Übung 4.1.2

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1.   Disease names, ex: Influenza, Schweinegrippe

We think these are named entities that could be labelled 'OTH', however there are no suggestions given about it in the annotation guidelines so we decided not to label them as named entities.

2.   Words that are written between quotation marks, ex: Bubenkloster

These are words that are used as alternative names or callings. Since they are used as a name to refer to a particular object, we think they could be a named entity with the label 'OTH'.

3.   Food/Dish, ex: Birchermues

This was a little confusing because sometimes there are names that quite specifically refer to a particular dish (ex: Spaghetti Aglio Olio), but some are more general (ex: Apfel). We decided not to label food as named entities to avoid confusion.

4.   Words that contain named entities, ex: Bundestagswahl

"Bundestag" is a named entity labelled 'ORG' according to the annotation guidelines. However, if we think of the word "Bundestagswahl" as a whole, we don't think of it as a named entity. Because of this reason, we decided not to label it as a named entity.

5.   Brand names, ex: cytric

It was a bit confusing to decide whether the software brand "cytric" should be labelled 'ORG' (like the example "Chanel" in Modelabel) or 'OTH' (since the guideline mentioned only fashion brands and has no reference for other kinds of brands). We decided to label "cytric" as 'ORG' as well.

6.   Named entities that are not obviously named entities, ex: Bundesland Heute

After a google search, it turns out that "Bundesland Heute" is a radio program. Without context in the sentence, this wouldn't have been obvious (and hence we probably wouldn't have done a google search) as they can both be observed as non-named entities.