

Rworksheet_simpron#4a

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#1.

```
#A.Create data frame
shoe_data <- data.frame(
  ShoeSize = c(6.5, 9.0, 8.5, 8.5, 10.5, 7.0, 9.5, 7.0, 7.5, 7.5, 8.5, 10.5,
             13.0, 11.5, 8.5, 5.0, 10.0, 6.5, 7.5, 10.5, 8.0, 11.0, 9.0, 13.0),
  Height = c(66.0, 68.0, 64.5, 65.0, 70.0, 70.0, 71.0, 72.0, 64.0, 64.0, 67.0, 71.0,
            77.0, 72.0, 59.0, 60.0, 72.0, 66.0, 64.0, 69.0, 67.0, 70.0, 69.0, 70.0),
  Gender = c('F', 'F', 'F', 'M', 'F', 'F', 'F', 'F', 'F', 'F', 'M',
            'M', 'M', 'F', 'M', 'F', 'F', 'M', 'F', 'M', 'M', 'M')
)
shoe_data

##      ShoeSize Height Gender
## 1       6.5    66.0     F
## 2       9.0    68.0     F
## 3       8.5    64.5     F
## 4       8.5    65.0     F
## 5      10.5    70.0     M
## 6       7.0    70.0     F
## 7       9.5    71.0     F
## 8       7.0    72.0     F
## 9       7.5    64.0     F
## 10      7.5    64.0     F
## 11      8.5    67.0     F
## 12     10.5    71.0     M
## 13     13.0    77.0     M
## 14     11.5    72.0     M
## 15      8.5    59.0     F
## 16      5.0    60.0     F
## 17     10.0    72.0     M
## 18      6.5    66.0     F
## 19      7.5    64.0     F
## 20     10.5    69.0     M
## 21      8.0    67.0     F
## 22     11.0    70.0     M
## 23      9.0    69.0     M
## 24     13.0    70.0     M

# A, Describe data
summary(shoe_data)
```

```

##      ShoeSize       Height       Gender
##  Min.   : 5.000   Min.   :59.00   Length:24
##  1st Qu.: 7.500   1st Qu.:64.88   Class  :character
##  Median  : 8.500   Median  :68.50   Mode   :character
##  Mean    : 8.917   Mean    :67.81
##  3rd Qu.:10.500   3rd Qu.:70.25
##  Max.    :13.000   Max.    :77.00

# B
# Subset for females
female_data <- subset(shoe_data, Gender == "F", select = c(ShoeSize, Height))
female_data

```

```

##      ShoeSize Height
## 1       6.5   66.0
## 2       9.0   68.0
## 3       8.5   64.5
## 4       8.5   65.0
## 6       7.0   70.0
## 7       9.5   71.0
## 8       7.0   72.0
## 9       7.5   64.0
## 10      7.5   64.0
## 11      8.5   67.0
## 15      8.5   59.0
## 16      5.0   60.0
## 18      6.5   66.0
## 19      7.5   64.0
## 21      8.0   67.0

```

```

# Subset for males
male_data <- subset(shoe_data, Gender == "M", select = c(ShoeSize, Height))
male_data

```

```

##      ShoeSize Height
## 5       10.5    70
## 12      10.5    71
## 13      13.0    77
## 14      11.5    72
## 17      10.0    72
## 20      10.5    69
## 22      11.0    70
## 23      9.0     69
## 24      13.0    70

```

```

# C
# Mean of all respondents
mean_shoe <- mean(shoe_data$ShoeSize)
mean_height <- mean(shoe_data$Height)

mean_shoe

```

```

## [1] 8.916667

```

```

mean_height

## [1] 67.8125

# D
# Correlation test
correlation <- cor(shoe_data$ShoeSize, shoe_data$Height)
correlation

## [1] 0.6723337

####2.

months <- c("March", "April", "January", "November", "January", "September", "October", "September", "November")

factor_months_vector <- factor(months)

factor_months_vector

## [1] March      April      January    November   January    September  October
## [8] September November August     January    November   November   February
## [15] May        August     July       December   August     August     September
## [22] November   February April
## 11 Levels: April August December February January July March May ... September

####3.

summary(months)

##      Length     Class      Mode
##      24 character character

summary(factor_months_vector)

##      April      August December February January      July March      May
##      2          4         1         2         3         1          1         1
##      November   October September
##      5          1         3

####4.

direction <- c("Easy", "West", "North")
frequency <- c(1,4,3)

table <- data.frame (
  Direction = direction,
  Frequency = frequency
)
print(table)

```

```
##   Direction Frequency
## 1      Easy         1
## 2     West         4
## 3    North         3

factor_direction <- factor(direction,levels = c("Easy", "West", "North"))
print(factor_direction)
```

```
## [1] Easy  West  North
## Levels: Easy West North
```

```
###5.
```

```
data <- read.table("import_march.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",")
data
```

```
##   Students Strategy1 Strategy2 Strategy3
## 1     Male        8       10        8
## 2     Male        4        8        6
## 3     Male        0        6        4
## 4 Female       14        4       15
## 5 Female       10        2       12
## 6 Female        6        0        9
```

```
###6.
```

```
exhaustive_search <- function(num) {
  if (is.na(num)) {
    cat("Invalid input. Please enter a numeric value.\n")
  } else if (num < 1 || num > 50) {
    cat("The number selected is beyond the range of 1 to 50\n")
  } else {
    if (num == 20) {
      cat("TRUE\n")
    } else {
      cat(num, "\n")
    }
  }
}

# Test with sample inputs
exhaustive_search(20)
```

```
## TRUE
```

```
exhaustive_search(25)
```

```
## 25
```

```
exhaustive_search(100)
```

```
## The number selected is beyond the range of 1 to 50
```

```
####7.
```

```
min_bills <- function(price) {  
  bills <- c(1000, 500, 200, 100, 50)  
  
  if (price %% 50 != 0) {  
    cat("Error: Price must be divisible by 50.\n")  
    return(NULL)  
  }  
  
  count <- 0  
  remaining <- price  
  
  #large first  
  for (bill in bills) {  
    if (remaining >= bill) {  
      num_bills <- remaining %/% bill  
      count <- count + num_bills  
      remaining <- remaining %% bill  
    }  
  }  
  
  cat("Minimum number of bills needed:", count, "\n")  
  return(count)  
}  
  
min_bills(300)
```

```
## Minimum number of bills needed: 2
```

```
## [1] 2
```

```
min_bills(1000)
```

```
## Minimum number of bills needed: 1
```

```
## [1] 1
```

```
min_bills(650)
```

```
## Minimum number of bills needed: 3
```

```
## [1] 3
```

```
####8.
```

```

#A.
grades_df <- data.frame(
  Name = c("Annie", "Thea", "Steve", "Hanna"),
  Grade1 = c(85, 65, 75, 95),
  Grade2 = c(65, 75, 55, 75),
  Grade3 = c(85, 90, 80, 100),
  Grade4 = c(100, 90, 85, 90)
)

grades_df

##      Name Grade1 Grade2 Grade3 Grade4
## 1 Annie     85     65     85    100
## 2 Thea      65     75     90     90
## 3 Steve      75     55     80     85
## 4 Hanna     95     75    100     90

#B.
averages <- (grades_df$Grade1 + grades_df$Grade2 + grades_df$Grade3 + grades_df$Grade4) / 4

high_achievers <- grades_df[averages >= 90, ]
high_averages <- averages[averages >= 90]

for (i in 1:nrow(high_achievers)) {
  cat(high_achievers>Name[i], "'s average grade this semester is ", high_averages[i], ".\n", sep = "")

}

## Hanna's average grade this semester is 90.

#C.
avg_grade1 <- sum(grades_df$Grade1) / nrow(grades_df)
avg_grade2 <- sum(grades_df$Grade2) / nrow(grades_df)
avg_grade3 <- sum(grades_df$Grade3) / nrow(grades_df)
avg_grade4 <- sum(grades_df$Grade4) / nrow(grades_df)

test_avgs <- c(avg_grade1, avg_grade2, avg_grade3, avg_grade4)
test_names <- c("Grade1", "Grade2", "Grade3", "Grade4")

for (i in 1:length(test_avgs)) {
  if (test_avgs[i] < 80) {
    cat("The", test_names[i], "was difficult.\n")
  }
}

## The Grade2 was difficult.

#D.
highest_grades <- apply(grades_df[, 2:5], 1, function(row) {
  sorted <- sort(as.numeric(row))
  sorted[length(sorted)]
})

```

```
for (i in 1:nrow(grades_df)) {  
  name <- grades_df$Name[i]  
  high_score <- highest_grades[i]  
  if (high_score > 90) {  
    cat(name, "'s highest grade this semester is ", high_score, ".\n", sep = "")  
  }  
}  
  
## Annie's highest grade this semester is 100.  
## Hanna's highest grade this semester is 100.
```