

Tooth Growth on Guinea Pigs

mickfenneck

Introduction

The project is meant to answer to this particular question:

Now in the second portion of the class, we're going to analyze the ToothGrowth data in the R datasets package.

1. Load the ToothGrowth data and perform some basic exploratory data analyses
2. Provide a basic summary of the data.
3. Use confidence intervals and hypothesis tests to compare tooth growth by supp and dose. (Use the techniques from class even if there's other approaches worth considering)
4. State your conclusions and the assumptions needed for your conclusions.

The Solution

Analysis

We first have to give a look at the dataset and describe what is contained. Online you can find a quick description of the dataset:

Description The response is the length of odontoblasts (teeth) in each of 10 guinea pigs at each of three dose levels of Vitamin C (0.5, 1, and 2 mg) with each of two delivery methods (orange juice or ascorbic acid).

Format A data frame with 60 observations on 3 variables.

[,1] len numeric Tooth length

[,2] supp factor Supplement type (VC or OJ).

[,3] dose numeric Dose in milligrams.

```
set.seed(1994)
data(ToothGrowth)
str(ToothGrowth)
```

```
## 'data.frame':   60 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ len : num  4.2 11.5 7.3 5.8 6.4 10 11.2 11.2 5.2 7 ...
## $ supp: Factor w/ 2 levels "OJ","VC": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ dose: num  0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
```

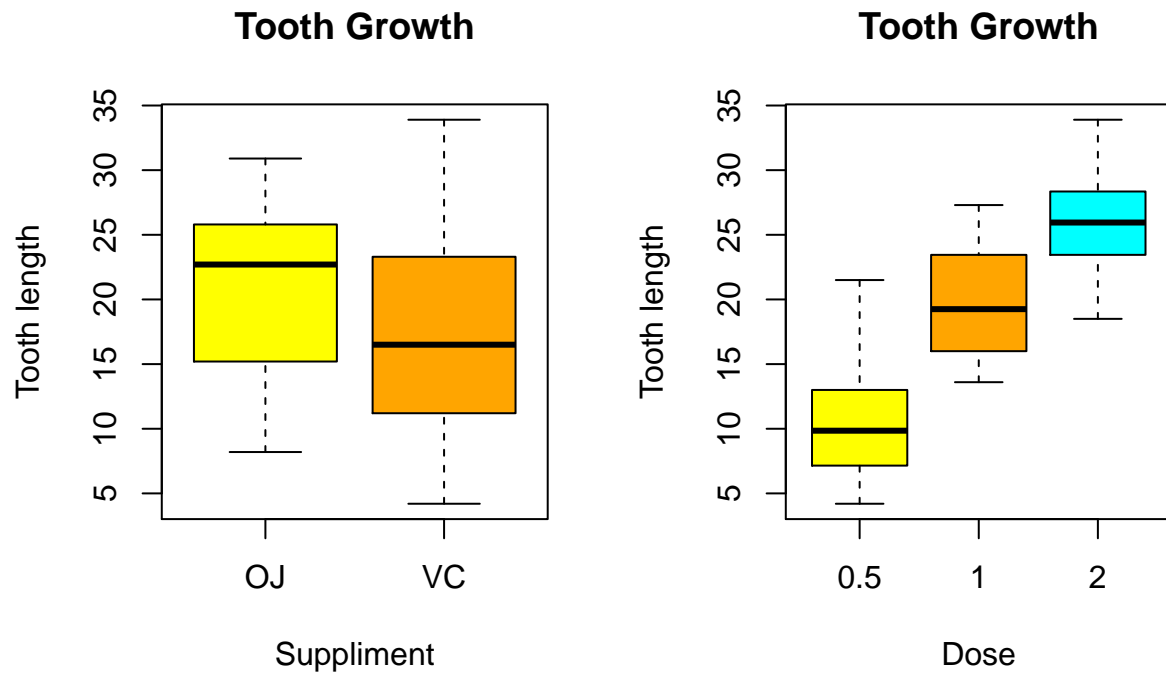
```
summary(ToothGrowth)
```

```
##           len           supp           dose
## Min.      : 4.2      OJ:30   Min.      :0.50
## 1st Qu.:13.1      VC:30   1st Qu.:0.50
## Median :19.2                      Median :1.00
## Mean      :18.8                      Mean      :1.17
## 3rd Qu.:25.3                      3rd Qu.:2.00
## Max.      :33.9                      Max.      :2.00
```

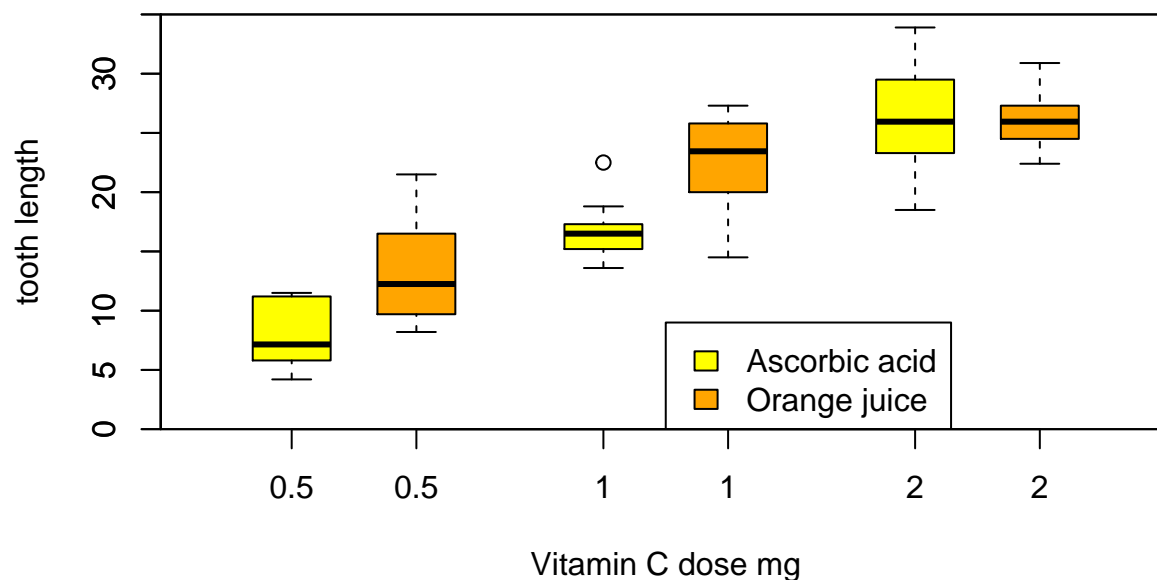
```
head(ToothGrowth)
```

```
##      len supp dose
## 1  4.2   VC  0.5
## 2 11.5   VC  0.5
## 3  7.3   VC  0.5
## 4  5.8   VC  0.5
## 5  6.4   VC  0.5
## 6 10.0   VC  0.5
```

We have a continuous dependent variable [len] and two independent variables, dose and suppliment, that are factors with 3 and 2 different treatment levels,



Guinea Pigs' Tooth Growth



Comparing Dosage Levels

Using the `t.test` function given by default we can display the `t` statistic values

```
##           t      df  p-value conf interval sample estimates
## VC 1.0 vs 0.5:  7.463 17.86 6.811e-07 6.314, 11.266      16.77, 7.98
## VC 2.0 vs 1.0:  5.470 13.60 9.156e-05 5.686, 13.054      26.14, 16.77
## OJ 1.0 vs 0.5:  5.049 17.70 8.785e-05 5.524, 13.416      22.7, 13.23
## OJ 2.0 vs 1.0:  2.248 15.84 3.920e-02 0.189, 6.531       26.06, 22.7
```

The table explains, as we should imagine, that there is a correlation between the assumption of a major dosage of vitamin C and the growth of the teeth.

Conclusion

We can finally state that the administration of vitamin C in guinea pigs can determine an increase of the teeth growth in the animal.