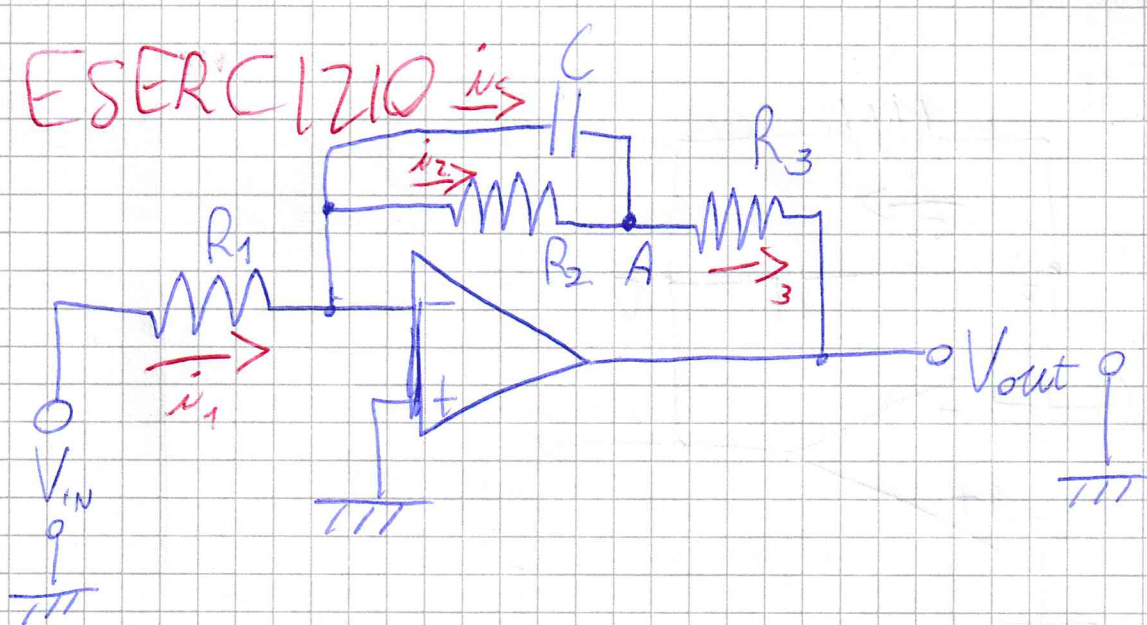


ESERCIZIO



$$L^+ = |L^-| = 10V$$

$$R_1 = 100k\Omega \quad R_2 = 200k\Omega \quad R_3 = 100k\Omega \quad C = 10nF$$



$$t < 0$$

$$V_o = 0V$$

$t \rightarrow +\infty$ C è in c.a., abbiamo un ampl. invertente

$$V_o = V_{IN} \left(- \frac{R_2 + R_3}{R_1} \right) = -3V_{IN} = -6V$$

~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

trovo le equazioni ~~del~~ del circuito

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{in} = i_1 R_1 \\ -V_A = V_C \\ -V_A = i_2 R_2 \\ i_2 + i_C = i_1 \\ V_A - V_O = R_3 i_3 \\ i_3 = i_1 = i_2 + i_C \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} i_1 = \frac{V_{in}}{R_1} \\ V_C = i_2 R_2 = -V_A \\ -V_O = R_3 i_3 - V_A = R_3 i_3 + V_C \end{array}$$

$$V_{out} = \del{-V_C} - V_C - i_3 R_3 = -V_C - \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{in} = -V_C - V_{in}$$

per $t=0^-$ C è in c.a. ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

$$V_{in} = 0V \quad \del{XXXXX}$$

$$V_{out} = 0V$$

$$\text{per } t=0^+ \quad V_O = 0 - 2V = -2V$$

$$\tau = R_2 C = 200 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 10 \cdot 10^{-9} = 2000 \cdot 10^{-6} = 2ms$$

