

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!k!}$$

"n choose k"

COUNTING

rules of counting

- ① to count the number of ways to make k choices with n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k options for each choice: multiply $n_1 \times n_2 \times \dots \times n_k$

ex. ordering 5 distinct letters

$$\hookrightarrow 26 \times 25 \times 24 \times 23 \times 22 = \frac{26!}{21!}$$

- ② to account for duplicate arrangements, divide by m , the number of duplicates (often used when order doesn't matter)

ex. selecting a set of 5 letters

ABCDE same as CBADE: $5!$ duplicates.

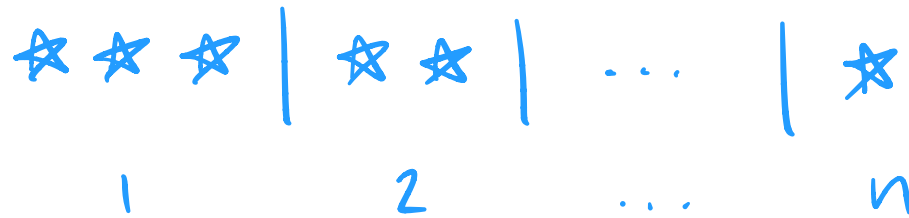
$$\frac{26!}{21!5!} = \binom{26}{5} = \binom{26}{21}$$

STARS AND BARS

goal: count the number of ways we can put
k indistinguishable items into
n distinct groups

arranging k stars into n groups:

use $n-1$ bars
as dividers



$$\# \text{ ways} = \binom{n-1+k}{k} = \binom{\# \text{ stars} + \# \text{ bars}}{\# \text{ stars}}$$

choosing k spots out of $n-1+k$ to be
the stars, and the others are bars