# ICAP Securities USA LLC and Subsidiaries

(SEC I.D. No. 8-37947)

**Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition** 

**December 31, 2018** 

# U.S. Department of the Treasury Washington, D.C. 20220

OMB APPROVAL OMB # 1535-0089

### ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM G-405 PART III

Information Required of Government Securities
Brokers and Dealers
Pursuant to Section 15C of the Securities
Exchange Act of 1934, SEC Rule 17a-5 and 17 CFR 405.2

SE	C FILE NUMBER
8-	37947

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	1/1/2018 AND END MMDDYYYY	DING 12/31/18 MMDDYYYY	8
	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION		
NAME OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES I	BROKER OR DEALER:	OFFIC!	AL USE ONLY
ICAP Securities US	A LLC	FIF	RM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 200 Vesey Street,			
	(No. and Street)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
New York	NY		10285
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PI Luciano Soldiviero		84-6355	
	(Area Code - To	elephone No.)	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT v (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del> </del>	
Deloitte & Touche L	LP		
30 Rockefeller Plaz	a New York	NY	10112
(Address)	(Cily)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:  Certified Public Accountant  Accountant not resid	ountant lent in United States or any of its possessions		
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		<del></del>	

<sup>\*</sup> Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis of the exemption. (See 17 CFR 240.17a-5(e)(2), 17 CFR 405.2)

#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

knowled	, Christian Pezeu , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of needge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm CAP Securities USA LLC , as of December 31 in the year 201
	e and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except lows:
_	NONE
-	
NOTAF	GLENN KESSLER  RY PUBLIC OF NEW JERSEY  Chief Financial Officer
My Co	Ommission Expires 8/30/2021
_/	3)1 20/9 Notary Public
/	Hotely Futility
This repo	ort * * contains (check all applicable boxes)
	<ul> <li>(a) Facing page.</li> <li>(b) Statement of Financial Condition.</li> <li>(c) Statement of Income (Loss).</li> <li>(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.</li> <li>(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or</li> </ul>
	Sole Proprietor's Capital.  (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.  (g) Computation of Capital.  (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant
	to SEC Rule 15c3-3 and 17 CFR 403.4.  (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements
	under SEC Rule 15c3-3 and 17 CFR 403.4  (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Capital Under 17 CFR 402.2 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A
	if SEC Rule 15c3-3.  (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
	(i) An Oath or Affirmation.  (ii) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
	* * For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see 17 CFR 240.17a-5(e)(3), 17 CFR 405.2.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 12 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to: Bureau of the Public Debt, Government Securities Regulations Staff, Room 315, 999 E Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20239-0001; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 1535-0089 Washington, DC 20503.

# **ICAP Securities USA LLC and Subsidiaries**

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Member of ICAP Securities USA LLC and Subsidiaries

#### **Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statement**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statement of financial condition of ICAP Securities USA LLC and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2018, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statement"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2018, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

The consolidated financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this consolidated financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statement. We believe that our audit of the consolidated financial statement provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Debritte & Touche LLP

March 1, 2019

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2017.

# **ICAP Securities USA LLC and Subsidiaries**

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2018**

(dollars in thousands)

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 91,413
Cash segregated under federal regulations	4,800
Deposits with clearing organizations	52,989
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	7,213
Securities borrowed	1,003,686
Receivable from brokers dealers and clearing organizations	153,402
Receivable from customers	22,333
Commissions receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$659	29,901
Receivable from affiliates	2,360
Exchange and trading memberships	1,185
Goodwill	2,312
Prepaid expenses and other assets	 6,799
Total assets	 1,378,393
Liabilities and Member's Equity	
Liabilities	
Securities loaned	1,012,533
Payable to brokers, dealers and clearing organizations	30,417
Payable to customers	115,786
Payable to affiliates	13,093
Accrued personnel costs	25,994
Accrued expenses and accounts payable	6,385
Income taxes payable to affiliate	1,055
Total liabilities	1,205,263
Member's equity	 173,130
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 1,378,393

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition.

(dollars in thousands)

#### 1. Organization

ICAP Securities USA LLC (the "Company") and its direct wholly owned subsidiaries, ICAP Corporates LLC ("Corporates"), and LinkBrokers Derivatives LLC ("Link"), (the subsidiaries are collectively referred to herein as the "Subsidiaries", and the Group and Subsidiaries together are referred to herein as the "Group") are Delaware limited liability companies. The sole Member of the Group is ICAP Broking Holdings North America LLC ("IBHNA"). IBHNA has one Member ICAP US Financial Services LLC ("IUFS"). IUFS has two Members, ICAP Global Broking Investments ("IGBINV") and ICAP Global Broking Inc. ("IGBI"), with IGBINV being a wholly owned subsidiary of IGBI. IGBI's direct parent TP ICAP Americas Holdings Inc. ("TPIAHI") is a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of TP ICAP plc, and therefore the Group is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of TP ICAP plc.

TP ICAP plc is a public company registered in the United Kingdom that engages principally as an intermediary in global financial, energy and commodity markets. In its intermediary role, TP ICAP plc provides access to dynamic and efficient markets that enhance the flow of capital, energy and commodities around the world.

The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as a government securities broker-dealer under the provisions of the Government Securities Act of 1986, and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority Inc. ("FINRA"). The Company, headquartered in New Jersey and with an office in London, is a broker of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds, and obligations of U.S. Governmental agencies, and repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements covering U.S. Government and Federal agency securities.

Corporates is a broker-dealer registered with the SEC and is a member of FINRA. Corporates is also registered as a non-clearing Independent Introducing Broker ("IB") with the Commodities Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC"), is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA"), and is also a member of various exchanges (see Note 2(b)).

Corporates operates primarily in the interdealer market in bonds listed on the New York and American Stock Exchanges, over the counter corporate bonds, preferred stock, equity securities, credit and equity derivatives, certificates of deposits, collateralized mortgage obligations and other asset-backed corporate debt securities. Corporates self clears transactions in certain products, and has also entered into fully disclosed clearing agreements with third parties to clear certain products.

#### **Brokerage capacities**

In certain products, members of the Group act in the capacity of "matched principal" or "name give-up."

When acting in the capacity of "matched principal", the Group member acts as a "middleman" or intermediary by serving as the counterparty for identified buyers and sellers in the matching, in whole or in part, of reciprocal back-to-back trades.

(dollars in thousands)

When acting in the "name give-up" capacity, the Group member acts in an agency capacity, whereby it connects buyers and sellers and may assist in the negotiation of the price and other material terms of the transaction. At the point at which the parties agree to terms, the Group member leaves the buyer and seller to clear and settle through the appropriate market mechanism.

In certain markets, members of the Group may also facilitate its clients by acting as the executing broker of exchange products. Certain of these transactions are introduced to a clearing firm for settlement and clearance, and in others the Group member may self-clear the transaction.

#### **Commissions**

The Group is generally compensated for its role in facilitating and consummating transactions by charging a brokerage fee. In "matched principal" market places the fee typically takes the form of a markup or markdown which is added to or subtracted from, as the case may be, the agreed-to transaction price. In "name give-up" market places and for other agency transactions the fee will typically take the form of a commission. Commission income is recorded on a trade date basis.

In addition, in certain fixed income markets, the Group may when acting in a "matched principal" capacity, earn a profit by buying a financial instrument at one price and simultaneously or shortly thereafter selling it at a higher price (or vice versa), such that the Group receives the benefit of the "spread" on the trade in addition to any markup or markdown it charges.

#### **Unmatched Principal Transactions**

The Group may and does from time to time acquire unmatched positions as principal, including but not limited to, in the following scenarios:

- (1) The Group posts or provides live, executable bids and offers at minimum acceptable quantities, based on expressions of client interest. Sometimes the act of posting or providing quotations may result in the Group acquiring a position as principal on an unmatched trade;
- (2) Resulting from errors or out trades. From time to time, as a result of a bona fide error the Group may in "matched principal" market places acquire a position in resolution of such error (this may also occur when the Group is acting as agent in an exchange based marketplace); and
- (3) Executing or facilitating customer orders. This includes, but is not limited to, acquiring a position (i) resulting from partial mismatches in timing between multiple buyers and sellers when facilitating customer orders, and/or (ii) prior to a position being novated, given-up or settled by the relevant customer(s) and/or for the purposes of gaining the customer(s) access to any applicable clearing and settlement system.

In connection with acquiring positions from unmatched principal transactions and erroneous agency transactions, the Group, while managing and liquidating such positions, may generate a profit or a loss.

(dollars in thousands)

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of presentation

The Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated upon consolidation. The U.S. Dollar is the functional currency of the Group and its subsidiaries. In the opinion of management, the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition includes all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position at December 31, 2018.

#### Use of Estimates

Preparation of the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition. Significant estimates include goodwill, realizability of deferred tax assets and related allowance, and allowance for receivables. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Revenue Recognition

The Group adopted ASC 606 Revenue Recognition on Contracts with Customers ("the new revenue recognition standard") on January 1, 2018.

The Group acts as an intermediary in the wholesale financial markets and therefore acts in a matched principal, or agency role. The Group also earns revenue from data sales.

Matched principal transactions - The Group acts as a "middleman" by serving as the counterparty for identified buyers and sellers in matching reciprocal back to back trades. The buyers and sellers in these transactions have agreed to the performance obligation details of price and quantity for the securities being traded. Principal transactions revenue is derived from the spread of the buy and sell transactions. Principal transactions revenue is recognized on a trade date basis once the details of the performance obligation are met and transfer of control of the securities is established between the customers. Principal transaction revenues are generally paid on settlement date (typically one or two days after trade date), therefore the Group records a receivable between trade date and payment on settlement date.

Agency commissions – The Group acts in an agency capacity, by connecting buyers and sellers. When the buyers and sellers agree to price and other terms of the transaction, the Group's performance obligation is met and it leaves both parties, to clear and settle through the appropriate market mechanism. In agency transactions, the Group charges commission for executing transactions between buyers and sellers. Agency commissions revenue and related expenses are recognized on trade date. The Group accounts for agency commissions on an accrual basis and therefore records a receivable between trade date and payment date (the date customer invoice payments are received).

(dollars in thousands)

Data sales- The Group earns data sales revenues from providing trading information to financial institutions. Data sales revenue is recognized upon usage or availability of data. The Group's performance obligation related to these sales does not go beyond providing data to its customers. Data sales revenues are generally recognized over the period that the related service is provided. The timing of the Group's revenue recognition may differ from the timing of payment by customers. The Group records a receivable when revenue is recognized prior to payment, and conversely when the customer is billed in advance or payment precedes the Group's service obligation, deferred revenue is recorded until the Group's performance obligations are satisfied. The Group did not have any deferred revenue as of December 31, 2018.

Due to the nature of its business, related performance obligations and the transfer of control in services to its customers the Group has determined that the accounting for revenues earned from its businesses has not been materially impacted by the adoption of this new standard. Additionally, the adoption of the new revenue recognition standard did not have a material impact on the Group's financial condition.

#### **Lease Accounting**

The Group has evaluated ASC 842 Lease Accounting ("the new lease accounting standard"), and has determined that adoption of this new standard and the accounting for leases will not materially impact its broking business. Additionally, adoption of the new lease accounting standard did not have a material impact on the Group's financial condition.

#### Restricted cash

The Group has adopted ASC 230 ("Statement of Cash Flows - Restricted Cash"). This ASC requires cash segregated for regulatory and other purposes be included in cash and cash equivalents disclosed in the statement of cash flows.

#### (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2018 includes \$96,213 of cash held in demand deposit accounts by two major financial institutions. The Group considers short-term interest bearing investments with initial maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2018, the Group had a cash balance that exceeded the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") limit of \$250.

#### (b) Cash Segregated Under Federal Regulations

Cash in the amount of \$3,500 has been segregated in a special reserve bank account for the benefit of customers under SEC Rule 15c3-3 (see Note 10). The Company and Corporates compute a PAB Reserve, which requires that they both maintain minimum segregated cash in the amount of total credits per the Reserve Computation. As of December 31, 2018, cash in the amount of \$300 and \$1,000 has been segregated in proprietary accounts of broker-dealers ("PAB") reserve accounts by Corporates and the Company respectively. The segregated cash

(dollars in thousands)

held in both the special reserve bank account for the exclusive benefit of customers and the PAB reserve account meet the requirement pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3.

#### (c) Exchange and Trading Memberships

The Company and Corporates own membership shares in the Depository Trust Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). The membership shares are subject to restriction. The Company and Corporates carry these restricted shares at cost of approximately \$916 and \$85 respectively. Additionally, Corporates owns two trading memberships with the Intercontinental Exchange Inc.("ICE"). The membership shares are subject to restriction. The Group carries these restricted shares at cost of approximately \$2.

Corporates also owns a CBOT trading membership seat. Corporates carries this membership seat at cost of \$182.

The Company and Corporates are required to hold these shares and trading memberships in order to maintain their trading membership privileges. The Group and Corporates performed an annual impairment review and determined that there was no impairment of the shares or the trading membership seat.

#### (d) Securities Transactions

Security transactions are recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition on a trade date basis; Customers' securities transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis with commissions and the related expense recorded on a trade date basis.

Securities owned are recorded at fair value.

#### (e) Collateralized Financing Agreements

Securities borrowed and securities loaned are recorded at the amount of cash collateral advanced or received. Securities borrowed transactions require Corporates to deposit cash with the lender. With respect to securities loaned, Corporates receives collateral in the form of cash. The amount of collateral required to be deposited for securities borrowed or received for securities loaned is an amount generally in excess of the market value of the applicable securities. Corporates monitors the market value of securities borrowed and loaned daily, with additional collateral obtained or refunded as appropriate. The amount of collateral received and delivered under these agreements approximates the amounts on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition. Securities borrowed and securities loaned are presented on a gross basis in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition.

Transactions involving purchases of securities under agreements to resell (reverse repurchase agreements or reverse repos) or sales of securities under agreements to repurchase (repurchase agreements or repos) are accounted for as collateralized financings except where the Group does not have an agreement to sell (or purchase) the same or substantially the same securities before maturity at a fixed or determinable price. It is the policy of the Group to obtain possession of collateral with a market value equal to or in excess of the principal amount loaned under resale

(dollars in thousands)

agreements. Collateral is valued daily and the Group may require counterparties to deposit additional collateral or return collateral pledged, when appropriate.

The Group's repurchase agreements are carried at the amounts of cash advanced or received, plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value.

#### (f) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of amounts paid for acquiring businesses over the fair value of the net assets acquired. The Group tests goodwill for impairment on an annual basis and more frequently when certain events or circumstances exist. Impairment is the condition that exists when the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds its fair value. Impairment is tested at the reporting unit level. If the estimated fair value exceeds the carrying value of the reporting unit, goodwill at the reporting unit level is not impaired. If the estimated fair value is below the carrying value, further analysis is required to determine the amount of impairment. In performing its assessment for impairment of goodwill, the Group is required to make estimates and assumptions in order to determine the fair value of reporting units and projected future earnings using various valuation techniques. The Group uses its best judgement and information available to it at the time to perform this review. Upon completing its annual review, the Group concluded that there was no impairment to goodwill as of December 31, 2018.

#### (g) Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Prepaid expenses and other assets primarily represent unamortized compensation expense associated with sign-on bonuses and forgivable loans which are amortized over the life if the employment contracts.

#### (h) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

An allowance for doubtful accounts on commissions receivable is maintained at a level that in management's judgment is adequate to absorb expected credit losses. The allowance is increased by provisions charged to income and is reduced by charge-offs. As of December 31, 2018, there was an allowance of \$659.

#### (i) Income Taxes

The Group is included in the consolidated U.S. federal and combined state and local income tax returns of TPIAHI as a division of ICAP Global Broking Inc. "IGBI" and calculates the provision for income taxes by using a "separate return" method as modified to apply the "benefits-for-loss" approach. Under this approach, the provision for income taxes is computed as if the company filed on a separate tax return basis and is then adjusted to reflect the periodic reimbursement for any tax benefits received or generated by the Group.

The Group recognizes the current and deferred tax consequences of all transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements using the provisions of the enacted tax laws. In this

(dollars in thousands)

regard, deferred tax assets are recognized for temporary differences that will result in deductible amounts in future years and for tax loss carryforwards, if in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will be realized. A valuation allowance is required for any component of net deferred tax assets which does not meet the "more likely than not" criterion for realization and the need for a valuation allowance is assessed on the basis of the Group's projected separate return results modified to apply the benefits-for-loss approach. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for temporary differences that will result in taxable income in future years.

#### 3. Income Taxes

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"). The specific law changes that impacted the Group in 2018, were the reduction of the US federal corporate tax rate to 21 percent and elimination of the deductibility of client entertainment expenses.

The Tax Act reduces the federal corporate tax rate to 21 percent beginning after December 31, 2018. Section 15 of the Internal Revenue Code stipulates that our tax fiscal year ending March 31, 2018, will have a blended corporate tax rate of 31.5 percent, which is based on the applicable tax rates before and after the Tax Act and the number of days in the year. For all periods after March 31, 2018, Group will be subject to a 21 percent US federal corporate tax rate.

The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2018, is 32.16%. The effective tax rate differs from the federal statutory tax rate primarily due to the increases in the impact of state and local income taxes of 7.56%, non-deductible expenses of 1.45%, foreign tax of 0.03% and 2.12% related to the revaluation of deferred tax assets.

The Group believes there are no unrecognized tax benefits, including interest and penalties and therefore did not record a liability for these items.

At December 31, 2018, the Group had \$1,566 of net deferred tax liability. This balance is comprised of deferred tax assets of \$503 resulting from temporary differences primarily related to redundancy provisions of \$315 and the provision for bad debts of \$188. These deferred assets were offset by deferred tax liabilities of \$2,069 resulting from temporary differences primarily related to prepaid compensation of \$1,673 and the amortization of goodwill of \$396.

The Group is required to assess the likelihood that deferred tax assets will be realized using a more-likely-than-not criteria. To the extent this criteria is not met, the Group is required to establish a valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets. The Group believes it did meet the more-likely-than-not criteria and therefore did not record a valuation allowance at December 31, 2018.

The Group is included in the federal consolidated income tax return of IGBI and Subsidiaries. (As the result of a reverse tax acquisition, on April 1, 2018 the ultimate US parent became TP ICAP Americas Holdings Inc.) IGBI's federal corporate income tax returns for the year ended March 31, 2015 and thereafter remain subject to examination.

(dollars in thousands)

#### 4. Receivable from and Payable to Brokers, Dealers and Clearing Organizations

Settlement date for brokered transactions in securities is generally same day or one to two business days after trade date, except for mortgage related securities issued by federal agencies, which is between five and twenty business days after trade date.

	<u>Re</u>	<u>eceivable</u>			<u>P</u>	ayable
Fail-to-deliver	\$	139,120		Fail-to-receive	\$	25,506
Receivable from clearing brokers				Payable to clearing brokers		
and clearing organizations		10,405		and clearing organizations		-
Other		3,877	(a)	Other		4,911 (a)
	\$	153,402	•		\$	30,417

(a) The unrealized gains for delayed-delivery, to-be-announced securities (TBA) and when-issued securities are recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition net of unrealized losses by counterparty.

#### 5. Receivable from and Payable to Customers

Receivable from and payable to customers consists primarily of amounts due on cash transactions arising from customer fails-to-receive and fails-to-deliver.

#### 6. Commitments and Contingencies

On February 1, 2018, the Company entered into a \$5,000 revolving subordinated loan agreement with its affiliate First Brokers Securities LLC ("FB"). Under the agreement the Company has agreed to loan funds to FB on a revolving basis during the term of the agreement. Interest charges associated with the loan is 5.5 percent. As of December 31, 2018, FB had not drawn down on the loan. The loan agreement matures on January 31, 2020. Additionally, the Company has taken the appropriate capital charge for this loan in its computation of liquid capital (see supplemental schedule I "other deductions and/or charges").

The Group has access to a 250,000 GBP revolving credit facility through its main United Kingdom parent. This revolving credit facility includes a 150,000 GBP committed daily Swing line facility which can be utilized to satisfy collateral and margin requirements with clearing organizations. The remaining 100,000 GBP balance can be used for general corporate purposes (including satisfying collateral or margin requirements) by the Group. The revolving credit facility matures on April 2, 2020.

As of December 31, 2018, the Group had not drawn down on the revolving credit facility.

As a member of the Mortgage Backed Securities Division ("MBSD") of the Fixed Income Clearing Corp ("FICC"), the Company participates in the Capped Contingency Liquidity Facility ("CCLF"). The CCLF creates overnight repos between the FICC and each of its solvent firms so that, if a firm fails, the funding to offset its portfolio would be sourced across FICC's membership rather than dependent on an expensive, long-term line of credit. As of December 31, 2018, the Company's commitment to the CCLF was \$722,270 of which no utilization had occurred. This amount is calculated by FICC based on membership size and volumes and may fluctuate significantly.

(dollars in thousands)

#### Litigation

In the ordinary course of business, various legal actions are brought and are pending or threatened against the Group. In some of these actions, substantial amounts are claimed. The Group is also involved, from time to time, in other reviews, investigations and proceedings by governmental and self-regulatory agencies (both formal and informal) regarding the Group's business, judgments, settlements, fines, penalties, injunctions or other relief.

The Group contests the liability or the amount of damages in each pending matter. In view of the inherent difficulty of projecting the outcome of such matters, the Group cannot predict with certainty the loss or range of loss related to such matters, how such matters will be resolved, when they ultimately will be resolved, or what the eventual settlement, fine, penalty or other relief might be. Management believes, based on currently available information, that the results of such matters, in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on its Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition.

#### 7. Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

U.S. GAAP permits entities to present derivative receivables and payables with the same counterparty and the related cash collateral receivables and payables on a net basis in the Statement of Financial Condition when a legally enforceable master netting agreement exists. U.S. GAAP also permits securities sold and purchased under repurchase agreements and securities borrowed or loaned under securities loan agreements to be presented net when certain conditions are met, including the existence of a legally enforceable master netting agreement.

The Group discloses both gross and net information about financial instruments and transactions eligible for offset in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition and financial instruments and transactions subject to an agreement similar to a master netting arrangement.

Financial instruments and transactions would include derivatives, sale and repurchase agreements reverse sale and repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending arrangements.

The Group presents securities borrowed and securities loaned on a gross basis in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition.

The following tables present the gross and net of securities borrowed and loaned as of December 31, 2018.

(dollars in thousands)

#### **Offsetting of Financial Assets:**

Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition

	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition	Net Amounts of Assets Presented in the Statement of Financial Condition	Market Value	Cash Collateral Received	Net Am	nount
Securities borrowed	\$ 1,003,685	\$ -	\$ 1,003,685	\$ (990,576)			,109
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	7,213		7,213	(7,166)			47
Total	\$ 1,010,898	\$ -	\$ 1,010,898	\$ (997,742)	\$ -	\$ 13	,156

### Offsetting of Financial Liabilities:

Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition

	Gross Amounts of Recognized	Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial	Net Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Financial		Cash Collateral	
	Liabilities	Condition	Condition	Market Value	Pledged	Net Amount
Securities loaned	\$ 1,012,533	\$ -	\$ 1,012,533	\$ (990,576)	\$ -	\$ 21,957
Total	\$ 1,012,533	\$ -	\$ 1,012,533	\$ (990,576)	\$ -	\$ 21,957

The table below presents the gross carrying value of Securities loaned by class as of December 31,2018.

	Gross carry	ing
Securities Loaned	value	
Equity securities	\$ 720,1	52
Corporate debt	292,38	81_
	\$ 1,012,5	33

(dollars in thousands)

The securities loaned can involve contractual maturities ranging from overnight to over ninety days.

#### 8. Regulatory Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to Regulation 402.2 of the Department of the Treasury, which requires the maintenance of minimum liquid capital, as defined.

The Company had liquid capital of \$113,769 at December 31, 2018, which was \$112,157 in excess of the minimum liquid capital requirement of \$9,671. The Group's ratio of liquid capital to total haircuts was approximately 15 to 1.

Corporates is subject to SEC Rule 15c3-3 and maintain "Special Accounts for Exclusive Benefit of Customers" (see Note 2b).

Corporates is registered with the SEC and is subject to the Uniform Net Capital requirements under Rule 15c3-1, additionally Corporates is subject to the Minimum Financial Requirements Rule pursuant to Regulation 1.17 under the Commodity Exchange Act. Accordingly, Corporates must maintain minimum net capital (as defined). This rule allows for a flow-through benefit from subsidiaries equal to net capital and net liquid capital in excess of the capital requirements of the subsidiaries. The net capital and minimum net capital required of Corporates at December 31, 2018 are set forth below:

Group members	Net Capital		Minimum Net Capital Requirement		Excess Net Capital	
ICAP Corporates LLC	\$	79,527	\$	1,200	\$	78,327
Total	\$	79,527	\$	1,200	\$	78,327

(dollars in thousands)

The following summarizes the assets and liabilities of subsidiaries consolidated in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements, but not consolidated in the Group's corresponding unaudited Form G-405 part II filed as of December 31, 2018:

		c	ICAP corporates LLC	Deri	Brokers vatives LLC	 Total
Assets Liabilities		\$	1,192,340 1,074,024	\$	733 -	\$ 1,193,073 1,074,024
	Total	\$	118,316	\$	733	\$ 119,049

#### 9. Employee Benefits

The Group participates in a trustee profit sharing plan (the "Plan") covering substantially all of its employees, under which contributions are made at the discretion of management. Each member of the Group pays its respective portion of the administrative expenses. The Plan includes a 401(k) provision whereby all employees are allowed to contribute a portion of their earnings. On a discretionary basis, the Group matches a portion of employee contributions.

#### 10. Fair Value Measurements

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measure date. Various valuation inputs are used to determine the fair value of assets or liabilities. Such inputs are defined broadly as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar assets in active markets or quoted prices for identical assets in markets that are not considered to be active, or financial instruments for which all significant valuation inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 – Prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to fair value measurement and unobservable.

The Group did not have any assets or liabilities classified as Level 3 at December 31, 2018.

(dollars in thousands)

#### **Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value**

The Group's cash and cash equivalents typically include short-term highly liquid money market mutual funds which are quoted through over the counter markets and therefore considered Level 1 assets. At December 31, 2018, the Group's cash and cash equivalents are comprised of \$96,213 cash held in demand deposit accounts.

The Group's securities owned, typically shares of common stock and high grade bonds, which are measured based on quoted market prices and therefore are considered Level 1 assets.

The Group's securities sold, but not yet purchased, typically shares of common stock and high grade bonds which are measured based on quoted market prices and therefore considered Level 1 assets.

ASU 2010-6 "Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements" ("ASU") requires the following disclosures: (1) significant transfers in and out of Levels 1 and 2 and the reasons that such transfers were made; and (2) additional disclosures in the reconciliation of Level 3 activity, including information on a gross basis for purchases, sales issuances and settlements. For the year ended December 31, 2018 the Group did not have any transfers between levels.

#### Financial Instruments Not Measured at Fair Value

The Group estimates that the fair value of its remaining financial instruments recognized on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition approximate their carrying value, because they have limited counterparty credit risk and are short-term, replaceable on demand, or bear interest at market rates.

The table below presents the carrying value and fair value of the Group's financial instruments which are not carried at fair value. In addition, the table excludes the values of non-financial assets and liabilities.

(dollars in thousands)

December	31,	2018
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Assets:	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Deposits with clearing organizations	\$	-	\$	52,989	\$	-	\$	52,989
Securities borrowed		-		1,003,686		-		1,003,686
Receivable from broker dealers and								
clearing organizations		-		153,402		-		153,402
Receivable from customers		-		22,333		-		22,333
Commissions receivable		-		29,901		-		29,901
Exchange and trading memberships		-		1,185				1,185
Total	\$	-	\$	1,263,496	\$	-	\$	1,263,496
Liabilities:								
Securities loaned	\$	-	\$	1,012,533	\$	-	\$	1,012,533
Payable to broker dealers and clearing								
organizations		-		30,417		-		30,417
Payable to customers		-		115,786		-		115,786
Total	\$	-	\$	1,158,736	\$	-	\$	1,158,736

#### 11. Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

If transactions do not settle because of failure by either counterparty to perform, the Group may, under certain circumstances, be required to discharge the obligation of the non-performing party.

As a result of acquiring a position as discussed under Note 1 herein, the Group may incur a gain or a loss if the market value of the security at the time of discharge is different from the value of the original transaction.

Corporates has loaned to brokers and dealers, securities owned by other brokers and dealers having a market value of \$990,576 and received cash or other collateral with a value of \$1,012,533 which is recorded in the Group's Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition at December 31, 2018. If a borrowing broker or dealer does not return a security, the subsidiary may be obligated to purchase the security in order to return it to the owner. In such circumstances, the subsidiary may incur a loss equal to the amount by which the market value of the security on the date of non-performance exceeds the value of the loan or the collateral from the broker or dealer. In addition, Corporates has borrowed from other brokers and dealers and financial institutions, securities having a market value of \$990,576 and has given cash or other collateral with a value of \$1,003,685, which is recorded in the Group's Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition at December 31, 2018. In the event a lender does not return the collateral, the subsidiary may be subject to a loss equal to the amount by which the collateral exceeded the market value of the security borrowed.

Securities purchased under agreements to resell and securities sold under agreements to repurchase are carried at their contract value. It is the policy of the Group to take possession of all

(dollars in thousands)

underlying assets purchased under resale agreements. The market value of these underlying securities is reviewed to ensure that the amounts loaned are adequately collateralized.

The contractual amount of purchase and sale transactions for the Group at December 31, 2018, was \$20,002,762 for both purchases and sales which have not yet reached settlement date. Substantially all of these transactions have settled within a short period of time subsequently after the Group's fiscal year end. The net amount of these purchase and sale transactions is included in payable to brokers, dealers and clearing organizations in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition.

Pursuant to the terms of the clearing agreements between the Group and its clearing brokers, the clearing brokers have the right to charge the Group for losses that result from a counterparty's failure to fulfill its contractual obligations. At December 31, 2018, the Group has recorded no liability. As the right to charge the Group has no maximum amount and applied to all trades executed through the clearing broker, the Group believes there is no maximum amount assignable to this right.

In the normal course of its operations, the Group enters into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties and which provide general indemnifications. The Group's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Group that have not yet occurred. However, based on experience, the Group believes the risk of loss is remote.

The Group's policy is to monitor its market exposure and counterparty risk through the use of a variety of financial position and credit exposure reporting and control procedures. In addition, the Group has a policy of reviewing, as considered necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty and customer with which it conducts business. The Group does not anticipate non-performance by the counterparties.

#### 12. Transactions with Affiliates

The Group entered into agreements with indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of TP ICAP plc, whereby the subsidiaries provide them with shared occupancy and administrative services (including finance, human resources, operations, legal and electronic data processing functions), and the Group provides similar services to other TP ICAP plc subsidiaries. The agreements also include the payment of certain expenses such as payroll, paid on behalf of the Group. At December 31, 2018, the Group has a payable to affiliate of \$12,316 under these agreements and has made an advance payments to affiliates of \$1,704, therefore these are reflected in payable to affiliates, and receivable from affiliates respectively in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition.

The Group has receivables and payables from affiliates of \$656 and \$484 respectively, relating to commission revenue and expense.

Additionally the Group has a payable of \$293 to its UK affiliate ICAP Management Services Ltd for shared administrative expenses incurred by the affiliate on behalf of the Group.

In addition, Corporates provides clearing services for foreign affiliates.

(dollars in thousands)

The Group has income taxes payable of \$1,055 due from and to an affiliate respectively.

Amounts receivable from and payable to affiliate are non-interest bearing and are due on demand.

During 2018, the Company assigned its lease obligation for its facilities to TPIAHI. Under the terms of the assignment the Company has guaranteed payment and any related performance required under the lease obligation in the event TPIAHI fails to perform its lease obligation duties. At December 31, 2018 the future minimum lease commitments under the lease is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2019	\$ 633
2020	647
2021	718
2022	718
2023	718
Thereafter	1,316
	\$ 4,750

The Company obtained an uncollateralized letter of credit in the amount of \$2,160, in order to satisfy the requirements of the lease agreement for its disaster recovery facility which was assigned to TPIAHI.

#### 13. Cost improvement plan charges and integration costs

The Group incurred cost improvement charges and integration costs which generally consist of contract renegotiations, employee severance, and termination costs. These charges were incurred due to the of integration of the Tullet Prebon Group and the ICAP global broking businesses ("IGBB").

Cost Improvement charges and integration costs have been recorded in accordance with ASC 712-10, "Nonretirement Postemployment Benefits," and/or ASC 420-10, "Exit or Disposal Cost Obligations" as appropriate.

The Group records severance and one- time termination costs provided under an ongoing benefit arrangement once they are both probable and estimable in accordance with the provisions of ASC 712-10. Pursuant to ASC 420-10, the Group establishes a liability for costs associated with severance and termination obligations, and other related costs, when the liability is incurred, rather than at the date of termination.

The determination of when the Group accrues for severance costs and which standard applies depends on whether the termination benefits are provided under an ongoing arrangement as described in ASC 712-10 or under a one-time benefit arrangement as defined by ASC 420-10. Inherent in the estimation of the costs related to the cost improvement and integration activities are assessments related to the most likely expected outcome of the significant actions. In determining the charges related to the cost improvement and integration plans, the Group makes estimates. These estimates may vary significantly from actual costs depending, in part, upon factors that may be beyond the control of the Group. The Group will continue to review the status

(dollars in thousands)

of the cost improvement obligations and integration costs and, if appropriate, record changes to these obligations in current operations based on the Group's most current estimates.

At December 31, 2018, the Group has recorded a liability of \$0 and \$1,167, for its obligations related to the cost improvement and integration cost plans respectively.

#### 14. Subsequent Events

The Group has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through March 1, 2019. There have been no subsequent events that occurred during this period that would require recognition in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition or disclosure as of December 31,2018, or for the year then ended.