Exercise 3:

Algorithms			
	First-fit	Best-fit	Worst-fit
Memory partitions			
300 KB	115 KB		
600 KB	500 KB	500 KB	358 KB
350 KB	200 KB		200 KB
200 KB		200 KB	
750 KB	358 KB	358 KB	115 KB
750 KD	375 KB	375 KB	500 KB
125 KB		115 KB	
Available memory	777 KB	777 KB	1102 KB

The most efficient algorithm in terms of using memory is the Best-fit because its internal fragmentation is smaller than the others. Then comes First-fit, though its available memory is the same as Best-fit but internal fragmentation is bigger. The worst algorithm is Worst-fit because it creates an external fragmentation which that cannot fit the last process (375 KB) to any partitions.

Exercise 4:

	ADVANTAGES	DISADVANTAGES
FIRST FIT	- Simple, fast, tends to produce larger free blocks.	The remaining unused memory after allocation is wasted & External fragmentation
BEST FIT	- Memory utilized	- Slower in operations, may have tiny useless fragments
WORST FIT	- Reduce the rate of production of small gaps & works best if allocations are of medium sizes	- External fragmentation & tends to break large free blocks that large partitions cannot be allocated