

## STABLE MATCHING

given  $n$  jobs,  $n$  candidates, and their preferences, how can we best match them?

### TERMS

→ **stable matching instance**

a particular set of  $n$  jobs,  $n$  candidates, and their preference lists

→ **a stable matching**

a matching of jobs to candidates that does not contain any rogue couples

a matching is unstable if it contains at least one rogue couple

→ **stable matching algorithm**

the propose-and-reject algorithm

## MORE TERMS

### → rogue couple

a job-candidate pair that prefers each other over who they're currently matched with.

J	$C > C'$
J'	$C' > C$

C	$J > J'$
C'	$J' > J$

$\{ (J', C), (J, C') \}$

$(J, C)$  is a rogue couple

### → job-optimal matching

each job is matched with the best possible candidate it could get out of all stable matchings

### → job-pessimal matching

each job is matched with the worst possible candidate it could get out of all stable matchings

candidate - optimal / pessimal defined similarly

## PROPOSE-AND-REJECT

on each day:

- ① jobs propose to the most preferred candidate still on their list
- ② candidates put their favorite job offer "on a string" (like tentatively accepting) and reject the others
- ③ jobs cross off candidates who rejected them.

repeat until termination, when no offers are rejected.

→ always halts

→ produces a job-optimal stable matching

→ improvement lemma

if  $J$  proposes to  $C$  on day  $k$ , every day thereafter  $C$  has an offer at least as good as  $J$

## STABLE MATCHING PROOF TIPS

- pick out specific jobs and candidates to reason about ( $J, J', c, c'$ , etc.)
- contradiction is your friend! flip the claim and show that it violates properties of the algorithm.
  - stability
  - optimality
  - halting
  - improvement lemma