Michał Burdukiewicz

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- 1993: R staje się dostępny publicznie.
- 1997: początek listy mailingowej.
- 2000: R 1.0.0 staje się dostępny publicznie na CRANie.
- 2002: Sweave jest dodany do R.

- 2007: powstanie Revolution Analytics.
- 2009: testthat trafia na CRAN.
- 2010: Revolution Analytics publike ScaleR.
- 2011: devtools trafia na CRAN.
- 2011: powstanie RStudio.
- 2012: shiny trafia na CRAN.
- 2015: Microsoft kupuje Revolution Analytics.
- 2016: RevoScaleR zastępuje ScaleR.
- 2017: reticulate trafia na CRAN.

"Although R is still used by academics and data scientists, companies interested in data analytics are turning to Python for its scalability and ease of use."

https://insights.dice.com/2019/07/29/5-programming-languages-probably-doomed/

https://www.kdnuggets.com/2017/08/python-overtakes-r-leader-analytics-data-science.html

In September 2017, Microsoft R Server was released under the new name of Microsoft Machine Learning Server. The product was renamed from R Server to Machine Learning Server to reflect the addition of Python-based analytics.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/machine-learning-server/rebranding-microsoft-r-server

https://www.tiobe.com/tiobe-index/r/

https://rstudio.github.io/reticulate/

"R melts brains: an IR for first-class environments and lazy effectful arguments"

Źródło: https://dl.acm.org/doi/abs/10.1145/3359619.3359744

Podsumowanie zajęć

1 pakiet na CRANie! https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=hackeRnews

Podsumowanie zajęć