```
Partition.java
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                                                                         Page 1/2
package graphAlg;
import graphAlg.Indexed;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class Partition<X extends Indexed> {
    /* Abstractly a partition is a set of disjoint sets
     * P: { PS : SET OF SET OF X |
             for all s,t : PS @ s <> t => s intersect t = {} }
     * The partition is represented by a forest of trees
     * which are represented using parent links.
     * P = { extractSet(entry.element) | entry : entries && entry != null }
     * where
        extractSet(x) = \{ e.element \mid e : entries && e != null &&
                           findSet(e.element) == findSet(x) }
   private List<Entry> entries;
   private class Entry
       X element;
        Entry parent;
        int rank;
        private Entry(X element)
            this.element = element;
            // Parent is self loop to indicate it is the root
            this.parent = this;
            // Maximum height of the tree rooted at this node
            this.rank = 0;
   /* P = {} */
   public Partition( int maxSize ) {
        entries = new ArrayList<Entry>( maxSize );
        for( int i = 0; i < maxSize; i++ ) {</pre>
            entries.add( null );
   /** @requires !(x in Union(P))
     * @ensures P' = P U \{\{x\}\}
     * @param x to make into a single element set in partition
   public void makeSet( X x ) {
        entries.set( x.getIndex(), new Entry(x) );
   /** @requires x IN union(P)
     * @ensures (exists S: P . x IN S && FindSet(x) IN S &&
                    (forall y: S . FindSet(y) = FindSet(x) ) ) */
   private Entry findSet( X x ) {
        Entry ex = entries.get( x.getIndex() );
        assert ex != null;
        /* Find root of tree containing x */
        Entry s = ex.parent;
        while( s != s.parent ) {
            s = s.parent;
```

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       /* Compress path from x to the root s.
       * This does not change the partition, just its representation. */
       while( ex != s ) {
           Entry y = ex.parent;
           ex.parent = s;
           ex = y;
       return s;
  /* @requires (exists S,T: P . (x IN S) && (y IN T)
    * @returns true if and only if
          (exists S: P . (x IN S) && (v IN S))
  public boolean equiv( X x, X y )
      return findSet(x) == findSet(v);
  /* @requires (exists S,T: P . (x IN S) && (y IN T) && (S !=T)
   * @ensures (exists S,T: P . (x IN S) && (y IN T) &&
                                P' = P - \{S, T\} \cup \{S \cup T\})
  public void union( X x, X y) {
      Entry s = findSet(x);
       Entry t = findSet( y );
      if( s.rank > t.rank ) {
          t.parent = s;
       } else { /* s.rank <= t.rank */
          s.parent = t;
          if( s.rank == t.rank ) {
              t.rank++;
```

```
SpanningKruskal.java
Sep 08, 14 10:28
                                                                         Page 1/2
package graphAlg;
import graphs.Graph.AdjacentEdge;
import graphs. UGraph;
import graphs.Vertex;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.Comparator;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class SpanningKruskal {
   public static class V extends Vertex implements Indexed {
        @Override
        public int getIndex() {
            return index;
        @Override
        public void setIndex( int index ) {
            this.index = index;
   public class E {
        public V source;
        public V target;
        public int weight;
        public E( V from, V to, int weight ) {
            super();
            this.source = from;
            this.target = to;
            this.weight = weight;
        public int compareTo( E other ) {
            return (weight < other.weight ? -1 :
                weight > other.weight ? 1 : 0 );
        public String toString() {
            return "Edge from " + source + " to " + target + " weight " + weight;
   private class EdgeComparator implements Comparator<E> {
        public int compare( E first, E second ) {
            return ( first.compareTo(second) );
   public List<E> minimalSpanningTree( UGraph<V,E> G ) {
        List<E> edges = new ArrayList<E>(G.size());
        for( V u : G ) {
            for( AdjacentEdge<V, E> e : G.adjacent(u) ) {
                edges.add( e.edgeInfo );
        Collections.sort(edges, new EdgeComparator() );
```

```
SpanningKruskal.java
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                                                                        Page 2/2
       /* set up partition of singleton sets */
       Partition < V > partition = new Partition < V > ( G.size() );
       for( V u : G ) {
           partition.makeSet(u);
       List<E> spanningTree = new ArrayList<E>(G.size()-1);
       for( E e : edges )
           if( !partition.equiv( e.source, e.target ) ) {
               // add edge to minimal spanning tree
               spanningTree.add(e);
               // union the components joined by the edge
              partition.union( e.source, e.target );
       return spanningTree;
```

```
SpanningKruskalTest.java
Sep 05, 14 9:19
                                                                         Page 1/2
package graphAlg;
import graphAlg.SpanningKruskal.E;
import graphAlg.SpanningKruskal.V;
import graphs.UGraph;
import graphs.UGraphAdj;
import java.util.List;
public class SpanningKruskalTest {
   private static void addVertices( UGraph<V,E> G,
            SpanningKruskal mst, V... vertices ) {
        for( V v : vertices ) {
            G.addVertex( v );
   private static void addEdge( UGraph<V,E> G,
            SpanningKruskal mst, V i, V j, int w ) {
       G.addEdge( i, j, mst.new E(i,j,w) );
   public static void runTest( UGraph<V,E> G, SpanningKruskal mst ) {
       List<E> edges = mst.minimalSpanningTree( G );
       System.out.println( "Minimal spanning tree with " +
                edges.size() + "edges");
        int weight = 0;
       for( E e : edges )
            System.out.println( e );
            weight += e.weight;
       System.out.println( "Weight " + weight );
   public static void main(String[] args)
        SpanningKruskal mst = new SpanningKruskal();
       UGraph<V,E> G = new UGraphAdj<V,E>();
       V v0 = new V();
       V v1 = new V();
       V v2 = new V();
       V v3 = new V();
       V V4 = new V();
       V v5 = new V();
       V V6 = new V();
       V v7 = new V();
       V v8 = new V();
       addVertices( G, mst, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v0, v1, 1 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v1, v2, 6 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v1, v6, 4 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v2, v3, 14 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v2, v6, 5 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v2, v4, 10 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v3, v4, 3 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v4, v5, 8 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v5, v6, 2 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v5, v8, 15 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v6, v7, 9 );
       runTest( G, mst );
        mst = new SpanningKruskal();
       G = new UGraphAdj<V,E>();
```

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SpanningKruskalTest.java
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      v0 = new V();
      v1 = new V();
      v2 = new V();
      v3 = new V();
      v4 = new V();
      v5 = new V();
      v6 = new V();
      v7 = new V();
      v8 = new V();
      addVertices( G, mst, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
      addEdge( G, mst, v0, v1, 1 );
      addEdge( G, mst, v1, v2, 6 );
      addEdge( G, mst, v1, v6, 4 );
      addEdge( G, mst, v2, v3, 14 );
      addEdge( G, mst, v2, v6, 5 );
      addEdge( G, mst, v2, v4, 10 );
      addEdge( G, mst, v3, v4, 3 );
      addEdge( G, mst, v4, v5, 8 );
      addEdge( G, mst, v5, v6, 2 );
      addEdge( G, mst, v5, v8, 15 );
      runTest( G, mst );
      mst = new SpanningKruskal();
      G = new UGraphAdj<V,E>();
      v0 = new V();
      v1 = new V();
      v2 = new V();
      v3 = new V();
      v4 = new V();
      v5 = new V();
      v6 = new V();
      v7 = new V();
      v8 = new V();
      addVertices( G, mst, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v0, v1, 1 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v1, v2, 6 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v1, v6, 4 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v2, v3, 14 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v2, v6, 5 );
       addEdge( G, mst, v2, v4, 10 );
      addEdge( G, mst, v3, v4, 3 );
      addEdge(G, mst, v4, v5, 8);
      addEdge(G, mst, v5, v6, 2);
      addEdge( G, mst, v7, v8, 15 );
      runTest( G, mst );
```

```
PriorityQueue.java
 Sep 08, 14 10:04
                                                                        Page 1/2
package graphAlg;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.ArrayList;
/** Priority queue implementation as a binary heap in an array */
public class PriorityQueue<X extends HeapElement<X>>> {
    /* Data type invariant:
    * for all i: 2..heap.size() . heap[i DIV 2] <= heap[i]
    private List<X> heap;
    public PriorityOueue( int size ) {
        super();
        heap = new ArrayList<X>(size+1);
        /* Add dummy element at position 0 as heap indices start at 1 */
        heap.add(null);
    //** The heap is empty if it only contains the dummy element at 0 */
    public boolean isEmpty() {
       return heap.size() == 1;
    /** Update the heap at position i to contain element u and
     * update u's heap index to be i */
    private void heapUpdate( int i, X u )
       heap.set(i, u);
        u.setHeapIndex(i);
    /** The element u has had it value decreased and needs to be sifted
    * down the heap to re-establish the heap data type invariant.
    private void siftDown( X u ) {
        int i = u.getHeapIndex();
        while (i!=1 \&\& u.compareTo(heap.get(i/2)) < 0)
            // System.out.println( "heap(" + i/2 + ") = " + heap.get(i/2) );
            heapUpdate(i, heap.get(i/2));
            i = i/2;
        heapUpdate(i, u);
    /** Add a new element to the end of the heap and sift it down to
     * re-establish the data type invariant.
    public void add( X u ) {
        u.setHeapIndex(heap.size());
        heap.add(u);
        siftDown( u );
    /** The minimum value in the heap is always at position 1 */
    public X findMin()
       return heap.get(1);
    /** Decrease the key of element u to newKey and sift it down to
     * re-establish the data type invariant.
     * @requires newKey <= u.getKey()
    public void decreaseKey( X u, int newKey ) {
        System.out.println( "DecreaseKey " + u + " to " + newKey );
        u.setKey(newKey);
        siftDown( u );
        // System.out.println( "decreaseKey Min " + heap.get(1) );
```

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```
PriorityQueue.java
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  private void siftUp( int i )
       while( 2*i < heap.size() ) {
           int j = 2*i;
           if( j+1 < heap.size() &&
                   heap.get(j+1).compareTo(heap.get(j)) < 0 ) {
           if( heap.get(i).compareTo(heap.get(j)) > 0 ) {
               X temp = heap.get(i);
               heapUpdate(i, heap.get(j));
               heapUpdate(j, temp);
               i = j;
            else
               break;
  public void deleteMin()
       X last = heap.remove(heap.size()-1);
       if( isEmpty() ) {
           return;
       heapUpdate(1, last);
       siftUp(1);
       // System.out.println( "deleteMin Min " + heap.get(1) );
  public boolean checkInvariant() {
       boolean isHeap = true;
       for( int i = 2; i < heap.size(); i++ ) {</pre>
           if( heap.get(i/2).compareTo(heap.get(i)) > 0 ) {
               isHeap = false;
               System.out.println( "Not heap at " +
                       i/2 + "value" + heap.get(i/2) +
                       i + " value " + heap.get(i) );
       return isHeap;
```

```
SpanningPrim.java
 Aug 22, 14 15:09
                                                                          Page 1/2
package graphAlg;
import graphs.Graph.AdjacentEdge;
import graphs.UGraph;
import graphs.Vertex;
public class SpanningPrim {
    public class V extends Vertex implements HeapElement<V> {
        public V parent;
        public int minWeight;
        public boolean inTree;
        int heapIndex;
        public V() {
            super();
            init();
        public void init() {
            parent = null;
            minWeight = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
            inTree = false;
        public int getHeapIndex() {
            return heapIndex;
        public void setHeapIndex( int i ) {
            heapIndex = i;
        public void setKey( int key ) {
            minWeight = key;
        public int compareTo( V w ) {
            if( minWeight < w.minWeight ) {</pre>
                return -1;
            } else if( minWeight == w.minWeight ) {
                return 0;
            } else
                return 1;
        public String toString() {
            return super.toString() + " weight " + minWeight;
    public class E {
        public int weight;
        public E( int weight ) {
            this.weight = weight;
    private PriorityQueue<V> PQ;
```

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```
SpanningPrim.java
Aug 22, 14 15:09
                                                                       Page 2/2
  public void minimalSpanningForest( UGraph<V,E> G ) {
       PQ = new PriorityQueue<V>( G.size() );
       for( V u : G ) {
          u.minWeight = Integer.MAX VALUE;
           u.inTree = false;
           PO.add( u );
       for( V u : G ) {
          if( !u.inTree )
               minimalSpanningTree(G, u);
  private void minimalSpanningTree( UGraph<V,E> G, V u ) {
       /* Treat u as the root of a spanning tree */
       u.parent = null;
       PO.decreaseKey(u, 0);
      do {
          u = PQ.findMin();
          PO.deleteMin();
          u.inTree = true;
           for( AdjacentEdge<V,E> e : G.adjacent(u) ) {
               V v = e.target;
               if( !v.inTree && (e.edgeInfo.weight < v.minWeight) ) {</pre>
                  v.parent = u;
                   PQ.decreaseKey( v, e.edgeInfo.weight );
        while( !PQ.isEmpty() );
```

```
SpanningPrimTest.java
 Sep 05, 14 9:18
                                                                         Page 1/2
package graphAlg;
import graphAlg.SpanningPrim.E;
import graphAlg.SpanningPrim.V;
import graphs.UGraph;
import graphs.UGraphAdj;
public class SpanningPrimTest {
    static SpanningPrim forest = new SpanningPrim();
    private static void addVertices( UGraph<V,E> G,
            SpanningPrim forest, V... vertices ) {
        for( V v : vertices ) {
            v.init();
            G.addVertex( v );
    private static void addEdge( UGraph<V,E> G,
            SpanningPrim forest, V i, V j, int w ) {
        G.addEdge( i, j, forest.new E(w) );
    public static void runTest( UGraph<V,E> G, SpanningPrim forest ) {
        forest.minimalSpanningForest( G );
        for( V u : G ) {
            System.out.println( "Parent of " + u + " is " +
                    (u.parent == null ? "none" : u.parent) );
        System.out.println();
    public static void main(String[] args) -
        UGraph<V,E> G = new UGraphAdj<V,E>();
        V v0 = forest.new V();
        V v1 = forest.new V();
        V v2 = forest.new V();
        V v3 = forest.new V();
        V v4 = forest.new V();
        V v5 = forest.new V();
        V v6 = forest.new V();
        V v7 = forest.new V();
        V v8 = forest.new V();
        addVertices( G, forest, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v0, v1, 1 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v1, v2, 6 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v1, v6, 4 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v2, v3, 14 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v2, v6, 5 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v2, v4, 10 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v3, v4, 3 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v4, v5, 8 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v5, v6, 2 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v5, v8, 15 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v6, v7, 9 );
        runTest( G, forest );
        forest = new SpanningPrim();
        G = new UGraphAdj<V,E>();
        v0 = forest.new V();
        v1 = forest.new V();
        v2 = forest.new V();
```

```
SpanningPrimTest.java
Sep 05, 14 9:18
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      v3 = forest.new V();
      v4 = forest.new V();
      v5 = forest.new V();
      v6 = forest.new V();
      v7 = forest.new V();
      v8 = forest.new V();
      addVertices( G, forest, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v0, v1, 1 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v1, v2, 6 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v1, v6, 4 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v2, v3, 14 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v2, v6, 5 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v2, v4, 10 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v3, v4, 3 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v4, v5, 8 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v5, v6, 2 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v5, v8, 15 );
      runTest( G, forest );
      forest = new SpanningPrim();
      G = new UGraphAdj<V,E>();
      v0 = forest.new V();
      v1 = forest.new V();
      v2 = forest.new V();
      v3 = forest.new V();
      v4 = forest.new V();
      v5 = forest.new V();
      v6 = forest.new V();
      v7 = forest.new V();
      v8 = forest.new V();
      addVertices( G, forest, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v0, v1, 1 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v1, v2, 6 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v1, v6, 4 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v2, v3, 14 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v2, v6, 5 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v2, v4, 10 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v3, v4, 3 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v4, v5, 8 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v5, v6, 2 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v7, v8, 15 );
      runTest( G, forest );
```

```
ShortestPathDijkstra.java
 Sep 04, 14 16:47
                                                                          Page 1/2
package graphAlg;
import graphs.DGraph;
import graphs.Graph.AdjacentEdge;
import graphs.Vertex;
public class ShortestPathDijkstra
    public class V extends Vertex implements HeapElement<V> {
        public V parent;
        public int minDistance;
        public int heapIndex;
        public boolean isFinal;
        public V() {
            super();
            init();
        public void init() {
            parent = null;
            minDistance = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
            isFinal = false;
        public int getHeapIndex(){
            return heapIndex;
        public void setHeapIndex( int index ) {
            heapIndex = index;
        public void setKey( int distance ) {
            minDistance = distance;
        public int compareTo( V w ) {
            if( minDistance < w.minDistance ) {</pre>
            } else if( minDistance == w.minDistance ) {
                return 0;
            } else
                return 1;
        public String toString()
            return super.toString() +
                     " distance " + minDistance + " parent " +
                    (parent == null ? "null" : parent );
    public class E
        public V source;
        public V target;
        public int weight;
        public E( V source, V target, int weight ) {
            this.source = source;
            this.target = target;
            this.weight = weight;
```

```
ShortestPathDijkstra.java
Sep 04, 14 16:47
                                                                       Page 2/2
       public void relax() {
           if( source.minDistance + weight < target.minDistance) {</pre>
               target.parent = source;
               PO.decreaseKey(target, source.minDistance + weight);
               //System.out.println( " relaxed " + this );
  public PriorityOueue<V> PO;
  public void shortestPath( DGraph<V.E> G, V s ) {
       PQ = new PriorityQueue<V>( G.size() );
       for( V u : G ) {
          u.minDistance = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
          u.parent = null;
           PO.add( u );
       PQ.decreaseKey(s,0);
       while( !PO.isEmpty() ) {
          V u = PQ.findMin();
          u.isFinal = true;
           PO.deleteMin();
           for( AdjacentEdge<V,E> e : G.adjacent(u) ) {
               if( !e.edgeInfo.target.isFinal ) {
                   e.edgeInfo.relax();
```

```
ShortestPathDijkstraTest.java
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                                                                         Page 1/2
package graphAlg;
import graphAlg.ShortestPathDijkstra.E;
import graphAlg.ShortestPathDijkstra.V;
import graphs.DGraph;
import graphs.DGraphAdj;
public class ShortestPathDiikstraTest {
    private static void addVertices( DGraph<V,E> G,
            ShortestPathDijkstra forest, V... vertices ) {
        for( V v : vertices ) {
            v.init();
            G.addVertex( v );
    private static void addEdge( DGraph<V,E> G,
            ShortestPathDijkstra forest, V i, V j, int w ) {
        G.addEdge( i, j, forest.new E(i,j,w) );
    public static void runTest( DGraph<V,E> G,
            ShortestPathDijkstra forest, V s ) {
        forest.shortestPath( G, s );
        for( V u : G ) {
            System.out.println(u);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ShortestPathDijkstra forest = new ShortestPathDijkstra();
        DGraph<V,E> G = new DGraphAdj<V,E>();
        V v0 = forest.new V();
        V v1 = forest.new V();
        V v2 = forest.new V();
        V v3 = forest.new V();
        V v4 = forest.new V();
        V v5 = forest.new V();
        V v6 = forest.new V();
        V v7 = forest.new V();
        V v8 = forest.new V();
        addVertices( G, forest, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v0, v1, 1 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v1, v2, 6 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v1, v6, 4 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v2, v3, 14 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v2, v6, 5 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v2, v4, 10 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v3, v4, 3 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v4, v5, 8 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v6, v5, 2 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v5, v8, 15 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v6, v7, 9 );
        runTest( G, forest, v0 );
        forest = new ShortestPathDijkstra();
        G = new DGraphAdj<V,E>();
        v0 = forest.new V();
        v1 = forest.new V();
        v2 = forest.new V();
        v3 = forest.new V();
        v4 = forest.new V();
```

```
ShortestPathDijkstraTest.java
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      v5 = forest.new V();
      v6 = forest.new V();
      v7 = forest.new V();
      v8 = forest.new V();
      addVertices( G, forest, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v0, v1, 1 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v1, v2, 6 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v1, v6, 4 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v2, v3, 14 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v2, v6, 5 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v2, v4, 10 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v3, v4, 3 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v4, v5, 8 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v5, v6, 2 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v5, v8, 15 );
      runTest( G, forest, v0 );
      forest = new ShortestPathDijkstra();
      G = new DGraphAdj<V,E>();
      v0 = forest.new V();
      v1 = forest.new V();
      v2 = forest.new V();
      v3 = forest.new V();
      v4 = forest.new V();
      v5 = forest.new V();
      v6 = forest.new V();
      v7 = forest.new V();
      v8 = forest.new V();
      addVertices( G, forest, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v0, v1, 1 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v1, v2, 6 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v1, v6, 4 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v2, v3, 14 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v2, v6, 5 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v2, v4, 10 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v3, v4, 3 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v4, v5, 8 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v5, v6, 2 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v5, v7, 1 );
      addEdge( G, forest, v8, v7, 15 );
      runTest( G, forest, v0 );
```

```
ShortestPathBellmanFord.java
 Sep 04, 14 16:48
                                                                          Page 1/2
package graphAlg;
import graphs.DGraph;
import graphs.Graph.AdjacentEdge;
import graphs.Vertex;
public class ShortestPathBellmanFord {
    public class V extends Vertex {
        public V parent;
        public int minDistance;
        public V() {
            super();
            init();
        public void init() {
            parent = null;
            minDistance = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
        public int compareTo( V w ) {
            if( minDistance < w.minDistance ) {</pre>
                return -1;
            } else if( minDistance == w.minDistance ) {
                return 0;
            } else
                return 1;
        public String toString()
            return super.toString() +
                    "distance " + minDistance + "parent " +
                    (parent == null ? "null" : parent );
    public class E
        public V source;
        public V target;
        public int weight;
        public E( V source, V target, int weight ) {
            super();
            this.source = source;
            this.target = target;
            this.weight = weight;
        public void relax() {
            if( source.minDistance + weight < target.minDistance) {</pre>
                target.parent = source;
                target.minDistance = source.minDistance + weight;
                //System.out.println( " relaxed " + this );
    public boolean shortestPath( DGraph<V,E> G, V s ) {
        for( V u : G ) {
            u.minDistance = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
```

ShortestPathBellmanFord.java Sep 04, 14 16:48 Page 2/2 u.parent = null; s.minDistance = 0; for(int i = 1; i < G.size(); i++) {</pre> for(V u : G) { for(AdjacentEdge<V, E> e : G.adjacent(u)) { e.edgeInfo.relax(); for(V u : G) { for(AdjacentEdge<V,E> e : G.adjacent(u)) { V es = e.edgeInfo.source; V et = e.edgeInfo.target; if(et.minDistance > es.minDistance + e.edgeInfo.weight) { return false; return true;

```
ShortestPathBellmanFordTest.java
 Sep 05, 14 9:22
                                                                         Page 1/2
package graphAlg;
import graphAlg.ShortestPathBellmanFord.E;
import graphAlg.ShortestPathBellmanFord.V;
import graphs.DGraph;
import graphs.DGraphAdj;
public class ShortestPathBellmanFordTest {
    private static void addVertices ( DGraph<V.E> G.
            ShortestPathBellmanFord forest, V... vertices ) {
        for( V v : vertices ) {
            v.init();
            G.addVertex( v );
    private static void addEdge( DGraph<V,E> G,
            ShortestPathBellmanFord forest, V i, V j, int w ) {
        G.addEdge( i, j, forest.new E(i,j,w) );
    public static void runTest( DGraph<V,E> G,
            ShortestPathBellmanFord forest, V s ) {
        boolean ok = forest.shortestPath( G, s );
        if( ok ) {
           for( V u : G ) {
                System.out.println( u );
         else {
            System.out.println( "Graph has a negative weight cycle" );
        System.out.println();
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ShortestPathBellmanFord forest = new ShortestPathBellmanFord();
        DGraph<V.E> G = new DGraphAdi<V.E>();
        V v0 = forest.new V();
        V v1 = forest.new V();
        V v2 = forest.new V();
        V v3 = forest.new V();
        V v4 = forest.new V();
        V v5 = forest.new V();
        V v6 = forest.new V();
        V v7 = forest.new V();
        V v8 = forest.new V();
        addVertices( G, forest, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v0, v1, 1 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v1, v2, 6 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v1, v6, 4 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v2, v3, 14 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v2, v6, 5 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v2, v4, 10 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v3, v4, 3 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v4, v5, 8 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v6, v5, 2 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v5, v8, 15 );
        addEdge( G, forest, v6, v7, 9 );
        runTest( G, forest, v0 );
        forest = new ShortestPathBellmanFord();
        G = new DGraphAdj<V,E>();
```

```
ShortestPathBellmanFordTest.java
Sep 05, 14 9:22
                                                                       Page 2/2
       v0 = forest.new V();
       v1 = forest.new V();
       v2 = forest.new V();
       v3 = forest.new V();
       v4 = forest.new V();
       v5 = forest.new V();
       v6 = forest.new V();
       v7 = forest.new V();
       v8 = forest.new V();
       addVertices( G, forest, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v0, v1, 1 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v1, v2, 6 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v1, v6, 4 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v2, v3, 14 );
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       addEdge( G, forest, v5, v6, 2 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v5, v8, 15 );
       runTest( G, forest, v0 );
       forest = new ShortestPathBellmanFord();
       G = new DGraphAdj<V,E>();
       v0 = forest.new V();
       v1 = forest.new V();
       v2 = forest.new V();
       v3 = forest.new V();
       v4 = forest.new V();
       v5 = forest.new V();
       v6 = forest.new V();
       v7 = forest.new V();
       v8 = forest.new V();
       addVertices( G, forest, v0, v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v0, v1, 1 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v1, v2, 6 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v1, v6, 4 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v2, v3, 14 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v2, v6, 5 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v2, v4, 10 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v3, v4, 3 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v4, v5, 8 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v5, v6, 2 );
       addEdge( G, forest, v7, v8, 15 );
       runTest( G, forest, v0 );
```