```
/**
*Submitted for verification at Etherscan.io on 2017-11-28
*/
pragma solidity ^0.4.17;
* @title SafeMath
* @dev Math operations with safety checks that throw on error
*/
library SafeMath {
  function mul(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (uint256) {
     if (a == 0) {
       return 0;
     }
     uint256 c = a * b;
     assert(c / a == b);
     return c;
  }
  function div(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (uint256) {
     // assert(b > 0); // Solidity automatically throws when dividing by 0
     uint256 c = a / b;
     // assert(a == b * c + a % b); // There is no case in which this doesn't hold
     return c;
  }
  function sub(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (uint256) {
     assert(b <= a);
     return a - b;
  }
  function add(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (uint256) {
     uint256 c = a + b;
```

```
assert(c >= a);
     return c;
  }
}
* @title Ownable
* @dev The Ownable contract has an owner address, and provides basic authorization control
* functions, this simplifies the implementation of "user permissions".
*/
contract Ownable {
  address public owner;
  /**
   * @dev The Ownable constructor sets the original `owner` of the contract to the sender
   * account.
   */
  function Ownable() public {
     owner = msg.sender;
  }
  /**
   * @dev Throws if called by any account other than the owner.
   */
  modifier onlyOwner() {
     require(msg.sender == owner);
  }
  /**
  * @dev Allows the current owner to transfer control of the contract to a newOwner.
  * @param newOwner The address to transfer ownership to.
  function transferOwnership(address newOwner) public onlyOwner {
```

```
if (newOwner != address(0)) {
       owner = newOwner;
    }
  }
}
* @title ERC20Basic
* @dev Simpler version of ERC20 interface
* @dev see https://github.com/ethereum/EIPs/issues/20
contract ERC20Basic {
  uint public totalSupply;
  function totalSupply() public constant returns (uint);
  function balanceOf(address who) public constant returns (uint);
  function transfer(address to, uint value) public;
  event Transfer(address indexed from, address indexed to, uint value);
}
* @title ERC20 interface
* @dev see https://github.com/ethereum/EIPs/issues/20
*/
contract ERC20 is ERC20Basic {
  function allowance(address owner, address spender) public constant returns (uint);
  function transferFrom(address from, address to, uint value) public;
  function approve(address spender, uint value) public;
  event Approval(address indexed owner, address indexed spender, uint value);
}
* @title Basic token
* @dev Basic version of StandardToken, with no allowances.
```

```
*/
contract BasicToken is Ownable, ERC20Basic {
  using SafeMath for uint;
  mapping(address => uint) public balances;
  // additional variables for use if transaction fees ever became necessary
  uint public basisPointsRate = 0;
  uint public maximumFee = 0;
  /**
  * @dev Fix for the ERC20 short address attack.
  */
  modifier onlyPayloadSize(uint size) {
    require(!(msg.data.length < size + 4));
  }
  /**
  * @dev transfer token for a specified address
  * @param _to The address to transfer to.
  * @param value The amount to be transferred.
  function transfer(address_to, uint_value) public onlyPayloadSize(2 * 32) {
    uint fee = (_value.mul(basisPointsRate)).div(10000);
    if (fee > maximumFee) {
       fee = maximumFee;
    }
    uint sendAmount = _value.sub(fee);
    balances[msg.sender] = balances[msg.sender].sub(_value);
    balances[_to] = balances[_to].add(sendAmount);
    if (fee > 0) {
       balances[owner] = balances[owner].add(fee);
       Transfer(msg.sender, owner, fee);
```

```
}
    Transfer(msg.sender, _to, sendAmount);
  }
  /**
  * @dev Gets the balance of the specified address.
  * @param _owner The address to query the the balance of.
  * @return An uint representing the amount owned by the passed address.
  */
  function balanceOf(address owner) public constant returns (uint balance) {
    return balances[_owner];
  }
* @title Standard ERC20 token
* @dev Implementation of the basic standard token.
* @dev https://github.com/ethereum/EIPs/issues/20
* @dev Based oncode by FirstBlood:
https://github.com/Firstbloodio/token/blob/master/smart_contract/FirstBloodToken.sol
*/
contract StandardToken is BasicToken, ERC20 {
  mapping (address => mapping (address => uint)) public allowed;
  uint public constant MAX_UINT = 2**256 - 1;
  /**
  * @dev Transfer tokens from one address to another
  * @param _from address The address which you want to send tokens from
  * @param _to address The address which you want to transfer to
  * @param _value uint the amount of tokens to be transferred
```

}

```
*/
function transferFrom(address _from, address _to, uint _value) public onlyPayloadSize(3 * 32) {
  var _allowance = allowed[_from][msg.sender];
  // Check is not needed because sub(_allowance, _value) will already throw if this condition is not met
  // if (_value > _allowance) throw;
  uint fee = ( value.mul(basisPointsRate)).div(10000);
  if (fee > maximumFee) {
     fee = maximumFee;
  }
  if (_allowance < MAX_UINT) {
     allowed[_from][msg.sender] = _allowance.sub(_value);
  }
  uint sendAmount = _value.sub(fee);
  balances[ from] = balances[ from].sub( value);
  balances[_to] = balances[_to].add(sendAmount);
  if (fee > 0) {
     balances[owner] = balances[owner].add(fee);
     Transfer( from, owner, fee);
  }
  Transfer( from, to, sendAmount);
}
/**
* @dev Approve the passed address to spend the specified amount of tokens on behalf of msg.sender.
* @param _spender The address which will spend the funds.
* @param value The amount of tokens to be spent.
*/
function approve(address spender, uint value) public onlyPayloadSize(2 * 32) {
  // To change the approve amount you first have to reduce the addresses`
  // allowance to zero by calling `approve(_spender, 0)` if it is not
  // already 0 to mitigate the race condition described here:
```

```
// https://github.com/ethereum/EIPs/issues/20#issuecomment-263524729
    require(!((_value != 0) && (allowed[msg.sender][_spender] != 0)));
    allowed[msg.sender][_spender] = _value;
    Approval(msg.sender, _spender, _value);
  }
  /**
  * @dev Function to check the amount of tokens than an owner allowed to a spender.
  * @param owner address The address which owns the funds.
  * @param _spender address The address which will spend the funds.
  * @return A uint specifying the amount of tokens still available for the spender.
  */
  function allowance(address owner, address spender) public constant returns (uint remaining) {
    return allowed[_owner][_spender];
  }
* @title Pausable
* @dev Base contract which allows children to implement an emergency stop mechanism.
contract Pausable is Ownable {
 event Pause();
 event Unpause();
 bool public paused = false;
 * @dev Modifier to make a function callable only when the contract is not paused.
 */
```

}

```
modifier whenNotPaused() {
  require(!paused);
  _;
 }
 * @dev Modifier to make a function callable only when the contract is paused.
 modifier whenPaused() {
  require(paused);
 }
 * @dev called by the owner to pause, triggers stopped state
 */
 function pause() onlyOwner whenNotPaused public {
  paused = true;
  Pause();
 }
 /**
 * @dev called by the owner to unpause, returns to normal state
 function unpause() onlyOwner whenPaused public {
  paused = false;
  Unpause();
 }
}
contract BlackList is Ownable, BasicToken {
  ////// Getters to allow the same blacklist to be used also by other contracts (including upgraded Tether)
  function getBlackListStatus(address _maker) external constant returns (bool) {
```

```
return isBlackListed[_maker];
}
function getOwner() external constant returns (address) {
  return owner;
}
mapping (address => bool) public isBlackListed;
function addBlackList (address evilUser) public onlyOwner {
  isBlackListed[_evilUser] = true;
  AddedBlackList(_evilUser);
}
function removeBlackList (address _clearedUser) public onlyOwner {
  isBlackListed[_clearedUser] = false;
  RemovedBlackList(_clearedUser);
}
function destroyBlackFunds (address _blackListedUser) public onlyOwner {
  require(isBlackListed[_blackListedUser]);
  uint dirtyFunds = balanceOf( blackListedUser);
  balances[_blackListedUser] = 0;
  _totalSupply -= dirtyFunds;
  DestroyedBlackFunds(_blackListedUser, dirtyFunds);
}
event DestroyedBlackFunds(address_blackListedUser, uint_balance);
event AddedBlackList(address user);
event RemovedBlackList(address _user);
```

}

```
contract UpgradedStandardToken is StandardToken{
  // those methods are called by the legacy contract
  // and they must ensure msg.sender to be the contract address
  function transferByLegacy(address from, address to, uint value) public;
  function transferFromByLegacy(address sender, address from, address spender, uint value) public;
  function approveByLegacy(address from, address spender, uint value) public;
}
contract TetherToken is Pausable, StandardToken, BlackList {
  string public name;
  string public symbol;
  uint public decimals;
  address public upgradedAddress;
  bool public deprecated;
  // The contract can be initialized with a number of tokens
  // All the tokens are deposited to the owner address
  //
  // @param _balance Initial supply of the contract
  // @param name Token Name
  // @param _symbol Token symbol
  // @param decimals Token decimals
  function TetherToken(uint _initialSupply, string _name, string _symbol, uint _decimals) public {
     totalSupply = initialSupply;
     name = _name;
     symbol = _symbol;
     decimals = _decimals;
     balances[owner] = _initialSupply;
     deprecated = false;
  }
  // Forward ERC20 methods to upgraded contract if this one is deprecated
```

```
function transfer(address _to, uint _value) public whenNotPaused {
  require(!isBlackListed[msg.sender]);
  if (deprecated) {
     return UpgradedStandardToken(upgradedAddress).transferByLegacy(msg.sender, _to, _value);
  } else {
     return super.transfer(_to, _value);
  }
}
// Forward ERC20 methods to upgraded contract if this one is deprecated
function transferFrom(address _from, address _to, uint _value) public whenNotPaused {
  require(!isBlackListed[ from]);
  if (deprecated) {
     return UpgradedStandardToken(upgradedAddress).transferFromByLegacy(msg.sender, from, to, value);
  } else {
     return super.transferFrom( from, to, value);
  }
}
// Forward ERC20 methods to upgraded contract if this one is deprecated
function balanceOf(address who) public constant returns (uint) {
  if (deprecated) {
     return UpgradedStandardToken(upgradedAddress).balanceOf(who);
  } else {
     return super.balanceOf(who);
  }
}
// Forward ERC20 methods to upgraded contract if this one is deprecated
function approve(address spender, uint value) public onlyPayloadSize(2 * 32) {
  if (deprecated) {
     return UpgradedStandardToken(upgradedAddress).approveByLegacy(msg.sender, _spender, _value);
  } else {
     return super.approve(_spender, _value);
```

```
}
}
// Forward ERC20 methods to upgraded contract if this one is deprecated
function allowance(address _owner, address _spender) public constant returns (uint remaining) {
  if (deprecated) {
     return StandardToken(upgradedAddress).allowance(_owner, _spender);
  } else {
     return super.allowance(_owner, _spender);
  }
}
// deprecate current contract in favour of a new one
function deprecate(address _upgradedAddress) public onlyOwner {
  deprecated = true;
  upgradedAddress = _upgradedAddress;
  Deprecate(_upgradedAddress);
}
// deprecate current contract if favour of a new one
function totalSupply() public constant returns (uint) {
  if (deprecated) {
     return StandardToken(upgradedAddress).totalSupply();
  } else {
     return _totalSupply;
  }
}
// Issue a new amount of tokens
// these tokens are deposited into the owner address
//
// @param _amount Number of tokens to be issued
function issue(uint amount) public onlyOwner {
  require(_totalSupply + amount > _totalSupply);
```

```
require(balances[owner] + amount > balances[owner]);
  balances[owner] += amount;
  _totalSupply += amount;
  Issue(amount);
}
// Redeem tokens.
// These tokens are withdrawn from the owner address
// if the balance must be enough to cover the redeem
// or the call will fail.
// @param _amount Number of tokens to be issued
function redeem(uint amount) public onlyOwner {
  require( totalSupply >= amount);
  require(balances[owner] >= amount);
  _totalSupply -= amount;
  balances[owner] -= amount;
  Redeem(amount);
}
function setParams(uint newBasisPoints, uint newMaxFee) public onlyOwner {
  // Ensure transparency by hardcoding limit beyond which fees can never be added
  require(newBasisPoints < 20);
  require(newMaxFee < 50);
  basisPointsRate = newBasisPoints;
  maximumFee = newMaxFee.mul(10**decimals);
  Params(basisPointsRate, maximumFee);
}
// Called when new token are issued
event Issue(uint amount);
```

```
// Called when tokens are redeemed
event Redeem(uint amount);

// Called when contract is deprecated
event Deprecate(address newAddress);

// Called if contract ever adds fees
event Params(uint feeBasisPoints, uint maxFee);
}
```