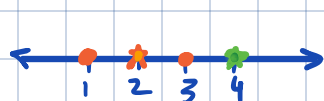


## Problem 2

Micol Altomare

Initialization and first assignment (colour-coded) of the dataset.



$$\begin{aligned}\mu_1 &= 2 : x^{(1)}, x^{(2)}, x^{(3)} \\ \mu_2 &= 4 : x^{(4)}\end{aligned}$$

During the moving-the-centroids step, the mean of the points within their respective cluster does not change, resulting in the points being assigned to their same centroids.

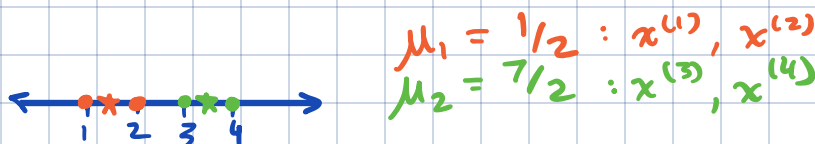


$$\begin{aligned}\mu_1 &= 2 : x^{(1)}, x^{(2)}, x^{(3)} \\ \mu_2 &= 4 : x^{(4)}\end{aligned}$$

Consequently, the distortion is:

$$\begin{aligned}J &= \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \|x^{(i)} - \mu_c^{(i)}\|^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{4} [(1-2)^2 + (2-2)^2 + (3-2)^2 + (4-4)^2] \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

Meanwhile, a different initialization (and resulting cluster assignments) would be:



$$\begin{aligned}\mu_1 &= 1/2 : x^{(1)}, x^{(2)} \\ \mu_2 &= 7/2 : x^{(3)}, x^{(4)}\end{aligned}$$

With distortion:

$$\begin{aligned}J' &= \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \|x^{(i)} - \mu_c^{(i)}\|^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + \left(2 - \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + \left(3 - \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \left(4 - \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{4}\end{aligned}$$

$J' < J$  thus it's possible for k-means to converge to a solution that is not globally optimal.