

TUTORIAL 4: Boolean Algebra and Logic Simplification

- Using any logic gates, draw the logic diagram of the given function. Do NOT simplify the function

$$X = \overline{A} + B(D + \overline{E}\overline{F})(\overline{A + C})$$

- Directly apply DeMorgan's law to the following expressions. You do NOT have to simplify the expressions.

$$\text{i) } Y = \overline{(A + \overline{B} + C) + \overline{C} D \overline{E}}$$

$$\text{ii) } Y = \overline{P + \overline{Q}(\overline{R + S P})}$$

- Simplify the function using Boolean Algebra

$$Y = A B \overline{C} + A \overline{B} + A B C + \overline{A} \overline{B}$$

- Develop a truth table for the following expression. From the truth table derive a standard product-of-sums (POS) expression.

$$f = (A + \overline{B})(A + C)(A + B + \overline{C})$$

- Use a Karnaugh map to reduce the expression to a minimum sum-of-products (SOP) form

$$f = \overline{A} B (C \overline{D} + C D) + A C D$$

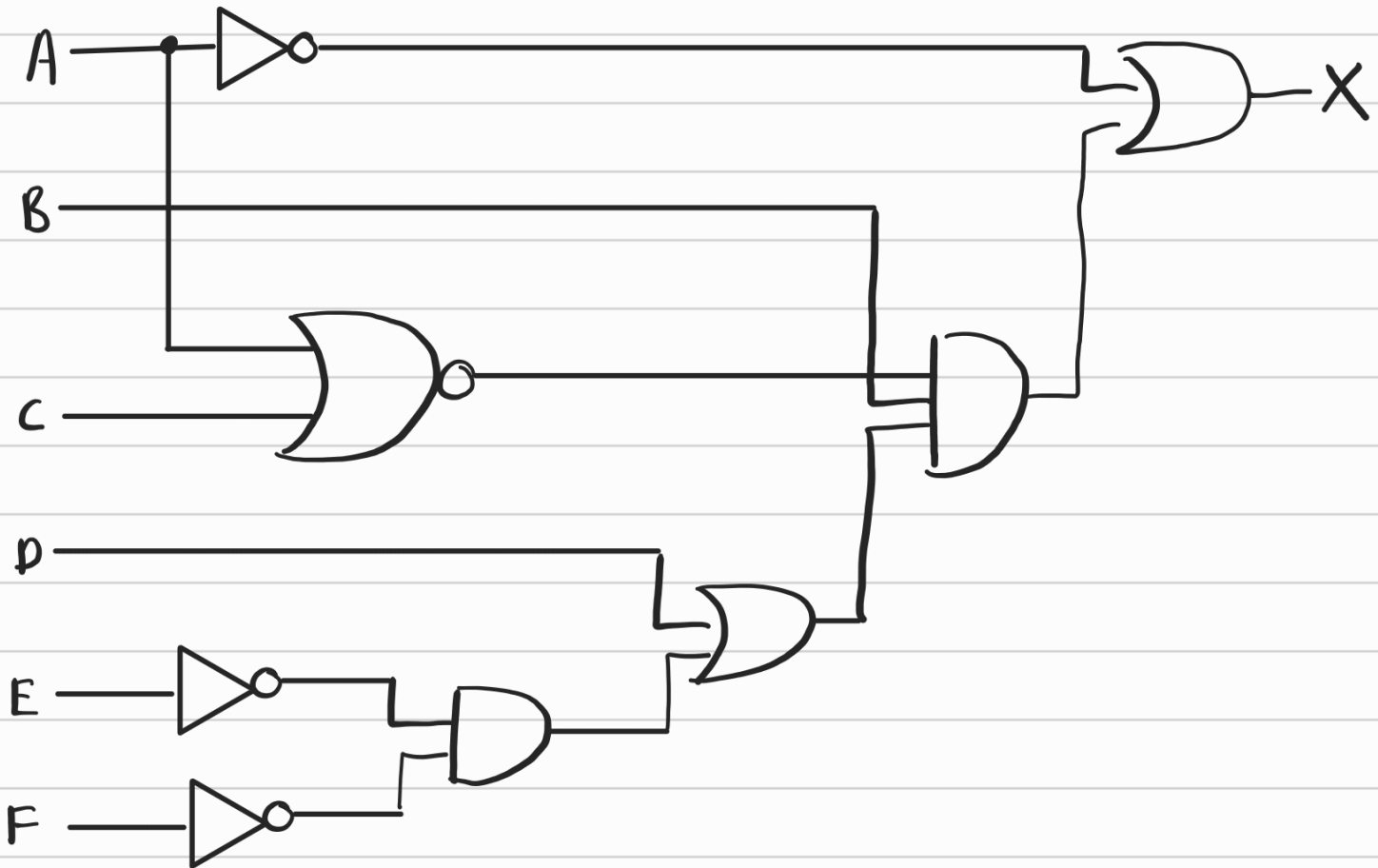
- For the truth table given below,

A	B	C	f
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1

- Express the output function, f in Standard Sum-of-Products (SOP) form.
- Express the output function, f in Standard Product-of-Sums (POS) form.
- If the following waveforms are applied to the inputs, A, B, and C of the logic circuit, draw the output waveform for the function, f .

1. Using any logic gates, draw the logic diagram of the given function. Do NOT simplify the function

$$X = \bar{A} + B(D + \bar{E}\bar{F})(\overline{A+C})$$



2. Directly apply DeMorgan's law to the following expressions. You do NOT have to simplify the expressions.

i) $Y = \overline{(A + \bar{B} + C)} + \overline{\bar{C} D \bar{E}}$

ii) $Y = \overline{P + \bar{Q}(\bar{R} + S \bar{P})}$

i) $\bar{A} \bar{B} \bar{C} + (C + \bar{D} + E)$
 $= \bar{A} \bar{B} \bar{C} + C + \bar{D} + E$

ii) $\overline{(P + \bar{Q})} + (R + S P)$
 $= \bar{P} Q + R + S P$

3. Simplify the function using Boolean Algebra

$$Y = A B \bar{C} + A \bar{B} + A B C + \bar{A} \bar{B}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y &= A B \bar{C} + A \bar{B} + A B C + \bar{A} \bar{B} \\ &= A B (\bar{C} + C) + A \bar{B} + \bar{A} \bar{B} \\ &= A B + A \bar{B} + \bar{A} \bar{B} \\ &= A (B + \bar{B}) + \bar{A} \bar{B} \\ &= A + \bar{A} \bar{B} \\ &= A + \bar{B} \end{aligned}$$

4. Develop a truth table for the following expression. From the truth table derive a standard product-of-sums (POS) expression.

$$f = (A + \bar{B})(A + C)(A + B + \bar{C})$$

A	B	C	f
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

$$f = (A + B + C)(A + B + \bar{C})(A + \bar{B} + C)(A + \bar{B} + \bar{C})$$

5. Use a Karnaugh map to reduce the expression to a minimum sum-of-products (SOP) form

$$f = \bar{A}B(C\bar{D} + CD) + AC\bar{D}$$

$$f = \bar{A}BC\bar{D} + \bar{A}BCD + ABC\bar{D} + A\bar{B}CD$$

AB \ CD	CD			
	00	01	11	10
00	0	0	0	0
01	0	0	1	1
11	0	0	1	0
10	0	0	1	0

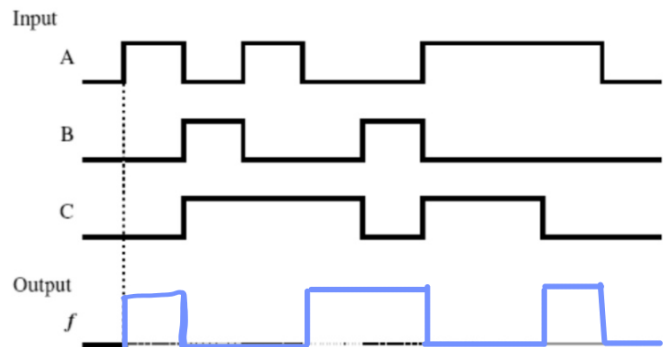
A	B	C	D
0	1	1	0
0	1	1	1

1	1
1	0
1	1
1	1

$$f = \bar{A}BC + AC\bar{D}$$

6. For the truth table given below,

A	B	C	f
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1



- Express the output function, f in Standard Sum-of-Products (SOP) form.
- Express the output function, f in Standard Product-of-Sums (POS) form.
- If the following waveforms are applied to the inputs, A, B, and C of the logic circuit, draw the output waveform for the function, f .

$$i) f = \bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + A\bar{B}\bar{C} + ABC$$

$$ii) f = (A+B+C)(A+\bar{B}+\bar{C})(\bar{A}+B+\bar{C})(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+C)$$

7. Below is the truth table of a three-input XOR gate.

A	B	C	Y
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1

- Express Y in standard sum-of-product (SOP) variable form.
- Express Y in standard product-of-sum (POS) variable form

$$i) Y = \bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + A\bar{B}\bar{C} + ABC$$

$$ii) Y = (A+B+C)(A+\bar{B}+\bar{C})(\bar{A}+B+\bar{C})(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+C)$$

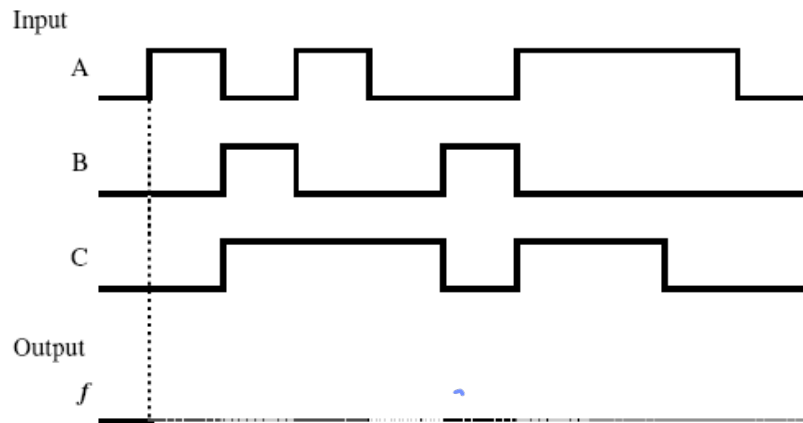
8. Construct the truth table for

$$Y = \overline{ABC} + \overline{AB\bar{C}} + \overline{AC\bar{B}}$$

$$Y = A\bar{B}C + (\bar{A}+\bar{B})C + (\bar{A}+\bar{C})B$$

$$= A\bar{B}C + \bar{A}BC + \bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}BC + AB\bar{C}$$

A	B	C	Y
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1



7. Below is the truth table of a three-input XOR gate.

A	B	C	Y
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1

- Express Y in standard sum-of-product (SOP) variable form.
- Express Y in standard product-of-sum (POS) variable form

8. Construct the truth table for

$$Y = \overline{A}BC + A\overline{B}C + AC\overline{B}$$

9. Using any logic gates, draw the logic diagram of

$$P = \overline{\overline{(X + Z)} + \overline{Y(W + XZ)}}$$

10. Using Karnaugh Map, find the minimum SOP expression for the following function

i)

$$Y = \overline{P}\overline{Q}\overline{R}\overline{S} + \overline{P}\overline{Q}\overline{R}S + \overline{P}\overline{Q}R\overline{S} + \overline{P}Q\overline{R}\overline{S} + \overline{P}Q\overline{R}S + \overline{P}Q R\overline{S} + \overline{P}Q R S + P\overline{Q}\overline{R}\overline{S} + P\overline{Q}\overline{R}S + P\overline{Q}R\overline{S} + P\overline{Q}RS + PQ\overline{R}\overline{S} + PQ\overline{R}S + PQ R\overline{S} + PQRS$$

ii)

$$G(w, x, y, z) = \sum m(1, 3, 14, 15) + d(0, 2, 6, 8, 13)$$

11. Implement $Y = \overline{a}(b + \overline{d(\overline{ac} + e)})$ using any type of logic devices

12. Using Karnaugh Map, find the minimum SOP of the given m-notation

$$F(p, q, r) = \sum m(0, 1, 3, 4, 6)$$

13. Prove that

$$xy + x\overline{y} + \overline{x}y = x + \overline{y}$$

10. Using Karnaugh Map, find the minimum SOP expression for the following function

i)

$$Y = \overline{P}\overline{Q}\overline{R}\overline{S} + \overline{P}\overline{Q}\overline{R}S + \overline{P}\overline{Q}R\overline{S} + \overline{P}\overline{Q}RS + P\overline{Q}\overline{R}\overline{S} + P\overline{Q}\overline{R}S + P\overline{Q}R\overline{S} + P\overline{Q}RS$$

ii)

$$G(w, x, y, z) = \sum m(1, 3, 14, 15) + d(0, 2, 6, 8, 13)$$

i) PG \ RS

	00	01	11	10
00	1	1	0	1
01	1	0	0	0
11	1	0	0	0
10	1	0	0	1

Y = $\overline{R}\overline{S} + \overline{P}\overline{Q}\overline{R} + R\overline{S}$

ii) wx \ yz

	00	01	11	10
00	x	1	1	x
01	0	0	0	x
11	0	x	1	1
10	x	0	0	0

G = $\overline{w}\overline{x} + wx y$

13. Prove that

$$xy + x\overline{y} + \overline{x}\overline{y} = x + \overline{y}$$

$$\begin{aligned} xy + x\overline{y} + \overline{x}\overline{y} &= x(y + \overline{y}) + \overline{x}\overline{y} \\ &= x + \overline{x}\overline{y} \\ &= x + \overline{y} \quad [\text{proven}] \end{aligned}$$