# Software and errors

Michael Nowak

Texas A&M University

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Acknowledgement: Some lecture slides based on those created by Bjarne \\ Stroustrup for use with his textbook \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
Overview
    Software
    Nature of programming
       Machine language
       Assembly language
       Higher-level languages
    C++ Compilation
    Errors
```

Sources of errors Your program

Kinds of errors

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Syntax errors

Type errors

Link-time errors

Run-time errors

Detected by the computer

Detected by a library

Detected by user-code

Local

Non-local

Logic errors References

### Overview Software

# Software

- ► Software are the programs that run on the hardware
- ▶ Like hardware, can be seen as having multiple components:
  - ► The BIOS (basic input/oputput system) is the base layer that provides computer initial instructions for what to do when powered on
  - Operating system is responsible for controlling the operations of the machine, how the user interacts with it, reading/writing files to disk, and loading and starting other programs
  - ► Application and utility programs are those that the user runs, such as your email client or web browser

Nature of programming Machine language Assembly language Higher-level languages

# Nature of programming

- ▶ Every piece of software is written by a programmer, but
  - ▶ what is programming, and
  - ▶ how do we do it?
- At the fundamental level, during each cycle, the computer loads an instruction and executes it

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# Machine language

- ► Each instruction is encoded as a binary sequence of numbers; the language of these instructions is known as *machine* language
- ► For instance, using the MIPs machine language, we could write the equation wage = rate \* hours as:

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# Assembly language

- Assembly language has an assembly instruction for each machine language instruction
- Unlike machine language, assembly language is entered as mnemonics (i.e., words) that describe what they do
- For instance, we could write the equation wage = rate \* hours as:

```
lw $s0, $s2, 0
lw $s1, $s3, 0
mult $s2, $s3, $s4
sw $s4, $s5, 0
```

▶ In order for the assembly language to be understood by the computer, we use an *assembler* to translate from assembly language to machine language

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# Higher-level languages

- ► It is hard for a programmer to express ideas in machine language and assembly language
- ► Higher-level languages use more complete mnemonics and allow more complex organization of ideas
- ► In C++, provided that wage had been declared, and rate and hours had been defined, we could simply write the following statement in our program:

```
wage = rate * hours;
```

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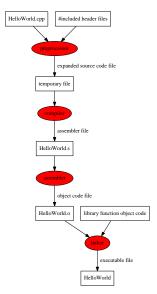
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# C++ Compilation Processes



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### Errors

- ► When we write programs, errors are natural and unavoidable; the question is, how do we deal with them?
  - Organize software to minimize errors
  - ▶ Eliminate most of the errors we made anyway
    - Debugging
    - ► Testing

"My guess is that avoiding, finding, and correcting errors is 95% or more of the effort for serious software development."

- Bjarne Stroustrup

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## Sources of errors

- Poor specification
  - ▶ "What s this suppose to do?"
- ► Incomplete programs
  - "but I II get around to it... tomorrow..."
- Unexpected arguments to functions
  - ▶ "but sqrt() isn t suppose to be called with -1 as its argument"
- ▶ Unexpected input
  - "but the user was suppose to input an integer"
- Code that simply doesn t do what it was supposed to do
  - ▶ "so fix it..."

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- ► Should give reasonable error messages for all illegal inputs

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- ▶ Need not worry about misbehaving system software

- ► Should produce the desired results for all legal inputs
- ► Should give reasonable error messages for all illegal inputs
- Need not worry about misbehaving hardware
- ▶ Need not worry about misbehaving system software
- ▶ Is allowed to terminate after finding an error

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Compile-time errors Errors found by the compiler

- ► Syntax errors
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Link-time errors Errors found by the linker when it is trying to combine object files into an executable program

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Run-time errors Errors found by checks made during a running program; that is, errors detected by

- the computer (hardware and/or the operating system)
- ▶ by a library (e.g., the standard library)
- by user code

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Logic errors Errors found by the programmer looking for the causes of erroneous results

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# Compile-time errors : Syntax errors

```
#include <iostream>
                                          Desktop/LX Errors-Exceptions/code
                                          % g6 CompileTimeErrors1.cpp
#include <vector>
                                          CompileTimeErrors1.cpp: In function 'int main()':
                                          CompileTimeErrors1.cpp:12:5: error: expected ';' before 'r
#include <string>
                                          eturn'
using namespace std;
                                              return 0:
int main ( ) {
     string first_name = "Michael";
     string last_name = "Nowak";
     string full_name = first_name + 'u' + last_name;
     cout << full name << endl
     return 0:
```

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# Compile-time errors : Type errors

return 0:

```
Desktop/LX Errors-Exceptions/code
                                                    % g6 CompileTimeErrors2.cpp
                                                    CompileTimeErrors2.cpp: In function 'int main()':
                                                    CompileTimeErrors2.cpp:11:34: error: no match for 'operato
#include <iostream>
                                                    r-' (operand types are 'std::__cxx11::string {aka std::__c
#include <vector>
                                                    xx11::basic_string<char>}' and 'std::__cxx11::string {aka
                                                    std:: cxx11::basic string<char>}')
#include <string>
                                                         string sub_name = first_name - last_name;
using namespace std;
                                                    In file included from /usr/local/Cellar/gcc/6.2.0/include/
                                                    c++/6.2.0/bits/stl algobase.h:67:0.
                                                                   from /usr/local/Cellar/gcc/6.2.0/include/
                                                    c++/6.2.0/bits/char_traits.h:39.
int main ( ) {
                                                                   from /usr/local/Cellar/gcc/6.2.0/include/
                                                    c++/6.2.0/ios:40,
       string first name = "Michael
                                                                   from /usr/local/Cellar/gcc/6.2.0/include/
       string last name = "Nowak";
                                                    c++/6.2.0/ostream:38,
                                                                   from /usr/local/Cellar/gcc/6.2.0/include/
                                                    c++/6 2 0/instraam:30
       string sub name = first name - last name;
       cout << sub name;
```

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### Link-time errors

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
                                              Desktop/LX Errors-Exceptions/code
#include <string>
                                              % g6 LinkTimeErrors1.cpp
                                              Undefined symbols for architecture x86 64:
using namespace std:
                                               "make full name(std:: cxx11::basic string<char. std::ch
                                              ar_traits<char>, std::allocator<char> >, std::__cxx11::bas
                                              ic string<char, std::char traits<char>, std::allocator<cha
                                              r> >)". referenced from:
                                                  main in ccvmwpd9.o
      declaration, for an undefine ld: symbol(s) not found for architecture x86_64
                                              collect2: error: ld returned 1 exit status
string make_full_name (string f, string l):
int main ( ) {
      string first name = "Michael";
      string last name = "Nowak";
      string full_name = make_full_name(first_name, last_name);
      return 0:
```

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### Detected by the computer

Detected by a library

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# Run-time errors: detected by the computer

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int main ( ) {
    int x = -1:
    int y = 0:
        divide by zero
    int z = x / y;
    cout << z:
    return 0;
```

```
Desktop/LX Errors-Exceptions/code
% g6 RunTimeErrors1.cpp
Desktop/LX Errors-Exceptions/code
% ./a.out
      46493 floating point exception ./a.out
```

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# Run-time errors: detected by a library

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
                                             Desktop/LX_Errors-Exceptions/code
using namespace std;
                                             % g6 RunTimeErrors2.cpp
                                             Desktop/LX_Errors-Exceptions/code
                                             % ./a.out
int main ( ) {
                                             terminate called after throwing an instance of 'std::out_o
                                               what(): vector::_M_range_check: __n (which is 10) >= th
      vector < int > v(10);
                                             is->size() (which is 10)
                                             0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 [1]
                                                               50620 abort
                                                                              ./a.out
           when we are at v.size(), we are out of
           v's range of elements
      */
      for (int i = 0; i \le v.size(); ++i)
           cout << v.at(i) << ''':
      return 0:
```

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### Detected by user-code

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# Run-time errors: detected by user-code

► We can find errors through various checks made during a running program...

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## Local run-time errors

► Easy to do for local run-time errors

```
int i;
std::cin >> i;
if (i < 0)
    return 1;</pre>
```

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### Non-local run-time errors

▶ How can we handle non-local errors during run-time?

```
// necessary #includes ...
int area (int length , int width) { return length * width; }
int framed_area (int x, int y) { return area(x-2, y-2); }
int main ( ) {
    int x = -1:
    int y = 2:
    int z = 4:
    // ...
    int area 1 = area(x, y);
    int area2 = framed_area(1, z);
    int area3 = framed_area(y, z);
    double ratio = double(area1)/area3;
    return 0:
```

▶ Need some means of error reporting... will discuss this shortly

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```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
 using namespace std;
 int main ( ) {
            vector < double > temps \{-16.5, -23.2, -24.0, -25.7, -26.1, -18.6, -9.7, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4, -2.4,
                        7.5. 12.6. 23.8. 25.3. 28.0. 34.8. 36.7. 41.5. 40.3. 42.6. 39.7. 35.4.
                       12.6.6.5.-3.7.-14.3:
                                                                                                                                                                          Desktop/LX_Errors-Exceptions/code
                                                                                                                                                                         % g6 LogicErrors1.cpp
            double sum = 0:
            double high temp = 0:
            double low temp = 0:
                                                                                                                                                                          Desktop/LX_Errors-Exceptions/code
                                                                                                                                                                         % ./a.out
             for (double t : temps) {
                                                                                                                                                                          -16.5 -23.2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      -24
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            -25.7
                        if (t > high temp) high temp = t;
                                                                                                                                                                          -26.1 -18.6 -9.7 -2.4
                       if (t < low temp) low temp = t;
                                                                                                                                                                         7.5 12.6 23.8 25.3
                       sum += t;
                                                                                                                                                                          28 34.8 36.7 41.5
                                                                                                                                                                          40.3 42.6 39.7 35.4
                                                                                                                                                                         12.6 6.5 -3.7 -14.3
            double avg temp = sum/temps.size();
             for (int i = 1; i \le temps.size(); ++ i) {
                                                                                                                                                                         High temperature: 42.6
                       cout << temps.at(i-1) << '\t';
                                                                                                                                                                         Low temperature: -26.1
                       if (i % 4 \Longrightarrow 0) cout << endl:
                                                                                                                                                                          Average temperature: 9,29583
            cout << endl:
            cout << "High. temperature:.." << high temp << endl:
            cout << "Low_temperature:.." << low temp << endl:
            cout << "Average_temperature:_" << avg_temp << endl;
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
int main ( ) {
    vector < double > temps {76.5, 73.5, 71.0, 73.6, 70.1, 73.5, 77.6, 85.3, 88.5,
        91.7. 95.9. 99.2. 98.2. 100.6. 106.3. 112.4. 110.2. 103.6. 94.9. 91.7.
        88.4. 85.2. 85.4. 87.7}:
                                                            Desktop/LX_Errors-Exceptions/code
                                                            % g6 LogicErrors2.cpp
    double sum = 0:
    double high temp = 0:
    double low temp = 0:
                                                            Desktop/LX_Errors-Exceptions/code
                                                            % ./a.out
    for (double t : temps) {
                                                            76.5
                                                                    73.5
                                                                            71
                                                                                    73.6
        if (t > high temp) high temp = t;
                                                            70.1 73.5
                                                                           77.6
                                                                                    85.3
        if (t < low temp) low temp = t;
                                                            88.5 91.7
                                                                            95.9
                                                                                    99.2
        sum += t;
                                                            98.2 100.6 106.3
                                                                                   112.4
                                                            110.2 103.6
                                                                            94.9
                                                                                    91.7
                                                                    85.2
                                                                                    87.7
                                                            88.4
                                                                            85.4
    double avg temp = sum/temps.size();
    for (int i = 1; i \le temps.size(); ++ i) {
                                                            High temperature: 112.4
        cout << temps.at(i-1) << '\t';
                                                            Low temperature: 0
        if (i % 4 \Longrightarrow 0) cout << endl:
                                                            Average temperature: 89.2083
    cout << endl:
    cout << "High. temperature:.." << high temp << endl:
    cout << "Low_temperature:.." << low temp << endl:
    cout << "Average_temperature:_" << avg_temp << endl;
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
int main ( ) {
    vector < double > temps {76.5, 73.5, 71.0, 73.6, 70.1, 73.5, 77.6, 85.3, 88.5,
        91.7. 95.9. 99.2. 98.2. 100.6. 106.3. 112.4. 110.2. 103.6. 94.9. 91.7.
        88.4. 85.2. 85.4. 87.7}:
                                                             Desktop/LX Errors-Exceptions/code
                                                             % g6 LogicErrors2Cord.cop
    double sum = 0:
    double high temp = temps [0]:
                                                             Desktop/LX Errors-Exceptions/code
    double low temp = temps[0]:
                                                            % ./a.out
                                                             76.5
                                                                    73.5
                                                                            71
                                                                                    73.6
    for (double t : temps) {
                                                            70.1
                                                                    73.5 77.6
                                                                                    85.3
        if (t > high temp) high temp = t;
                                                            88.5 91.7
                                                                            95.9
                                                                                    99.2
        if (t < low temp) low temp = t;
                                                            98.2
                                                                    100.6 106.3 112.4
        sum += t;
                                                            110.2
                                                                    103.6
                                                                            94.9
                                                                                    91.7
                                                             88.4
                                                                     85.2
                                                                            85.4
                                                                                    87.7
    double avg temp = sum/temps.size();
                                                             High temperature: 112.4
    for (int i = 1; i \le temps.size(); ++ i) {
                                                            Low temperature: 70.1
        cout << temps.at(i-1) << '\t';
                                                             Average temperature: 89.2083
        if (i % 4 \Longrightarrow 0) cout << endl:
    cout << endl:
    cout << "High. temperature:.." << high temp << endl:
    cout << "Low_temperature:.." << low temp << endl:
    cout << "Average_temperature:_" << avg_temp << endl;
```

Software

Nature of programming

Machine language

Assembly language

Higher-level languages

C++ Compilation

Errors

Sources of errors

Kinds of orrors

Compile-time errors

Syntax errors

Type errors

Link-time errors

Run-time errors

Detected by the computer

Detected by a library

Detected by user-code

Local

on-loca

### References

- ► Lippman, B., Lajoie, Josee, & Moo, B. E. (2016). *C++* primer (5th ed.). Addison-Wesley.
- ► Stroustrup, B. (2014). *Programming: principles and practice using C++* (2nd ed.). Addison-Wesley.