Week 4-Seminar 1 Q3-EM

Q3: EM Theory

Consider a simple dice-throwing game in which we are given a pair of dice A and B with unknown biases, θ_A and θ_B , respectively (that is, on any given throw, die A and B will land on an even number with probability θ_A and θ_B respectively.) We repeat the following procedure four times: randomly select one of the two dice and throw it four times. Thus, the entire procedure involves 4 rounds for a total of 16 throws. At each round, the probability that A is selected is λ .

1. [Fully Observable Case:] Assume that you were told which die was selected for each round and that $\lambda = 0.7$. Use maximum likelihood estimation to estimate θ_A , θ_B using the following data.

	Selected Dice	Outcomes of Throws
1	В	3 1 4 2
2	A	1 6 4 3
3	A	4 3 1 3
1	A	3 2 5 4

Solution:
$$\theta_A = \frac{5}{12}, \theta_B = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

2. [The selected Die is Hidden.] Now you were not told which die was tossed on each round. You see the following sequence: <3426>, <6132>, <1351>, <2436>.

Apply expectation maximization (EM) to estimate $\lambda, \theta_A, \theta_B$. Initially, we have: $\lambda^0 = 0.4$; $\theta_A^0 = 0.7$; $\theta_B^0 = 0.2$

(a) [E-Step 1:] Given λ^0 , θ^0_A , θ^0_B , calculate P(DiceA| < 3426 >). [Answer:]:

Solution:

Solution:

$$P(DiceA|3426) = \frac{P(3426|A)*P(A)}{P(3426)}$$

$$= \frac{P(3426|A)*P(A)}{P(3426|A)*P(A)+P(3426|B)*P(B)}$$

$$= \frac{0.3\times0.7^3\times0.4}{0.3\times0.7^3\times0.4+0.8\times0.2^3\times0.6}$$

$$= 0.91$$

- (b) [M-Step 1:] Assume from E-step 1 that we have:
 - $P(DiceA | < 3426 >) = a_1,$
 - $P(DiceA | < 6132 >) = a_2$
 - $P(DiceA | < 1351 >) = a_3$,
 - $P(DiceA | < 2436 >) = a_4$.

Use the results from E-step 1 to determine the new estimates for the three parameters: λ^1 , θ^1_A , θ^1_B . Express your answers in terms of a_1 , a_2 , a_3 and a_4 .

[Answer:]:

Solution:

$$\lambda^{1} = \frac{a_{1} + a_{2} + a_{3} + a_{4}}{4}$$

$$\theta^{1}_{A} = \frac{a_{1} \times 3 + a_{2} \times 2 + a_{4} \times 3}{4(a_{1} + a_{2} + a_{3} + a_{4})}$$

$$b_{i} = 1 - a_{i}$$

$$\theta^{1}_{B} = \frac{8 - a_{1} \times 3 - a_{2} \times 2 - a_{4} \times 3}{16 - 4(a_{1} + a_{2} + a_{3} + a_{4})}$$