

# Hidden Curriculum

INT 93

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# What is Hidden Curriculum?

## Hidden Curriculum:

- Anything useful to research, but never taught
- Time saving - work smarter, not harder
- Reproducible

## Main Topics:

- File Organization
  - Research projects are huge tasks
  - Time consuming
  - Likely to forget what you did along the way

A photograph of two men sitting at a diner table, facing each other. The man on the left is older, balding, and wears a brown leather jacket. The man on the right is younger, with dark hair, and wears a dark jacket. They are both eating breakfast (eggs and steak) and drinking water. The background shows a diner counter with various items and red bar stools. The text "Your Future Self:" is overlaid in the center.

**Your Future Self:**

# Your Future Self:

## Make your future-self happy:

- Your future-self is lazy.
- Your future-self is forgetful.
  - Key decisions?
  - Anomalies in the data?

## Your future-self does not want to:

- Figure out which order to run files
- Understand what each line of code does
- Look for files across different systems
- Input new results if the data changes

# File Organization:

## How Should I Organize My Files?

- An unfamiliar person should be able to:
  - Understand your structure
  - Know where the data is
  - Know how the data was created
  - Know which files determine which results
  - Reproduce the results exactly

## Important Methods:

- Folders - large tasks/smaller tasks
- Naming Convention - Be consistent!
- README
- Version Control (beyond this course)

# Organizing with Folders

**SEE EXAMPLE**

## Personal Preferred Structure:

- analysis\_data
- created\_data
- raw\_data
- figures
- tables
- code
- presentations
- paper
- literature\_review

**You can use any structure, but keep it simple!**

# File Naming

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# File Naming:

## Naming Needs to Be:

- Machine Readable
  - Sometimes, spaces matter (Linux/Mac vs. Windows)
- Human Readable
  - Understand your own file quickly
- Default Ordering (less important)
  - Your files work well with the default ordering scheme

## Typical Naming Conventions:

- snake\_case (preferred!)
  - Spaces are underscores
  - All text is lowercase
- camelCase (also good!)
  - No spaces
  - Separate words by CapitalLetters



# Examples:

## snake\_case:

- Cleaning raw Data -> clean\_raw\_data
- Table 1 analysis -> table\_1\_analysis

## CamelCase:

- Cleaning raw Data -> CleaningRawData
- Table 1 analysis -> Table1Analysis

# Human Readable:

The more information you give in the title, the easier it will be for your future-self and others.

## Less Clear:

### snake\_case:

- Cleaning raw Data ->  
clean\_raw\_data
  - Which data?
- Table 1 analysis ->  
table\_1\_analysis
  - I don't know what Table 1 does.
  - Would need to open file

## More Clear:

### snake\_case:

- Clean NLSY 1996 Cohort ->  
clean\_nlsy\_1996\_cohort
- Table 1 Main Results  
Regressions ->  
table\_1\_main\_results\_regressions

# README

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# README

## Definition:

A special file that gives a "run-down" of the other files in the folder.

## Elements:

- .txt file (so anyone can open this)
- One in every folder with multiple files
- Describes the main purpose of each file/folder contained
- Clear - everyone should know what files do what after reading
- Update these frequently:
  - Hard to do, realistically, before you take a long break from the project.

# Coding Files

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# Coding Files:

## Coding Files (Surface)

- Number when ordering needed
- Make informative file names (as discussed)

## Coding Files (Within)

- Use comments to explain code to readers
- Make informative names!!!!!!
  - Bad: r1
  - Good: regression\_income\_race\_1
- Use Whitespace Effectively
- Keep files short (~100-150 lines)
  - One task per-coding file

# Coding: Bad

```
x=1  
y=2  
if(x≠y){  
    print("They are not equal")  
}else{print("They are equal")}
```

- No whitespaces: hard on the eyes
- No comments: time-consuming to read
- Uninformative naming of variables

# Coding: Good

```
## Defining Variables
```

```
first_number = 1
```

```
second_number = 2
```

```
## Checking if numbers are equivalent
```

```
if (first_number == second_number) {
```

```
    print("They are equal")
```

```
}
```

```
else{
```

```
    print("They are not equal")
```

```
}
```



# Case Study: Michael's Work

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Does Michael practices what he preaches?

[Link to Michael's job market paper Github repository](#)

# Assignment: Redo a Project

## Make an Old Project Reproducible

- Take an old project and use the tools we talked about to make it easy for an outsider to understand.
  - Rename, restructure
  - READMEs
- If you do not have one of these, create a pseudo-file structure for your current project with some fake files.

# Further Reading/Reference

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- [Slides from Jenny Bryan on Naming](#)
- [Slides on Code Quality](#)