

# Influence du module de Young (nu = 0)

## ■ Problème

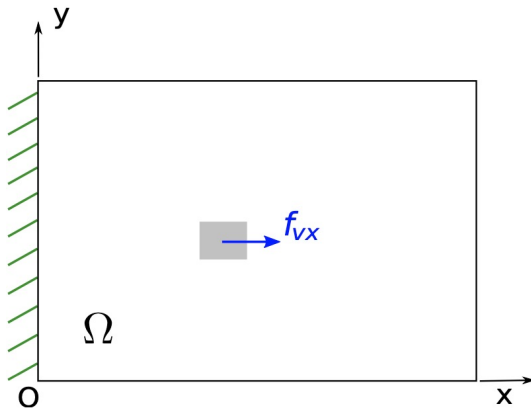
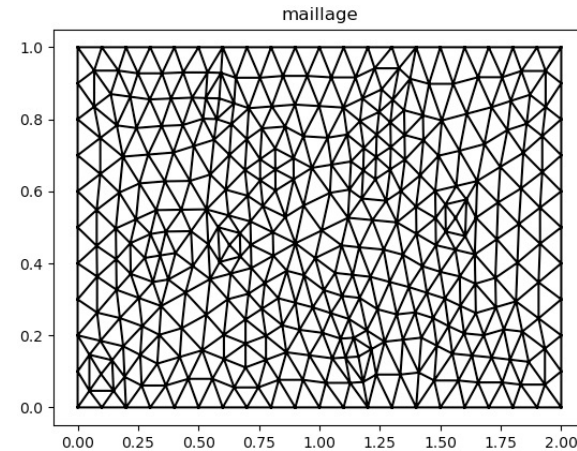
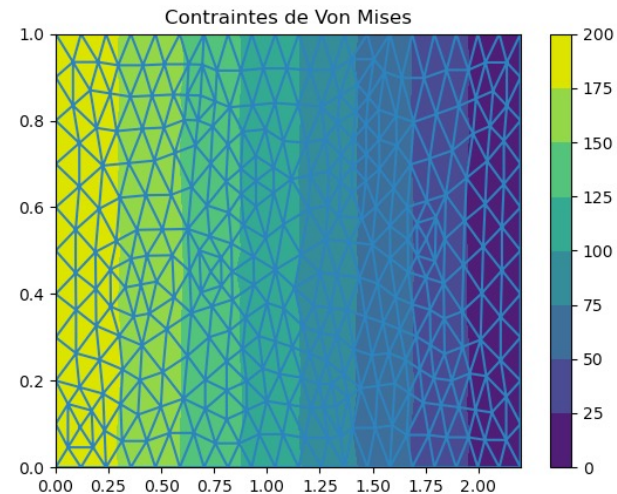
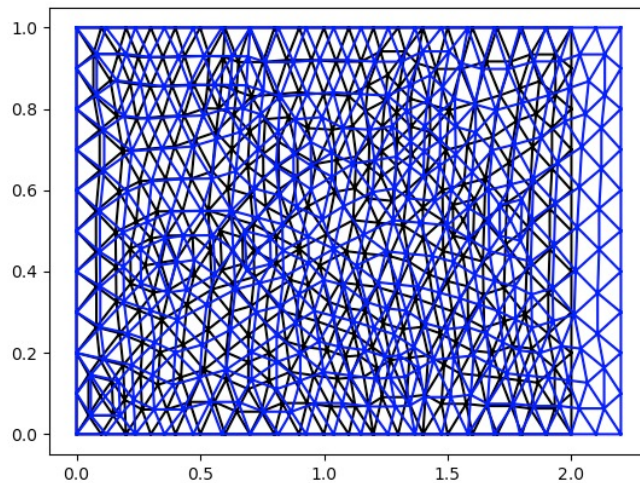


FIGURE 1 – Modèle de plaque 2D

## ■ Maillage EF

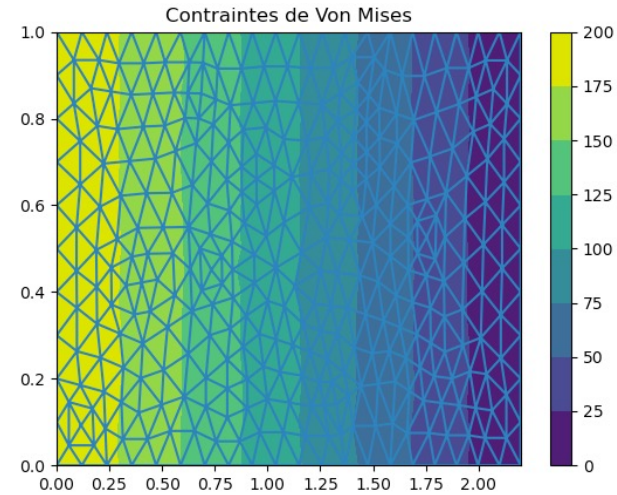
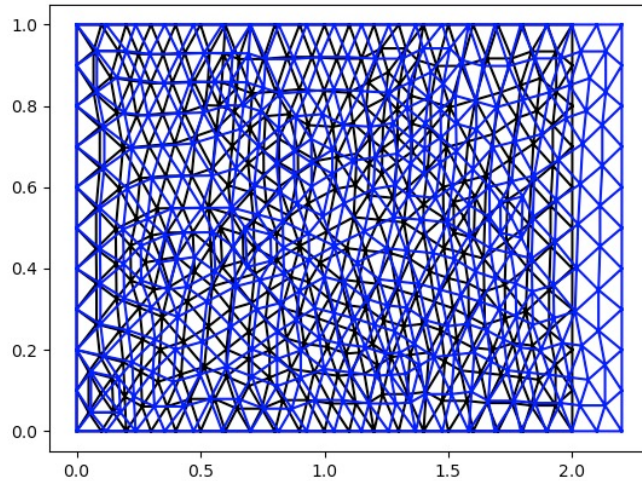


## ■ Maillage déformé et contraintes pour $E = 1000$ , $\nu=0$

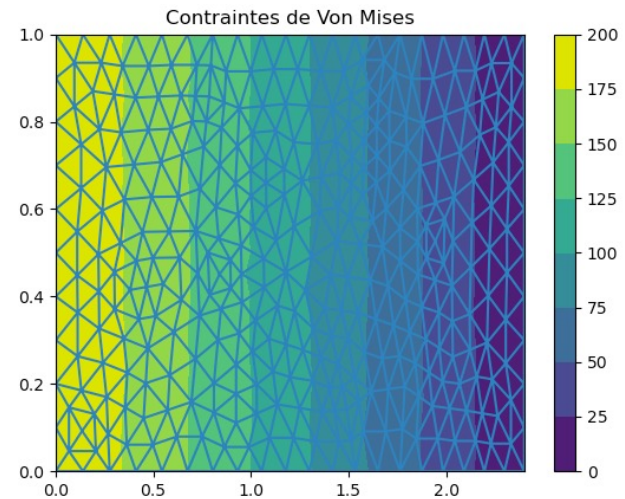
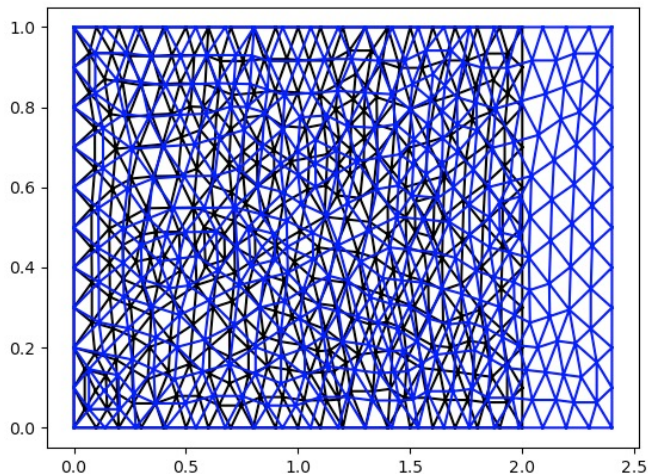


# Influence du module de Young ( $\nu = 0$ )

■ Maillage déformé et contraintes pour  $E = 1000$ ,  $\nu = 0$



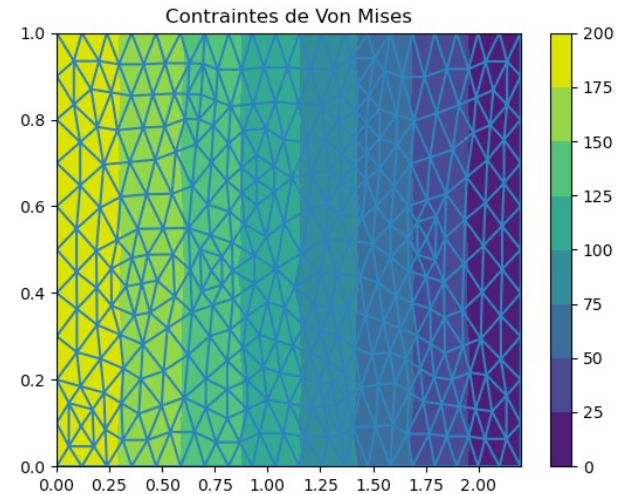
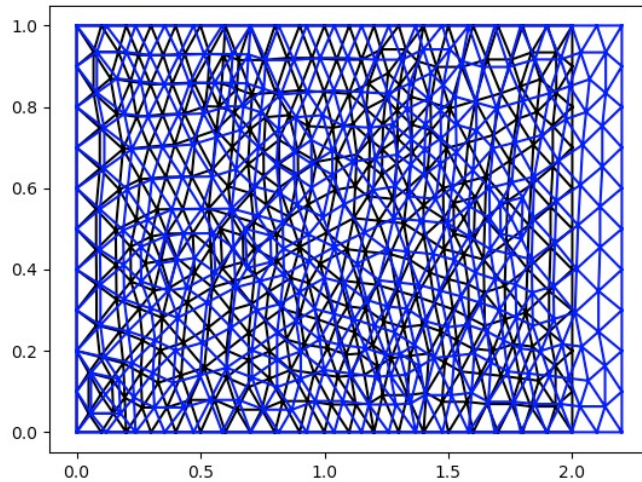
■ Maillage déformé et contraintes pour  $E = 500$ ,  $\nu = 0$



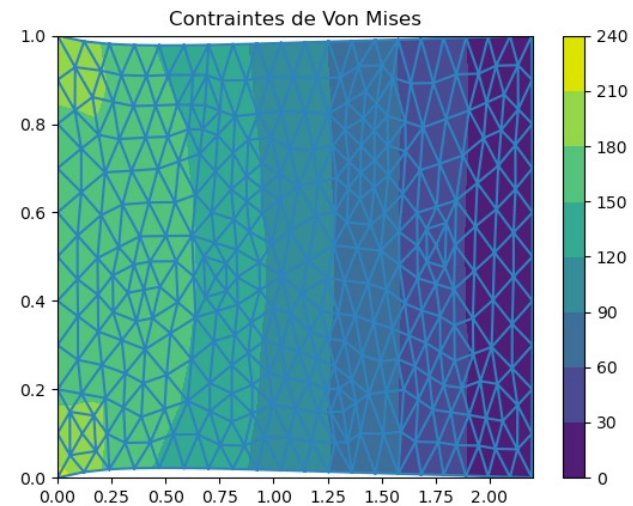
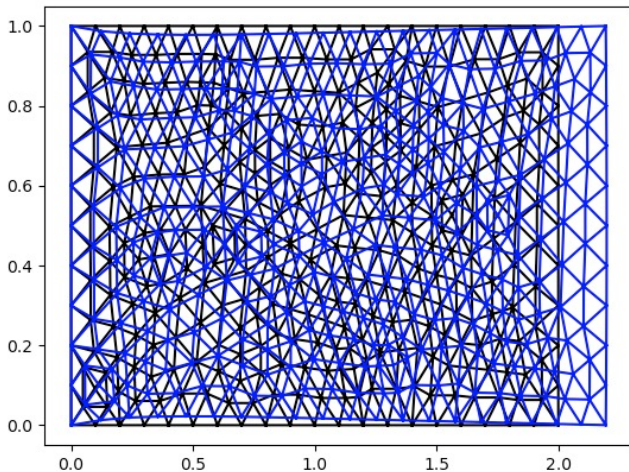


# Influence du coefficient de Poisson

■ Maillage déformé et contraintes pour  $E = 1000$ ,  $\nu=0$



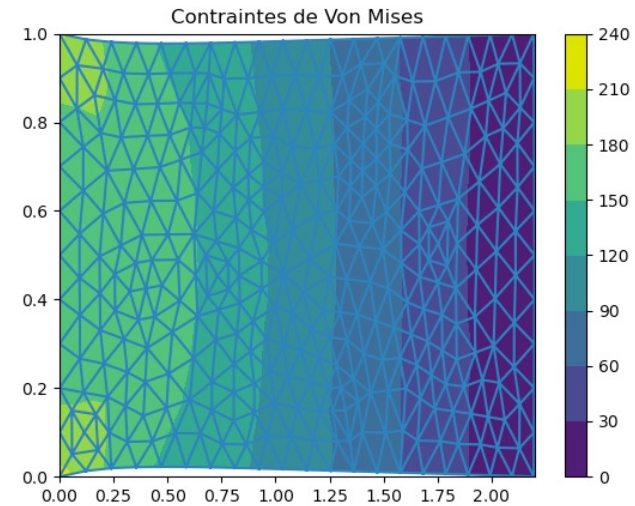
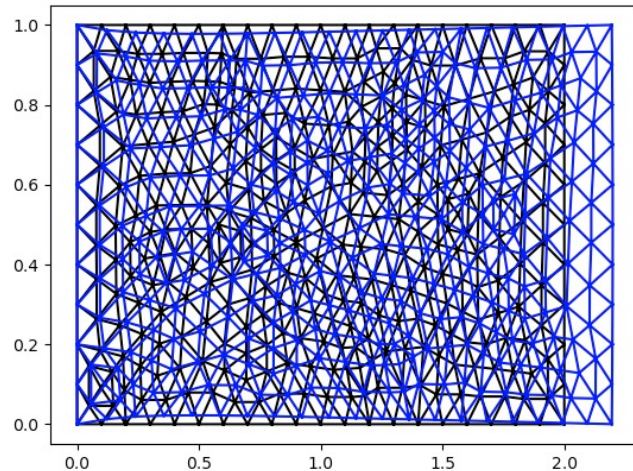
■ Maillage déformé et contraintes pour  $E = 1000$ ,  $\nu=0.3$



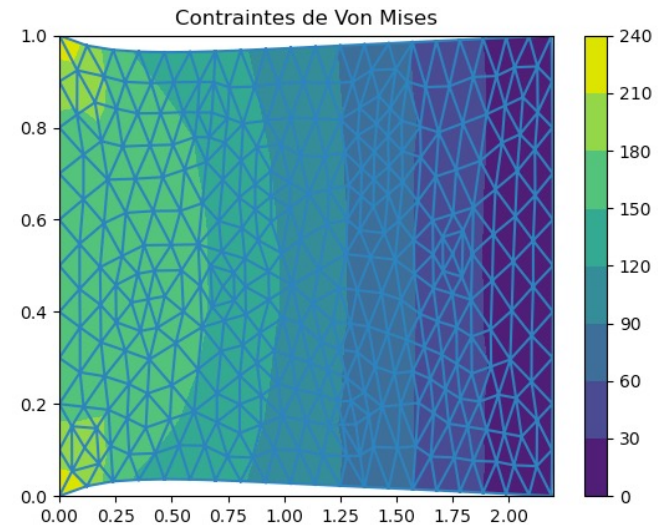
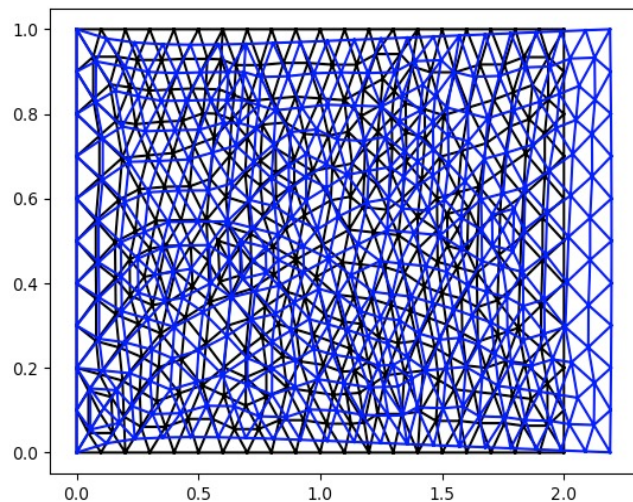


# Influence du coefficient de Poisson

■ Maillage déformé et contraintes pour  $E = 1000$ ,  $\nu=0.3$



■ Maillage déformé et contraintes pour  $E = 1000$ ,  $\nu=0.45$



# Concentration de contrainte

■ Contraintes dans une plaque trouée avec  $E = 1000$ ,  $\nu=0.3$

