland and global data. Average temperatures for Oakland remained between 13.5°C and 15.5°C. Average temperatures globally remained between 8°C and 10°C. From 1849 to 1915, average temperatures for both data sets remained relatively stagnant. The largest increase in average temperature was observed from 1915 to 2013 in both data sets.

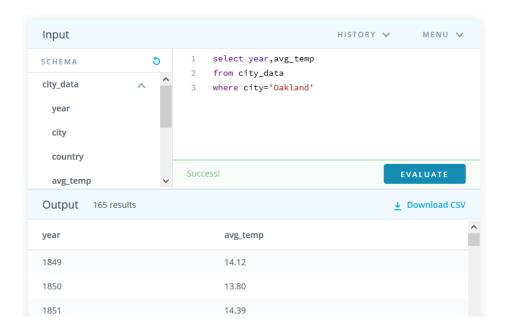


1. Step 1: Extracting Data – data was extracted online from the Udacity database using two SQL queries and then exporting them as CSV files.

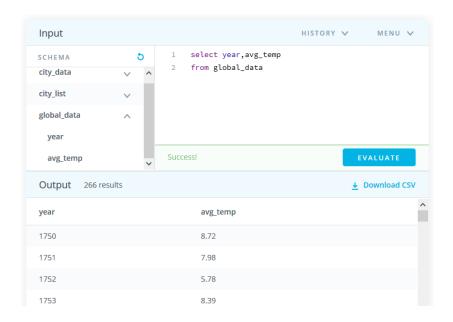
*prior to extracting data, user used SQL to examine the city_list column in order to choose a local major city. Oakland, California, USA was selected.



*year and avg_temp was then extracted from city_data for Oakland

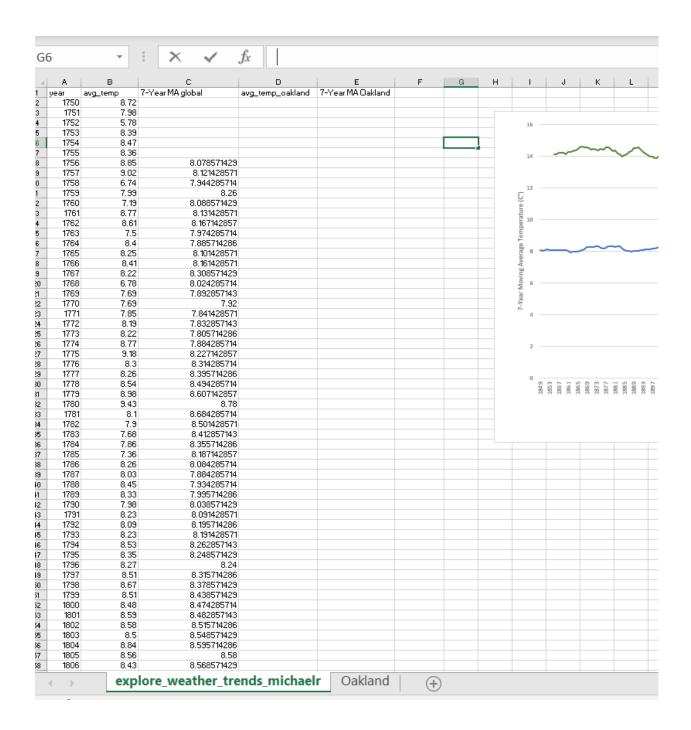


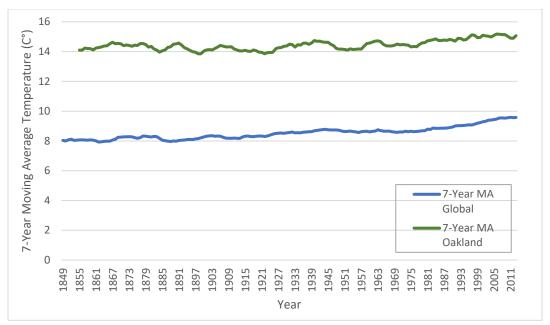
*year and avg_temp was then extracted from global_data



Step 2: Open up the CSV - both CSV files were opened using Microsoft Excel for Office 365.

Step 3: Create a line chart – average temperature was copied from the Oakland file to a new column in the Global file. Temperatures were started at the year 1849 since data from prior years were unavailable. Two new columns were created that were named "7-Year MA Global" and "7-Year MA Oakland". These two columns were to represent the 7-year moving averages. In Excel, data for the first 7 years for global average temperature was selected and an average was calculated in excel and entered in the 7-year ma global column. The same formula was used for the average Oakland temperature data and put into the 7-year ma column for Oakland. Next, a line chart was created using data from both of the 7-year moving average columns for the years 1849 to 2013.





Notes and Observations: When deciding how to visualize trends, I followed the directions that told to use a line chart. At first I charted the data from 1750 to 2015 but then changed it to only include the years for the data that I had for both Oakland and globally. I wanted to make sure the chart looked easy to read and added a legend, the years on the x-axis, and a description of the y-axis which was "7-Year Moving Average Temperatures" since that was the data that I put into my line chart.