

ECE421 Problem Set 2

Micol Altomare

1 Problem 1

Given data:

$x^{(i)}$	$t^{(i)}$
1	6
2	4
3	2
4	1
5	3
6	6
7	10

Table 1: Given data

1.1

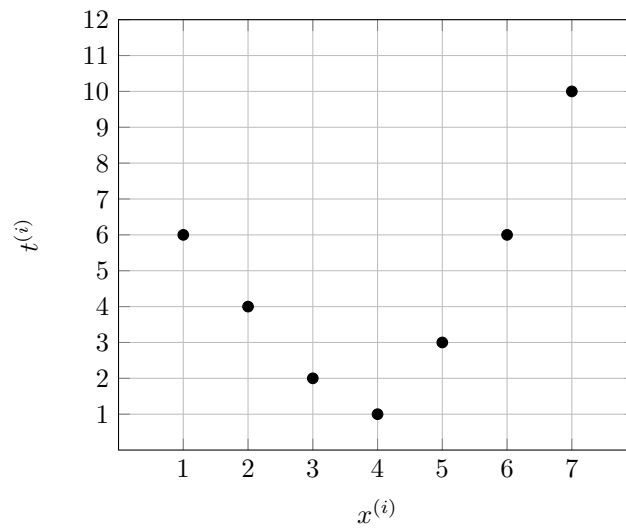


Figure 1: Scatter plot of $x^{(i)}$ vs. $t^{(i)}$

1.2

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{E}(w, b) &= \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{i=1}^N (y^{(i)} - t^{(i)})^2 \\
&= \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{i=1}^N (wx^{(i)} - t^{(i)})^2 \\
&= \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{i=1}^N \left[(wx^{(i)})^2 + wx^{(i)}b - wx^{(i)}t^{(i)} + wx^{(i)}b + b^2 - bt^{(i)} - wx^{(i)}t^{(i)} - t^{(i)}b + (t^{(i)})^2 \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{i=1}^N \left[(w^2x^{(i)})^2 + 2wx^{(i)}b - 2wx^{(i)}t^{(i)} - 2bt^{(i)} + b^2 + (t^{(i)})^2 \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{i=1}^N \left[(x^{(i)})^2 w^2 + 1b^2 + 2x^{(i)}wb - 2t^{(i)}x^{(i)}w - 2t^{(i)}b + (t^{(i)})^2 \right] \\
\Rightarrow A_i &= (x^{(i)})^2, B_i = 1, C_i = 2x^{(i)}, D_i = -2t^{(i)}x^{(i)}, E_i = -2t^{(i)}, F_i = (t^{(i)})^2 \\
&\text{in } \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{i=1}^N A_i w^2 + B_i b^2 + C_i wb + D_i w + E_i b + F_i
\end{aligned}$$

1.3

The loss function is minimized when $\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial w} = 0$ and $\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial b} = 0$. Where $A = \sum_i A_i$, etc....

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial w} = \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{i=1}^N 2wA_i + C_i b + D_i \quad (1)$$

$$= 2wA + Cb + D = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow w = \frac{-Cb - D}{2A} \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial b} = \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{i=1}^N 2B_i b + C_i w + E_i \quad (4)$$

$$= 2Bb + Cw + E = 0 \quad (5)$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \frac{-Cw - E}{2B} \quad (6)$$

$$\Rightarrow w = \quad (7)$$

1.4

By plugging in numerical values from the dataset D (Table 1), the values are found to be approximately:

$$w = b = \quad (8)$$

1.5

Using Excel's linear regression tool, it is found that $w = 2.1429$ and $b = 0.6071$.

2 Problem 2

2.1

2.2

2.3

2.4

2.5

3 Problem 3

3.1

3.2

3.3

3.4

3.5

3.6