Unit 7

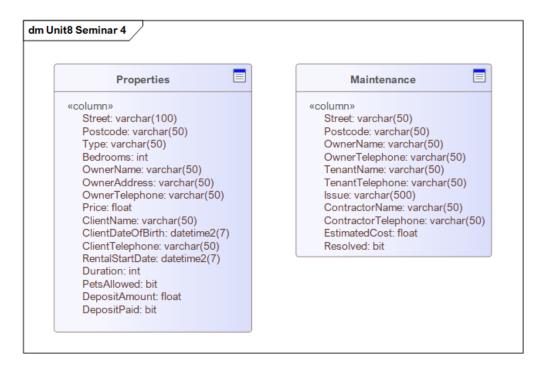
Normalisation in Practice

In this week's formative exercise, students were tasked to normalise a set of data table to third normal form (3NF).

Normalisation Method

First, I considered the provided table structure:

Properties and Maintenance Tables



Next, I populated each existing table structure with a few lines of sample data to get a feel for how the data might look before attempting to normalise through each phase:

Properties Table

Street	Postcode	Туре	Bedrooms	Owner name	Owner address
9 Carrot Gold	MINE9C	House	12	Andy Browning	32 Carrot Gold, 4 Leamington Way, Saroha
22 Western Avenue	RB 95 TT	House	3	Andy Browning	32 Carrot Gold, 4 Leamington Way, Saroha

Owner telephone	Price	Client name	Client date of birth	Client telephone	Rental start date
555-918-0033	£450 000.00	Lionel	24 Aug. 1965	555-900-0022	14 Jun. 2021
555-918-0033	£525 000.00	Violette	16 Feb. 1992	555-900-0011	01 Jul. 2021

Duration	Pets allowed	Deposit Amount	Deposit Paid
12 months	No	£2000	Yes
6 months	Yes	£3000	No

Maintenance Table

Street	Postcode	Owner Name	Owner	Tenant Name	Tenant
			Telephone		Telephone
9 Carrot Gold	MINE9C	Andy	555-918-0033	Lionel	555-900-0022
		Browning			
22 Western	RB 95 TT	Andy	555-918-0033	Violette	555-900-0011
Avenue		Browning			
9 Carrot Gold	MINE9C	Andy	555-918-0033	Lionel	555-900-0022
		Browning			

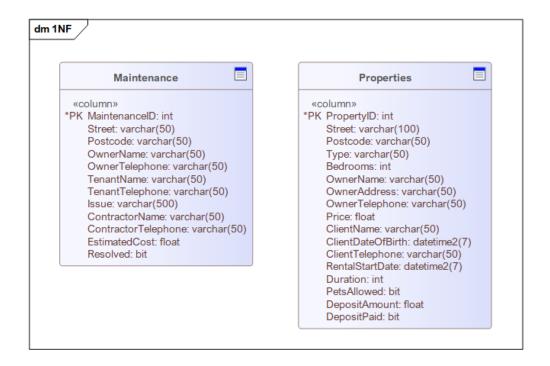
Issue	Contractor name	Contractor telephone	Estimated cost	Resolved
Leaking Roof	Roofs-R-Us	555-100- 1212	£600	Yes
Gas stove not working	Gas Busters	555-123- 4554	£50	Yes
Gas stove not working	Gas Busters	555-123- 4554	£75	No

First Normal Form (1NF)

Looking at the sample table data (and imaging other possible sample data sets), I note

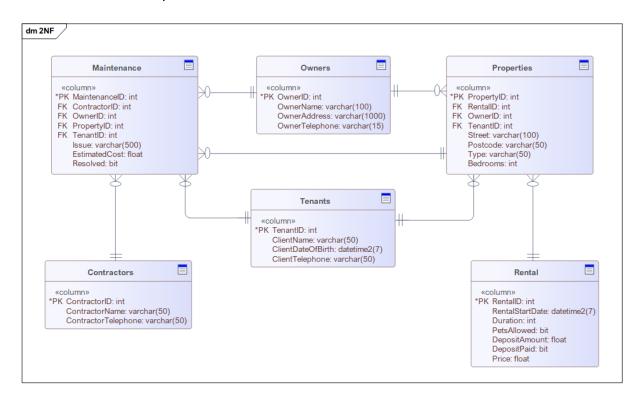
• Each column contains single values

Therefore, beyond adding primary keys, no further action is required.



Second Normal Form (2NF)

Address functional dependencies.



Third Normal Form (3NF)

Address transitive dependencies.

