

## Homework 3 - Problem 1

Coded by Michael White

```
clear;clc;
% Setup portion
% Define necessary link parameters and link table
syms m1 m2 L1 L2 theta1 thetaDot_1 thetaDotDot_1 theta2 thetaDot_2 thetaDotDot_2 g;
linkTable = [0 0 0 theta1; pi/2 L1 0 theta2; 0 L2 0 0];

% Generate transforms from link table
T01 = functions.links.Link2Transform(linkTable(1,:));
T12 = functions.links.Link2Transform(linkTable(2,:));
T23 = functions.links.Link2Transform(linkTable(3,:));
T03 = functions.links.Link2Transform(linkTable);

% Pull and define rotations from transforms
R01 = functions.transform.rotationFromTransform(T01);
R12 = functions.transform.rotationFromTransform(T12);
R23 = functions.transform.rotationFromTransform(T23);

% Define position, centroid, inertial, and initial angular velocity/accel vectors
P_01 = [0 0 0];
P_12 = L1*[1 0 0];
Pc_11 = L1*[1 0 0].';
Pc_22 = L2*[1 0 0].';
Ic_11 = 0;
Ic_22 = 0;
w_0 = 0;
wDot_0 = 0;
v0_dot = [0 0 g].';

% Velocity Propagation:
% Define velocity conditions at first joint
w_11 = functions.dynamics.omega_ip1ip1(R01.',w_0,thetaDot_1);
wDot_11 = functions.dynamics.omegaDot_ip1ip1(R01.',wDot_0,w_0,thetaDot_1,thetaDotDot_1);
vDot_11 = functions.dynamics.vDot_ip1ip1(R01.',wDot_0,P_01,w_11,v0_dot);
vcDot_11 = functions.dynamics.vcDot_ip1ip1(wDot_11,Pc_11,w_11,vDot_11);

% Define force and torque conditions at first joint
F_11 = functions.dynamics.F_ip1ip1(m1,vcDot_11);
N_11 = functions.dynamics.N_ip1ip1(wDot_11,w_11,Ic_11);

% Define velocity conditions at second joint
w_22 = functions.dynamics.omega_ip1ip1(R12.',w_11,thetaDot_2);
wDot_22 = functions.dynamics.omegaDot_ip1ip1(R12.',wDot_11,w_11,thetaDot_2,thetaDotDot_2);
vDot_22 = functions.dynamics.vDot_ip1ip1(R12.',wDot_11,P_12,w_11,vDot_11);
vcDot_22 = functions.dynamics.vcDot_ip1ip1(wDot_22,Pc_22,w_22,vDot_22);

% Define force and torque conditions at second joint
F_22 = functions.dynamics.F_ip1ip1(m2,vcDot_22);
N_22 = functions.dynamics.N_ip1ip1(wDot_22,w_22,Ic_22);

% Force Propagation:
% Summarize force and torque conditions at second joint
f_22 = F_22;
n_22 = functions.dynamics.n_ii(N_22,R23,0,Pc_22,F_22,Pc_22,0);
tau_2 = functions.dynamics.tau_i(n_22);

% Summarize force and torque conditions at first joint
f_11 = functions.dynamics.f_ii(R12,f_22,F_11);
n_11 = functions.dynamics.n_ii(N_11,R12,n_22,Pc_11,F_11,P_12,0);
tau_1 = functions.dynamics.tau_i(n_11);

% Cleanup tau_1 and tau_2 and display
syms c1 c2 s1 s2;
tau_1 = subs(tau_1,[cos(theta1),cos(theta2),sin(theta1),sin(theta2)], [c1,c2,s1,s2]);
tau_2 = subs(tau_2,[cos(theta1),cos(theta2),sin(theta1),sin(theta2)], [c1,c2,s1,s2]);
display(tau_1);
display(tau_2);
```

$\tau_1 =$

$$L_1^2 m_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + L_2 c_2 m_2 (L_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + L_2 (c_2 \ddot{\theta}_1 - s_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2) - L_2 s_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2)$$

$\tau_2 =$

$$L_2 m_2 (L_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + c_2 g + L_1 s_2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + L_2 c_2 s_2 \dot{\theta}_1^2)$$

## Homework 3 - Problem 2

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```
clear;clc;

% Setup Portion
% Dynamic equations using Newton-Euler formulation
syms d_2 dDot_2 dDotDot_2 theta1 thetaDot_1 thetaDotDot_1 theta2 thetaDot_2 thetaDotDot_2 g Ixx_1 Iyy_1 Izz_1 m1 m2;
linkTable = [0 0 0 theta1; -pi/2 0 d_2 0];

% Define transforms for each link from table
T01 = functions.links.Link2Transform(linkTable(1,:));
T12 = functions.links.Link2Transform(linkTable(2,:));

% Pull and define rotations from transforms
R01 = functions.transform.rotationFromTransform(T01);
R12 = functions.transform.rotationFromTransform(T12);

% Define position, centroid, inertial, and initial angular velocity/accel vectors
P_01 = functions.transform.positionFromTransform(T01);
P_12 = functions.transform.positionFromTransform(T12);
Pc_11 = [0 0 0].';
Pc_22 = [0 0 0].';
Ic_11 = [Ixx_1 0 0; 0 Iyy_1 0; 0 0 Izz_1];
Ic_22 = 0;
w_0 = 0;
wDot_0 = 0;
v0_dot = [0 0 g].';

% Velocity Propagation:
% Define velocity conditions at first joint
w_11 = functions.dynamics.omega_ip1ip1(R01.',w_0,thetaDot_1);
wDot_11 = functions.dynamics.omegaDot_ip1ip1(R01.',wDot_0,w_0,thetaDot_1,thetaDotDot_1);
vDot_11 = functions.dynamics.vDot_ip1ip1(R01.',wDot_0,P_01,w_11,v0_dot);
vcDot_11 = functions.dynamics.vcDot_ip1ip1(wDot_11,Pc_11,w_11,vDot_11);

% Define force and torque conditions at first joint
F_11 = functions.dynamics.F_ip1ip1(m1,vcDot_11);
N_11 = functions.dynamics.N_ip1ip1(wDot_11,w_11,Ic_11);

% Define velocity conditions at second joint
w_22 = functions.dynamics.omega_ip1ip1(R12.',w_11,0);
wDot_22 = functions.dynamics.omegaDot_ip1ip1(R12.',wDot_11,w_11,0,0);
vDot_22 = functions.dynamics.vDot_ip1ip1_prism(R12.',wDot_11,P_12,w_11,vDot_11,w_22,dDot_2,dDotDot_2);
vcDot_22 = functions.dynamics.vcDot_ip1ip1(wDot_22,Pc_22,w_22,vDot_22);

% Define force and torque conditions at second joint
F_22 = functions.dynamics.F_ip1ip1(m2,vcDot_22);
N_22 = functions.dynamics.N_ip1ip1(wDot_22,w_22,Ic_22);

% Force Propagation:
% Summarize force and torque conditions at second joint
f_22 = F_22;
n_22 = functions.dynamics.n_ii(N_22,0,0,Pc_22,F_22,Pc_22,0);
tau_2 = functions.dynamics.tau_i(f_22);

% Summarize force and torque conditions at first joint
f_11 = functions.dynamics.f_ii(R12,f_22,F_11);
n_11 = functions.dynamics.n_ii(N_11,R12,n_22,Pc_11,F_11,P_12,F_22);
tau_1 = functions.dynamics.tau_i(n_11);

% Cleanup tau_1 and tau_2
syms c1 c2 s1 s2;
tau_1 = subs(tau_1,[cos(theta1),cos(theta2),sin(theta1),sin(theta2)], [c1,c2,s1,s2]);
```

```
tau_2 = subs(tau_2,[cos(theta1),cos(theta2),sin(theta1),sin(theta2)], [c1,c2,s1,s2]);  
display(tau_1);  
display(tau_2);
```

---

tau\_1 =

$I_{zz\_1} \ddot{\theta}_1 + d_2 m_2 (2 \dot{d}_2 \dot{\theta}_1 + d_2 \ddot{\theta}_1)$

tau\_2 =

$m_2 (-d_2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \ddot{d}_2)$

## Homework 3 - Problem 3

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```
clear;clc;
% Dynamic equations using Newton-Euler formulation
syms d_2 dDot_2 dDotDot_2 theta1 thetaDot_1 thetaDotDot_1 theta2 thetaDot_2 thetaDotDot_2 g Ixx_1 Iyy_1 Izz_1;
linkTable = [0 0 0 theta1; -pi/2 0 d_2 0];

T01 = functions.links.Link2Transform(linkTable(1,:));
T12 = functions.links.Link2Transform(linkTable(2,:));

% Pull and define rotations from transforms
R01 = functions.transform.rotationFromTransform(T01);
R12 = functions.transform.rotationFromTransform(T12);

syms dDot_2 dDotDot_2 thetaDot_1 thetaDotDot_1 thetaDot_2 thetaDotDot_2 g;
syms c1 c2 s1 s2 m1 m2;

v0_dot = [0 0 g].';

% Define initial conditions
P_01 = functions.transform.positionFromTransform(T01);
P_12 = functions.transform.positionFromTransform(T12);
Pc_11 = [0 0 0].';
Pc_22 = [0 0 0].';

syms Ixx_1 Iyy_1 Izz_1;
Ic_11 = [Ixx_1 0 0; 0 Iyy_1 0; 0 0 Izz_1];
Ic_22 = 0;
w_0 = [0 0 0].';
wDot_0 = 0;
v_11 = [0 0 0].';

% Functions needed for v_22
w_11 = functions.dynamics.omega_ip1ip1(R01,w_0,thetaDot_1);
v_22 = functions.dynamics.v_ip1ip1_prism(R12,v_11,w_11,P_12,dDot_2);

% Solve for J_2
v_22 = v_22([1,3],:);
J_2 = v_22./[thetaDot_1;dDot_2];
J_2 = J_2.*eye(2);

% Solve for JDot_2
JDot_2 = subs(diff(J_2,d_2),-1,-dDot_2);

% Pulling from previous problem
M = [Izz_1+m2*d_2^2 0; 0 m2];
V = [2*d_2*m2*dDot_2*thetaDot_1; -m2*d_2*thetaDot_1^2];
G = [0; 0];

M = M.*eye(2);
V = V.*eye(2);
G = G.*eye(2);

% Solve for Mx
Mx = simplify(((J_2^-1).').*M.*(J_2^-1));
Vx = simplify(((J_2^-1).').*(V-M*(J_2^-1)*JDot_2*thetaDot_1));
Gx = simplify(((J_2^-1).').*G);
```

```
% Simplify answers to column vectors
```

```
Mx = [Mx(1,1); Mx(2,2)];
```

```
Vx = [Vx(1,1); Vx(2,2)];
```

```
Gx = [Gx(1,1); Gx(2,2)];
```

```
% Display answers
```

```
disp('Mx = ');disp(Mx);
```

```
disp('Vx = ');disp(Vx);
```

```
disp('Gx = ');disp(Gx);
```

```
Mx =
```

```
(m2*d_2^2 + Izz_1)/d_2^2  
m2
```

```
Vx =
```

```
(dDot_2*thetaDot_1*(- m2*d_2^2 + Izz_1))/d_2^2  
-d_2*m2*thetaDot_1^2
```

```
Gx =
```

```
0
```

```
0
```

```
function [f] = f_ii(rotation_ip1i,f_ip1ip1,F)
% This function summarizes the forces at a joint from the previous link and
% the current link. Eqn. 6.51 in the textbook.
    arguments
        rotation_ip1i (3,3)
        f_ip1ip1 (3,1)
        F (3,1)
    end

    f = (rotation_ip1i * f_ip1ip1) + F;

end
```

```
function [F] = F_ip1lip1(m_ip1, vcdot_ip1lip1)
% This function summarizes the forces at the current link.
% Eqn. 6.49 in the textbook.
    arguments
        m_ip1
        vcdot_ip1lip1 (3,1)
    end

    F = m_ip1 .* vcdot_ip1lip1;

end
```



```
function [n_ii] = n_ii(N_ii,rotation_ip1i,n_ip1ip1,positionC_ii,F_ii,position_ip1i, f_ip1ip1)
% This function summarizes the torques at a joint from the previous link and
% the current link. Eqn. 6.52 in the textbook.
    arguments
        N_ii (3,1)
        rotation_ip1i (3,3)
        n_ip1ip1 (3,1)
        positionC_ii (3,1)
        F_ii (3,1)
        position_ip1i (3,1)
        f_ip1ip1 (3,1)
    end

    n_ii = N_ii+rotation_ip1i*n_ip1ip1 + cross(positionC_ii,F_ii) + cross
(position_ip1i,rotation_ip1i*f_ip1ip1);

end
```

```
function [N] = N_ip1ip1(omegaDot_ii,omega_ii,Ic)
% This function summarizes the torques at a joint at the current link.
% Eqn. 6.50 in the textbook.
    arguments
        omegaDot_ii (3,1)
        omega_ii (3,1)
        Ic (3,3)
    end

    N = (Ic * omegaDot_ii) + cross(omega_ii, Ic * omega_ii);

end
```

```
function [angularVelocity] = omega_iplip1(rotation_iip1,angular_ii,thetadot)
% This function summarizes the angular velocity at a joint from the previous link and
% the current link. Eqn. 6.45 in the textbook.
    arguments
        rotation_iip1 (3,3)
        angular_ii (3,1)
        thetadot
    end

    angularVelocity = rotation_iip1*angular_ii + thetadot*[0 0 1]';

end
```

```
function [angularAcceleration] = omegaDot_ip1ip1(rotation_ip1,omegaDot_ii,omega_ii, ↵
thetaDot,thetaDotDot)
% This function summarizes the angular acceleration at a joint from the
% previous link and the current link. Eqn. 6.46 in the textbook.
    arguments
        rotation_ip1 (3,3)
        omegaDot_ii (3,1)
        omega_ii (3,1)
        thetaDot
        thetaDotDot
    end

    angularAcceleration = rotation_ip1*omegaDot_ii + cross((rotation_ip1*omega_ii), ↵
(thetaDot*[0 0 1]')) + thetaDotDot*[0 0 1]';

end
```

```
function [torque] = tau_i(n_ii)
% This function isolates the z term (for the joint axis) of the torque
% summary. Eqn. 6.53 in the textbook.
    arguments
        n_ii (3,1)
    end

    torque = n_ii(3);

end
```

```
function [linearVelocity] = v_ip1ip1(rotation_iip1,linear_ii,angular_ii,P_ip1i)
% This function summarizes the linear velocity at a joint from the
% previous link and the current link. Eqn. 5.47 in the textbook.
    arguments
        rotation_iip1 (3,3)
        linear_ii (3,1)
        angular_ii (3,1)
        P_ip1i (3,1)
    end

    linearVelocity = rotation_iip1*(linear_ii + cross(angular_ii,P_ip1i));
end
```

```
function [linearVelocityPrism] = v_iplip1_prism(rotation_iip1,linear_ii,angular_ii, P_iplus1_i,dDot_ip1)
% This function summarizes the linear velocity at a prismatic joint from the
% previous link and the current link. Eqn. 5.48 in the textbook.
    arguments
        rotation_iip1 (3,3)
        linear_ii (3,1)
        angular_ii (3,1)
        P_iplus1_i (3,1)
        dDot_ip1 (3,1)
    end

    linearVelocityPrism = rotation_iip1*(linear_ii + cross(angular_ii,P_iplus1_i)) +
    dDot_ip1.*[0 0 1].';
end
```

```
function [linearAccelCentroid] = vcDot_ip1lip1(omegaDot_ip1lip1,positionC_iip1, ω
omega_ip1lip1,vDot_ip1lip1)
% This function summarizes the linear acceleration of the centroid of joint from the
% previous link and the current link. Eqn. 6.48 in the textbook.
    arguments
        omegaDot_ip1lip1 (3,1)
        positionC_iip1 (3,1)
        omega_ip1lip1 (3,1)
        vDot_ip1lip1 (3,1)
    end

    linearAccelCentroid = cross(omegaDot_ip1lip1,positionC_iip1)+cross(omega_ip1lip1, ω
cross(omega_ip1lip1,positionC_iip1))+vDot_ip1lip1;

end
```



```
function [linearAcceleration] = vDot_iplip1(rotation_iip1,omegaDot_ii,position_iip1, ↵
omega_ii,vDot_ii)
% This function summarizes the linear acceleration at a joint from the
% previous link and the current link. Eqn. 6.34 in the textbook.
    arguments
        rotation_iip1 (3,3)
        omegaDot_ii (3,1)
        position_iip1 (3,1)
        omega_ii (3,1)
        vDot_ii (3,1)
    end

    linearAcceleration = rotation_iip1*(cross(omegaDot_ii,position_iip1)+cross ↵
(omega_ii,cross(omega_ii,position_iip1))+vDot_ii);

end
```

```
function [linearAcceleration] = vDot_iplip1_prism(rotation_iip1,omegaDot_ii,↵
position_iip1,omega_ii,vDot_ii,omega_iplip1,dDot_iplip1,dDotDot_iplip1)
% This function summarizes the linear acceleration at a prismatic joint from the
% previous link and the current link. Eqn. 6.35 in the textbook.
arguments
    rotation_iip1 (3,3)
    omegaDot_ii (3,1)
    position_iip1 (3,1)
    omega_ii (3,1)
    vDot_ii (3,1)
    omega_iplip1 (3,1)
    dDot_iplip1 (3,1)
    dDotDot_iplip1 (3,1)
end

linearAcceleration = rotation_iip1*(cross(omegaDot_ii,position_iip1)+cross↵
(omega_ii,cross(omega_ii,position_iip1))+vDot_ii) ...
    + cross(2*omega_iplip1,dDot_iplip1.*[0 0 1].') + dDotDot_iplip1.*[0 0 1].';

end
```