

### Sorting concepts

### Insertion Sort

Straight Insertion Sort Shell Sort

## Selection Sort

Straight Selection Sort Heap Sort

## **Exchange Sort**

Bubble Sort

### Devide-and-Conquer

Quick Sort Merge Sort

Luong The Nhan

# Chapter 10 Sorting

Data Structures and Algorithms

## **Luong The Nhan**

Faculty of Computer Science and Engineering University of Technology, VNU-HCM

### Outcomes

- **L.O.6.1** Depict the working steps of sorting algorithms step-by-steps.
- L.O.6.2 Describe sorting algorithms by using pseudocode.
- L.O.6.3 Implement sorting algorithms using C/C++ .
- L.O.6.4 Analyze the complexity and develop experiment (program) to evaluate sorting algorithms.
- L.O.6.5 Use sorting algorithms for problems in real-life.
- L.O.8.4 Develop recursive implementations for methods supplied for the following structures: list, tree, heap, searching, and graphs.
- L.O.1.2 Analyze algorithms and use Big-O notation to characterize the computational complexity of algorithms composed by using the following control structures: sequence, branching, and iteration (not recursion).

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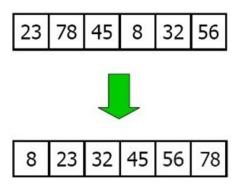
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One of the most important concepts and common applications in computing.



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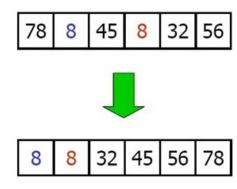
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Sort stability: data with equal keys maintain their relative input order in the output.



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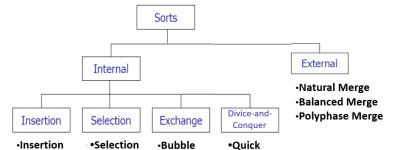
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Merge

Quick

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**Insertion Sort** 

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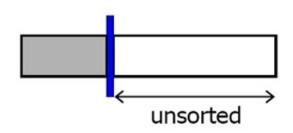
Straight Selection Sort Heap Sort

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- The list is divided into two parts: sorted and unsorted.
- In each pass, the first element of the unsorted sublist is inserted into the sorted sublist.



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0	23	78	45	8	32	56

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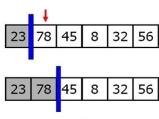
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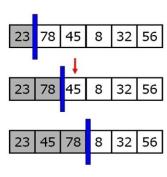
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## Selection Sort Straight Selection Sort

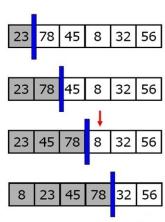
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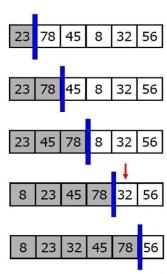
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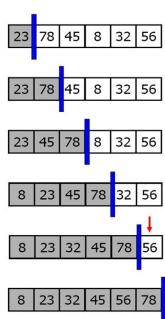
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**End** InsertionSort

**Algorithm** InsertionSort()

Sorts the contiguous list using straight insertion sort.

```
if count > 1 then
    current = 1
    while current < count do
        temp = data[current]
        walker = current - 1
        while walker >= 0 AND temp.key <
        data[walker].key do
            data[walker+1] = data[walker]
            walker = walker - 1
        end
        data[walker+1] = temp
        current = current + 1
    end
end
```

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- Named after its creator Donald L. Shell (1959).
- Given a list of N elements, the list is divided into K segments (K is called the increment).
- Each segment contains N/K or more elements.
- Segments are dispersed throughout the list.
- Also is called diminishing-increment sort.

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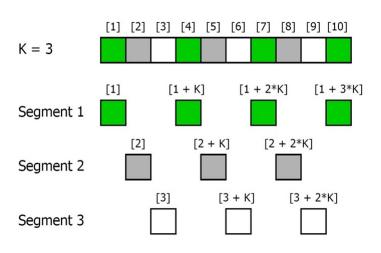
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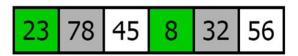
## Selection Sort Straight Selection Sort

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- For the value of K in each iteration, sort the K segments.
- After each iteration, K is reduced until it is 1 in the final iteration

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## **Example of Shell Sort**

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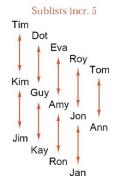
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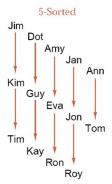


### Unsorted Tim

Dot Eva Roy Tom Kim Guy Amy Jon Ann Jim Kay Ron

Jan





Jim Dot Amy Jan Ann Kim Guy Eva Jon Tom

Recombined

Kay

Ron

Roy

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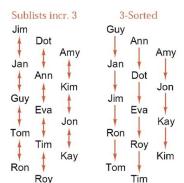
Merge Sort

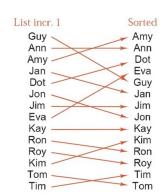
## **Example of Shell Sort**

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## **Choosing incremental values**

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 From more of the comparisons, it is better when we can receive more new information.

- Incremental values should not be multiples
  of each other, other wise, the same keys
  compared on one pass would be compared
  again at the next.
- The final incremental value must be 1.



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Quick Sort Merge Sort

Incremental values may be:

$$1, 4, 13, 40, 121, ...$$
  
 $k_t = 1$   
 $k_{i-1} = 3 * k_i + 1$   
 $t = |\log_3 n| - 1$ 

• or:

$$1, 3, 7, 15, 31, ...$$
  
 $k_t = 1$   
 $k_{i-1} = 2 * k_i + 1$   
 $t = |\log_2 n| - 1$ 

# **Algorithm** ShellSort()

Sorts the contiguous list using Shell sort.

```
k = first incremental value
while k >= 1 do
   segment = 1
   while segment \leq k do
      SortSegment(segment)
      segment = segment + 1
   end
   k = next incremental value
end
End ShellSort
```

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**Algorithm** SortSegment(val segment <int>, val k <int>)

Sorts the segment beginning at segment using insertion sort, step between elements in the segment is k.

```
current = segment + k
while current < count do
    temp = data[current]
    walker = current - k
    while walker >=0 AND temp.key <
    data[walker].key do
        data[walker + k] = data[walker]
        walker = walker - k
    end
    data[walker + k] = temp
    current = current + k
end
```

**End** SortSegment

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## **Insertion Sort Efficiency**

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Quick Sort Merge Sort

 Straight insertion sort:  $f(n) = n(n+1)/2 = O(n^2)$ 

Shell sort:

 $O(n^{1.25})$  (Empirical study)

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# **Selection Sort**

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In each pass, the smallest/largest item is selected and placed in a sorted list.

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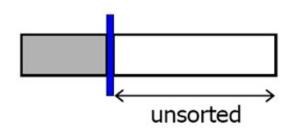
## **Exchange Sort**

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Merge Sort

- The list is divided into two parts: sorted and unsorted.
- In each pass, in the unsorted sublist, the smallest element is selected and exchanged with the first element.



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		8	36 6		7
23	78	45	8	32	56

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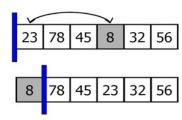
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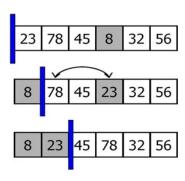
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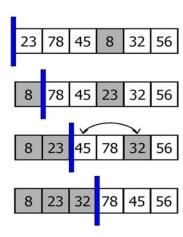
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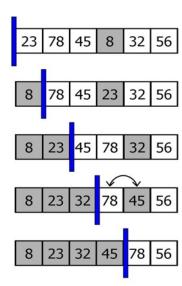
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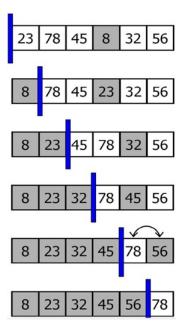
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# **Straight Selection Sort**

# Algorithm SelectionSort()

Sorts the contiguous list using straight selection sort.

```
current = 0
while current < count - 1 do
    smallest = current
    walker = current + 1
    while walker < count do
        if data [walker].key < data [smallest].key then
            smallest = walker
        end
        walker = walker + 1
    end
    swap(current, smallest)
    current = current + 1
end
```

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#### Straight Selection Sort

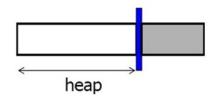
Heap Sort

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- The unsorted sublist is organized into a heap.
- In each pass, in the unsorted sublist, the largest element is selected and exchanged with the last element.
- The the heap is reheaped.



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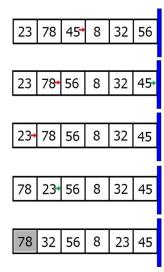
Straight Selection Sort

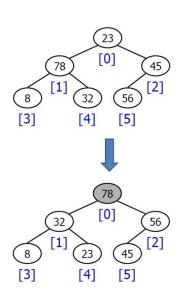
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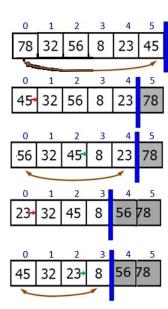
Straight Selection Sort Heap Sort

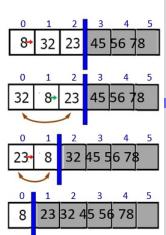
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# **Algorithm** HeapSort()

**End** HeapSort

Sorts the contiguous list using heap sort.

```
position = count/2 - 1
while position >= 0 do
    ReheapDown(position, count - 1)
    position = position - 1
end
last = count - 1
while last > 0 do
    swap(0, last)
    last = last - 1
    ReheapDown(0, last - 1)
end
```

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# **Selection Sort Efficiency**

Straight selection sort:

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Quick Sort Merge Sort

# Heap sort:

 $O(nlog_2n)$ 

 $O(n^2)$ 

10.42

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# **Exchange Sort**

• In each pass, elements that are out of order are exchanged, until the entire list is sorted.

• Exchange is extensively used.

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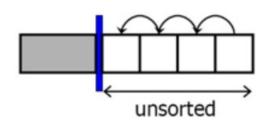
Straight Selection Sort Heap Sort

#### Exchange Sort

Bubble Sort

#### Devide-and-Conquer

- The list is divided into two parts: sorted and unsorted.
- In each pass, the smallest element is bubbled from the unsorted sublist and moved to the sorted sublist.



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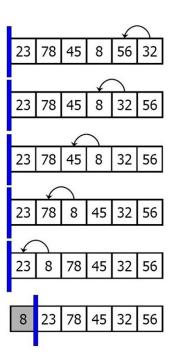
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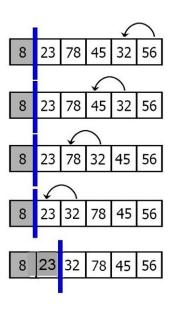
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**End** BubbleSort

# **Algorithm** BubbleSort()

Sorts the contiguous list using bubble sort.

```
current = 0
flag = False
while current < count AND flag = False do
    walker = count - 1
    flag = True
    while walker > current do
        if data [walker].key < data [walker-1].key then
            flag = False
            swap(walker, walker - 1)
        end
        walker = walker - 1
    end
    current = current + 1
end
```

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# **Exchange Sort Efficiency**

• Bubble sort:

 $f(n) = n(n+1)/2 = O(n^2)$ 

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# **Devide-and-Conquer**

# **Devide-and-Conquer Sort**

Algorithm DevideAndConquer()

if the list has length > 1 then

partition the list into lowlist and highlist lowlist.DevideAndConquer()

highlist.DevideAndConquer()

combine(lowlist, highlist)

end

End DevideAndConquer

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# **Devide-and-Conquer Sort**

# Merge Sort easy hard Quick Sort hard easy

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# **Algorithm** QuickSort()

Sorts the contiguous list using quick sort.

recursiveQuickSort(0, count - 1)

**End** QuickSort

```
Quick Sort
```

**Algorithm** recursiveQuickSort(val left <int>, val right <int>)

Sorts the contiguous list using quick sort.

**Pre:** left and right are valid positions in the list

Post: list sorted

```
if left < right then
```

```
pivot_position = Partition(left, right)
recursiveQuickSort(left, pivot_position - 1)
recursiveQuickSort(pivot_position + 1,
right)
```

end

**End** recursiveQuickSort

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# Selection Sort Straight Selection Sort

Heap Sort

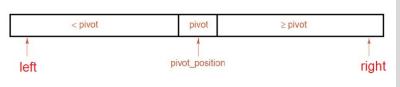
# Exchange Sort Bubble Sort

Devide-and-Conquer

## Quick Sort

# **Quick Sort**

Given a pivot value, the partition rearranges the entries in the list as the following figure:



#### Sorting

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#### Sorting concepts

#### Insertion Sort

Straight Insertion Sort Shell Sort

#### Selection Sort

Straight Selection Sort Heap Sort

# Exchange Sort

Devide-and-Conquer

# Quick Sort

# **Quick Sort Efficiency**

Sorting
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#### Sorting concepts

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# Exchange Sort

Bubble Sort

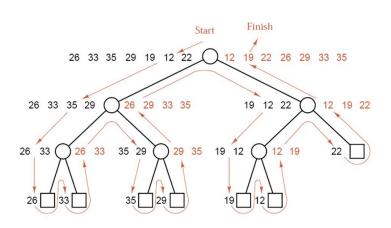
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#### Quick Sort

Merge Sort

10.56

# • Quick sort: $O(nlog_2n)$



#### Sorting

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Straight Insertion Sort Shell Sort

# Selection Sort

Straight Selection Sort Heap Sort

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#### Quick Sort

**Algorithm** MergeSort()
Sorts the linked list using merge sort.

recursiveMergeSort(head)
End MergeSort

#### Sorting

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Bubble Sort

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Quick Sort

#### Merge Sort

**Algorithm** recursiveMergeSort(ref sublist <pointer>)
Sorts the linked list using recursive merge sort.

# **if** sublist is not NULL AND sublist->link is not NULL **then**

Divide(sublist, second\_list)
recursiveMergeSort(sublist)
recursiveMergeSort(second\_list)
Merge(sublist, second\_list)

end

**End** recursiveMergeSort

#### Sorting

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#### Sorting concepts

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Straight Insertion Sort Shell Sort

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Devide-and-Conquer

#### Quick Sort

**Algorithm** Divide(val sublist <pointer>, ref second\_list <pointer>)

Divides the list into two halves.

```
midpoint = sublist
position = sublist->link
while position is not NULL do

position = position->link
if position is not NULL then
midpoint = midpoint->link
position = position->link
end
```

## end

second\_list = midpoint->link midpoint->link = NULL **End** Divide Sorting

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#### Sorting concepts

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Straight Insertion Sort Shell Sort

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Exchange Sort

#### Devide-and-Conquer

Quick Sort

# Merge two sublists

# Initial situation: second After merging: Dummy node combined

#### Sorting

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Quick Sort

# Merge two sublists

```
Algorithm Merge(ref first <pointer>, ref second <pointer>)
```

Merges two sorted lists into a sorted list.

```
lastSorted = address of combined
while first is not NULL AND second is not NULL do
    if first->data.key <= second->data.key then
        lastSorted->link = first
        lastSorted = first
        first = first - > link
    else
        lastSorted->link = second
        lastSorted = second
        second = second->link
    end
end
```

Sorting

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#### Sorting concepts

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Straight Insertion Sort Shell Sort

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Bubble Sort

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Quick Sort

# Merge two sublists

```
// ...
```

#### Sorting

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