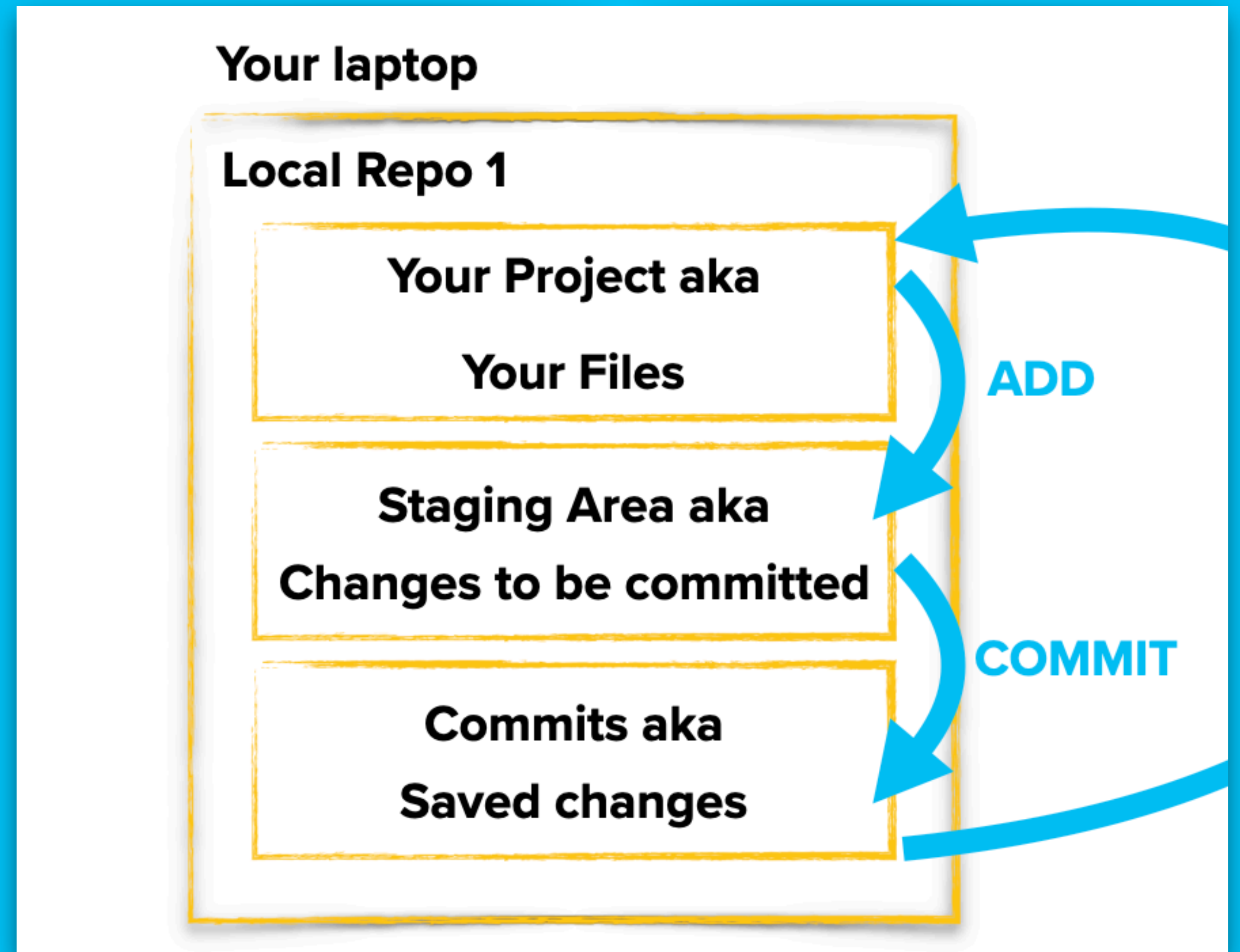


2. COMMIT

- COMMIT a particular set of changes in your local repo.
- Commit early, commit often. Commit before the end of the day. There is no such thing as too many commits.
- Does not affect your remote repo yet!
- Type:
`git commit -m "Your commit"`



3. PUSH

- PUSH the local commits you made to the remote server
- Type:
git push origin master
- Boom. Now you updated the remote repo with your latest local version

