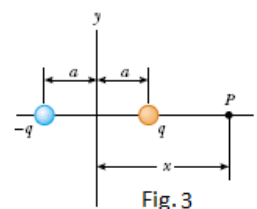
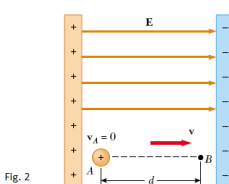
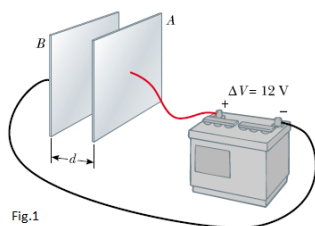


ADDIS ABABA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY

Electricity and Magnetism (Phys 206) Work Sheet II

1. A battery produces a specified potential difference ΔV between conductors attached to the battery terminals. A 12-V battery is connected between two parallel plates, as shown in Fig.1. The separation between the plates is $d = 0.30$ cm, and we assume the electric field between the plates to be uniform. Find the magnitude of the electric field between the plates.
2. A proton is released from rest in a uniform electric field that has a magnitude of $8.0 \times 10^4 \text{ V/m}$ (Fig.2). The proton undergoes a displacement of 0.50 m in the direction of E .
 - a) Find the change in electric potential between points A and B.
 - b) Find the change in potential energy of the proton-field system for this displacement.
 - c) Find the speed of the proton after completing the 0.50 m displacement in the electric field.
3. An electric dipole consists of two charges of equal magnitude and opposite sign separated by a distance $2a$, as shown in Fig.3. The dipole is along the x axis and is centered at the origin. Calculate:
 - (a) the electric potential at point P, (b) V and E_x at a point far from the dipole, and c) V and E_x if point P is located anywhere between the two charges.



4. Show that the amount of work required to assemble four identical point charges of magnitude Q at the corners of a square of side s is $\frac{5.41kQ^2}{s}$.
5. A charge $q_1 = 2.0\mu\text{C}$ is located at the origin, and a charge $q_2 = -6.0\mu\text{C}$ is located at $(0, 3.0)$ m, as shown in Fig.4. (a) Find the total electric potential due to these charges at the point P, whose coordinates are $(4.00, 0)$ m. (b) Find the change in potential energy of the system of two charges plus a charge $q_3 = 3.0\mu\text{C}$ as the latter charge moves from infinity to point P(Fig.4(b)).
6. Given two $2.0\mu\text{C}$ charges, as shown in Fig.5, and a positive test charge $q = 1.28 \times 10^{18} \text{ C}$ at the origin, (a) what is the net force exerted by the two $2.00\mu\text{C}$ charges on the test charge q ? (b) What is the electric field at the origin due to the two $2.00\mu\text{C}$ charges? (c) What is the electric potential at the origin due to the two $2.00\mu\text{C}$ charges?

7. Calculate the energy required to assemble the array of charges shown in Fig.6, where $a = 0.200$ m, $b = 0.400$ m, and $q = 6.00\mu\text{C}$.

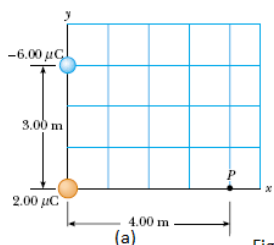
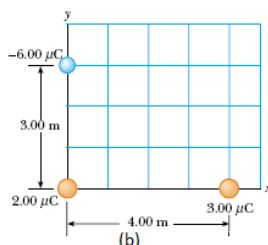


Fig. 4



(b)

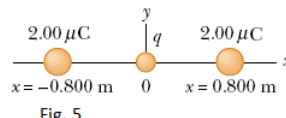


Fig. 5

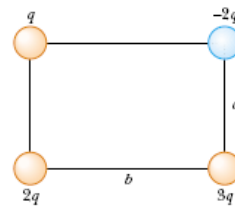


Fig. 6

8. The potential in a region between $x = 0$ and $x = 6.00\text{ m}$ is $V = a + bx$, where $a = 10.0\text{ V}$ and $b = -7.00\text{ V/m}$. Determine (a) the potential at $x = 0, 3.00\text{ m},$ and 6.00 m , and (b) the magnitude and direction of the electric field at $x = 0, 3.00\text{ m},$ and 6.00 m .
9. Over a certain region of space, the electric potential is $V = 5x - 3x^2y + 2yz^2$. Find the expressions for the x , y , and z components of the electric field over this region. What is the magnitude of the field at the point P that has coordinates $(1, 0, -2)$ m?
10. a) Find an expression for the electric potential at a point P located on the perpendicular central axis of a uniformly charged ring of radius a and total charge Q (Fig.9). b) Find an expression for the magnitude of the electric field at point P.
11. A uniformly charged disk(Fig.10) has radius a and surface charge density ρ . Find: (a) the potential and (b) the magnitude of the electric field along the \perp central axis of the disk.
12. A rod of length l shown in Figure.11 has a total charge Q and a uniform linear charge density $\lambda = \frac{Q}{l}$. Find the potential at a point P located on the y axis a distance a from the origin.
13. An insulating solid sphere (Fig. 12) of radius R has a uniform positive volume charge density and total charge Q . (a) Find the electric potential at a point outside the sphere, that is, for $r > R$. Take the potential to be zero at $r = \infty$. (b) Find the potential at a point inside the sphere, that is, for $r < R$.

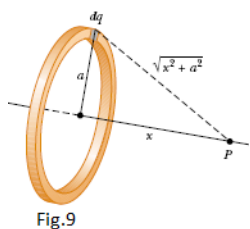


Fig.9

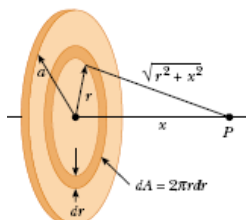


Fig.10

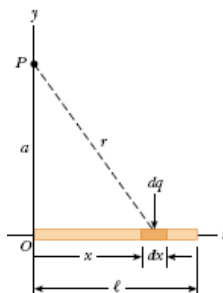


Fig. 11

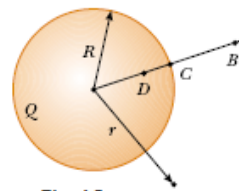
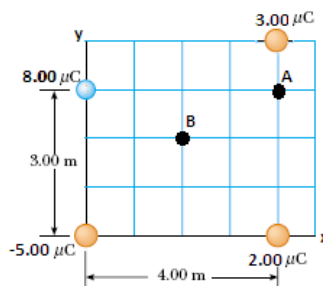


Fig.12

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Electricity and Magnetism (Phys 206) Questions for Assignment No. II

1. What work is required to move a fifth $6.00 \mu C$ charge from point A to point B for the system of point charges shown in the Figure below?



2. For a region with potential $V(x, y, z) = x^3yz^2 - 3xyz + 3y^2z$, find (a) an expression for the electric field as a function of position coordinates, and (b) determine the magnitude of the electric field at $(-1, 1, 1)$.
3. A total charge $Q = 120 \mu C$ is uniformly distributed along a rod of length $\ell = 1 \text{ m}$ placed along the x axis as shown in Figure below. Find the potential at a point with coordinates $(0 \text{ m}, 1 \text{ m})$

