## PageRank: Random Surfer Model

• 
$$P(n) = \alpha \frac{1}{|V|} + (1 - \alpha) \sum_{m \in L(n)} \frac{P(m)}{C(m)}$$

• 
$$P(n) = \alpha \frac{1}{|V|} + (1 - \alpha) \left( \frac{\delta}{|V|} + \sum_{m \in L(n)} \frac{P(m)}{C(m)} \right)$$

- The variables in the formula have the following meaning:
  - |V| is the number of pages (nodes) in the Web graph considered.
  - $\alpha$  is the probability of the surfer making a random jump, therefore 1- $\alpha$  is the probability of following a link.
  - L(n) is the set of all pages in the graph linking to n.
  - P(m) is the PageRank of another page m.
  - C(m) is the out-degree of page m, i.e., the number of links on that page.
  - $-\delta$  is the total PageRank mass of dangling nodes.
- Recursive definition