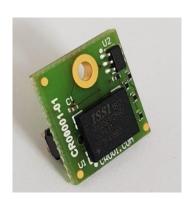
CRUVI

Draft Version 1.0.4-alpha

August 2, 2021





Introduction

The purpose of this standard is to create an open ecosystem of function modules. Main focus is on support for FPGA's and FPGA SoC devices.

Objectives

The initial design was driven by following constraints:

- Mechanically fixed (mounting holes)
- Cost optimized variants
- Size:
 - o two modules must fit "inside" VITA 57.1 FMC Card
 - size scaling
 - o B2B connector mating height: 5mm max
- Front panel accessible I/O Connectors, optimized for connector density
- Variable I/O Voltage
- High speed transceiver support (option 1 to 4 lanes)
- I²C/SMBUS Support (with ALERT/IRQ)
 - Plug & Play EEPROM (optional, recommended)
- Predefined I/O mappings, for relevant interfaces
 - QSPI/OctalSPI/xSPI/eSPI
 - o SDIO/eMMC
 - o NAND
 - HyperBus/OctaBus (HyperRAM/Flash)
 - o LVDS ADC (1 to 4 data lane)
 - o FTDI FIFO (8 bit)
 - o ULPI
- Recommended Differential pair mapping for FPGA with unidirectional LVDS
- "Ecosystem friendly" adaptable to existing ecosystem with adapters
- Standard heatsink available

Contributors

| Name | Company |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Helmut Plötz | Arrow |
| Paul Gardner-Stephen | Flinders University |
| Benjamin Gittins | Synaptic Laboratories Ltd |
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| Matthew Burns | Samtec |
| Edmund Humenberger | Symbiotic EDA |
| Thorsten Trenz | Trenz Electronic GmbH |

Electrical

CRUVI 1.0 does specify two board-to-board connectors: HS (High Speed) and LS (Low Speed).

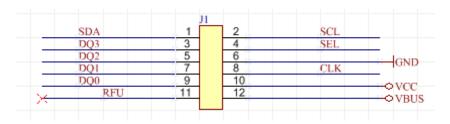
There may be more connector types defined in future specification releases.

Detailed CRUVI Pinouts are currently maintained in **Google doc spreadsheet**.

LS Connector

LS (Low Speed) connector, this is low profile (5mm mating height) 12-pin header with 2mm spacing.

| Pin | Primary Function | Notes |
|-----|------------------|---|
| 1 | SDA | If I2C supported then pullup on the module |
| 2 | SCL | If I2C supported then pullup on the module |
| 3 | D3 | |
| 4 | SEL | Chip select |
| 5 | D2 | |
| 6 | GND | |
| 7 | D1 | |
| 8 | CLK | Primary clock/strobe |
| 9 | D0 | |
| 10 | VCC | 3.3V nominal (some host may support variable voltage) |
| 11 | RFU | Reserved for future use, do not connect to anything |
| 12 | VBUS | 5V nominal (optional power supply) |



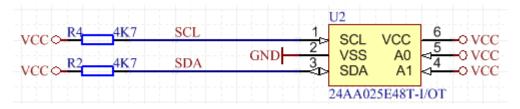
Example schematic for LS connector (SPI + I2C). Other mappings are possible as defined in online google pin mapping document.

12C Bus/SMBus

Modules that implement I2C function should use fixed pins for the bus.

Identification EEPROM

It is recommended to have I2C EEPROM for module identification. Some modules may however use the I2C pins for other purposes (GPIO, etc.).



Recommended EEPROM type 24AA025E48, this EEPROM includes unique identifier from factory. Both address bits should be pulled high. I2C pullups must be on the module. I2C Address is 1010_011x.

This EEPROM provides 128 Bytes for user data (6 upper bytes include the EUI-48 identifier).

I/O Voltage

There is no separate I/O voltage pin, so the I/O voltage should be same as the main supply VCC (nominal at 3.3V). If VCC is lower than 3.3V then the I/O voltage should scale with it.

Power Supply Requirements

Most modules require only power from VCC pin. Some LS modules may also work at 2.5 or 1.8V if supplied with lower VCC. Some baseboards may support variable VCC for LS slots. VBUS (nominal voltage 5V) is optional; many modules do not use or require it.

PMoD compatibility

CRUVI LS modules have same amount of I/O as PMoD. With simple passive adapter CR00025 CRUVI LS modules can be used with any PMoD host boards. A fixed IO mapping between CRUVI and PMoD exists; all adapters should use this mapping. Note: not all CRUVI modules will map to same PMoD electrical signals when using an adapter.

| Feature | CRUVI | PMoD |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Main supply voltage VCC | 3.3V | 3.3V |
| VBUS 5V supply | Optional | No |
| Number of I/O pins | 8 | 8 |
| Connector | 12 pin 2 mm header | 12 pin 100 mil header |
| Mechanical fixture | One or two mounting holes | No mounting holes |
| Module max width | 22 mm | 800 mil |
| Module to module spacing | 900 mil | 900 mil |
| I2C identification EEPROM | Option | no |

HS Connector

HS connector provides 28 I/O in Adjustable power domain (maximum 12 LVDS) and 9 I/O in fixed 3.3V power domain.

| Pin | Label/Function | VCCIO | Note | |
|-----|----------------|-------|--|--|
| 1 | RFU1 | | Reserved for future use | |
| 3 | ALERT/IRQ | VCC | If interrupt supported then pullup on the module | |
| 5 | SDA | VCC | If I2C supported then pullup on the module | |
| 7 | SCL | VCC | If I2C supported then pullup on the module | |
| 9 | VCC | | +3.3V | |
| 11 | REFCLK | VCC | | |
| 13 | GND | | | |
| 15 | B0_P | VADJ | | |
| 17 | B0_N | VADJ | | |
| 19 | GND | | | |
| 21 | B1_P | VADJ | | |
| 23 | B1_N | VADJ | | |
| 25 | GND | | | |
| 27 | B2_P | VADJ | | |
| 29 | B2_N | VADJ | | |
| 31 | GND | | | |
| 33 | B3_P | VADJ | | |
| 35 | B3_N | VADJ | | |
| 37 | GND | | | |
| 39 | B4_P | VADJ | | |
| 41 | B4_N | VADJ | | |
| 43 | GND | | | |
| 45 | B5_P | VADJ | | |
| 47 | B5_N | VADJ | | |
| 49 | GND | | | |
| 51 | DI/TDI | VCC | DI or TDI | |
| 53 | DO/TDO | VCC | DO or TDO | |
| 55 | SEL/TMS | VCC | Select or TMS | |
| 57 | MODE | VCC | JTAG enable/mux or mode pin | |
| 59 | SCK/TCK | VCC | Clock or TCK | |
| 2 | HSIO | VADJ | | |
| 4 | VCC | | +3.3V | |
| 6 | HSO | VADJ | | |
| 8 | HSRST | VADJ | Peripheral reset if supported | |
| 10 | HSI | VADJ | | |
| 12 | GND | | | |
| 14 | A0_P | VADJ | | |
| 16 | A0_N | VADJ | | |
| 18 | GND | | | |
| 20 | A1_P | VADJ | | |
| 22 | A1_P | VADJ | | |
| 24 | GND | | | |

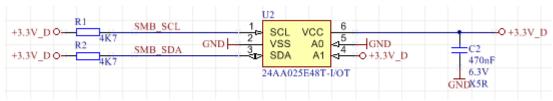
| | | 1 | Ţ |
|----|--------|------|------------------------------|
| 26 | A2_P | VADJ | |
| 28 | A2_N | VADJ | |
| 30 | GND | | |
| 32 | A3_P | VADJ | |
| 34 | A3_N | VADJ | |
| 36 | VADJ | | VCCIO Adjustable (1.2V 3.3V) |
| 38 | A4_P | VADJ | |
| 40 | A4_N | VADJ | |
| 42 | GND | | |
| 44 | A5_P | VADJ | |
| 46 | A5_N | VADJ | |
| 48 | GND | | |
| 50 | RFU2_P | | Reserved for future use |
| 52 | RFU2_N | | Reserved for future use |
| 54 | GND | | |
| 56 | RFU_P | | Reserved for future use |
| 58 | RFU_N | | Reserved for future use |
| 60 | VBUS | | 5V nominal |

RFU (Reserved for Future Use) pins should remain unconnected on modules and bases.

12C/SMBus

The standard defines three pins (SCL/SDA/ALERT) for I2C bus or SMBUS devices. All pullups should be on the module. It is not recommended to use those pins for any other purpose. There should be no pin sharing between module slots on the baseboards.

Identification EEPROM



Recommended EEPROM type 24AA025E48, this EEPROM includes unique identifier from factory. Address bits A1, A0 should be set to high and low. I2C Address is 1010_010x.

This EEPROM provides 128 Bytes for user data (6 upper bytes include the EUI-48 identifier).

JTAG

If JTAG is implemented it shall be at fixed location with 3.3V I/O voltage. If JTAG muxing (enable) is implemented this shall also be at fixed location. If JTAG is not used those pins can be used for other purposes as well. They should be generic 3.3V I/O on the FPGA. So there are total 5 I/O pins that can be used for some purpose (if no JTAG).

I/O Voltage

The main functional pins are in adjustable power domain, useable voltages depend on the module and/or carrier. Not all combinations of module to carrier will be compatible. Some modules and carrier may only support one fixed IO voltage.

Power Supply Requirements

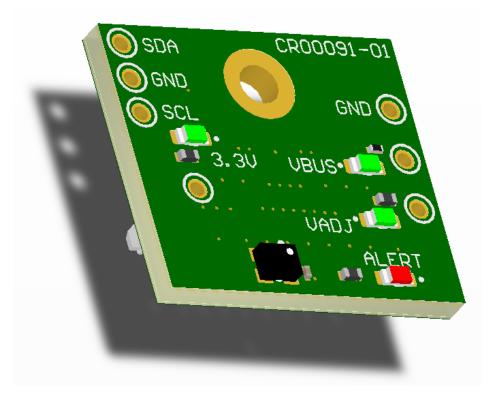
Main supply VCC has nominal voltage 3.3V. Module I/O voltage (VADJ) is provided separately in the range 1.2 to 3.3V. Optional VBUS supply has nominal voltage of 5V. Modules that use main power as I/O voltage should take all power from the adjustable I/O Voltage VADJ and not from VCC.

Testing

For test purposes some standard modules have been developed.

HS loopback adapter

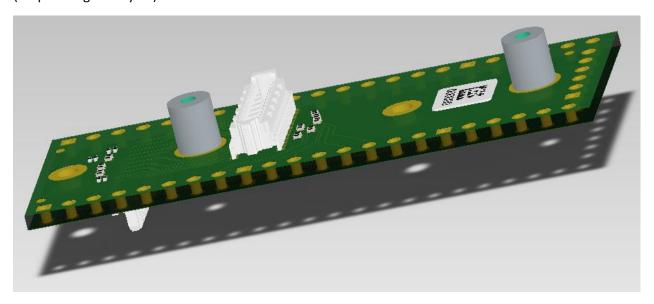
CR00091 is the standard test board to verify the HS connector performance for the host boards.



All HS I/O is looped back. Additionally there are LED's on all power supplies and on ALERT pin. A 25MHz clock is available at REFCLK pin. All 3.3V I/O except I2C and REFCLK is also looped back. I2C EEPROM is also provided on the board. I2C signals and all power are also available at through hole test points. This board allows full testing of HS support for any CRUVI host board.

HS debug adapter

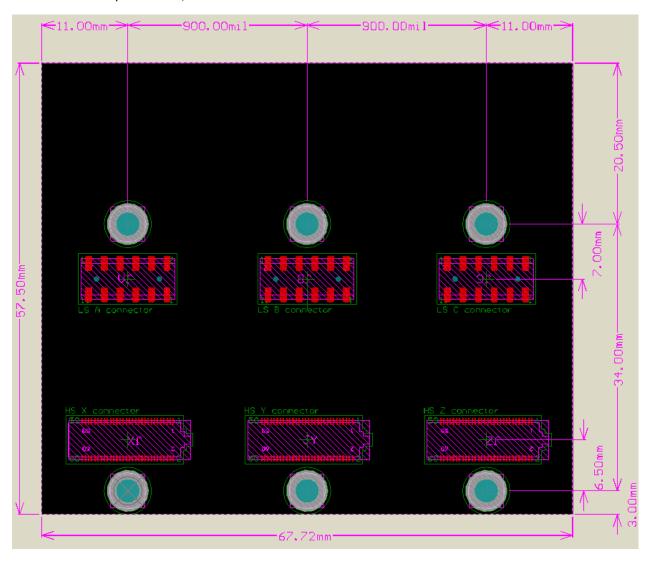
This adapter CR00026 allows all signals of the HS connector to be probed using some test equipment (scope or logic analyzer).



This is man in the middle type of adapter, it will be fitted between the host and actual HS card to be debugged. All signals are connected 1:1 between two connectors. Additionally they all go via 50ohm series resistor to 100mil pin headers for probe attachment.

Mechanical

Maximum size triple module/base dimensions:



Possible module sizes from 14 x 14 mm to 67.7 x 57.5 mm.

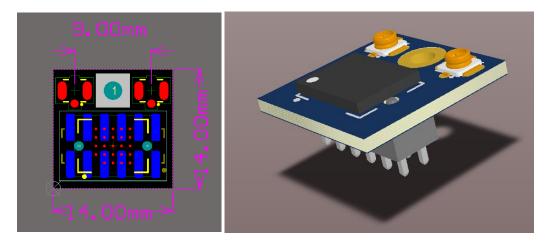
Standard full-length, max width single slot module: 22 x 57.5 mm.

LS Modules

LS modules can be of different sizes. Depending on the module length, one or two mounting holes are used. Most LS modules are expected to use only one mounting hole. Double and triple width modules are also allowed (they have more mounting holes).

LS 14x14

Smallest CRUVI module size is 14 by 14 mm, recommended PCB thickness 1.2mm (1.6mm acceptable). This format is suitable for modules that have one small main IC with 3.3V tolerant IO. External I/O is possible also via front panel using U.fl style mini coax connectors. Recommended location for them is shown. This format can extend to 22 by 32 mm.



As example BGA 6x8 mm SPI Flash Device is placed.

Possible IC/Functions

- I²C EEPROM
- Microwire or SPI EEPROM
- I²C ADC, DAC, Sensor or special function
- UN I/O EEPROM
- 1-Wire EEPROM or special function
- (Q)SPI Flash or SRAM
- SPI ADC, DAC or special function
- I2S/PDM MEMS microphone
- Special function IC with low pin count interface (PWM, etc.)
- CRUVI Signal breakout to connector(s)
- I²C programmable Oscillator or PLL
- Status LED and User button

Single width LS modules

Single width LS modules have maximum width of 22 mm (min width 14 mm).

HS Modules

LS modules can be of different sizes. Depending on the module length, one or two mounting holes are used. Double and triple width modules are also allowed (they have more mounting holes).

Connectors

Connector stacking height is 5mm

| Туре | Carrier/Base | Module/Function |
|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| High Speed/Transceiver | SS4-30-3.50-L-D-K | ST4-30-1.50-L-D-P |
| Low Speed | CLT-106-02-F-D-A-K | TMMH-106-04-F-DV-A-M |

Mounting hardware

Use 5mm threaded spacers for M2 screws. Carrier boards may use soldered down SMD spacer's type



9774050243R

from Würth

Module formats

CRUVI modules can be one, two or three slot-wide. One-slot wide modules can be 14 to 22 mm wide. Two-slot wide module max width is 22 mm + 900 mil; three-slot wide module max width is 22 mm + 1800 mil (67.72mm).

Host Adapters

For cases where host FPGA/SoC has limited I/O connectors should be fitted in special order to maximize the variety of supported add-module combinations.

Recommendation: if possible on host boards all LS connectors should be fitted, small FPGA can be used to add more I/O and perform local preprocessing/level shift and/or protocol/interface conversion.

Host 2 slot wide 2 connectors

| Slot | Connectors | Conifg 1 | Config 2 |
|------|------------|----------|----------|
| Α | HS | HS | LS or HS |
| В | LS | LS | |

This minimal configuration supporting single and double width modules with LS or HS connectors.

Host 3 slot wide with 3 connectors supporting GT4

| Slot | Connectors | Config 1 | Config 2 | Config 3 | Config 4 |
|------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|
| Α | HS | HS | HS | HS | LS or HS or GT |
| В | - | Empty | | LS or GT4 | |
| С | GT4 + LS | LS or GT4 | LS or GT4 | | |

This is the minimal configuration that support all types of possible modules up to 3 slot wide. If two single width modules are fitted one slot would remain empty.

Host 3 slot wide with 4 connectors supporting GT4

| Slot | Connectors | Config 1 | Config 2 | Config 3 | Config 4 |
|------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|
| Α | HS | HS | LS or HS | HS | LS or HS or GT |
| В | LS | LS | | LS or GT4 | |
| С | GT4 + LS | LS or GT4 | LS or GT4 | | |

This is the minimal configuration that support all type of possible modules up to 3 slot wide and all types at same time if all are single slot wide.

CAD Support

CRUVI standard was developed using Altium Designer as primary CAD Tool. Primary designs and design templates are all in Altium Designer format. It is recommended do start a design from some existing Altium project or template.

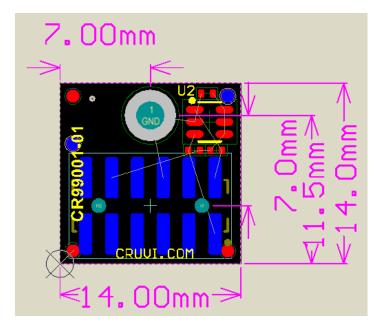
Altium templates

Link to Altium templates: https://github.com/micro-FPGA/CRUVI/tree/master/CAD/Altium/templates

Partial listing of available CAD templates. Alternatively some existing open-source CRUVI module design can be used as starting point as well.

CR99001

This is the smallest 14x14 mm LS module template. Identification EEPROM is included.



Known modules based on this template

- CR00001 SPI Flash 6x8 mm BGA
- CR00002 SPI Flash SO-8

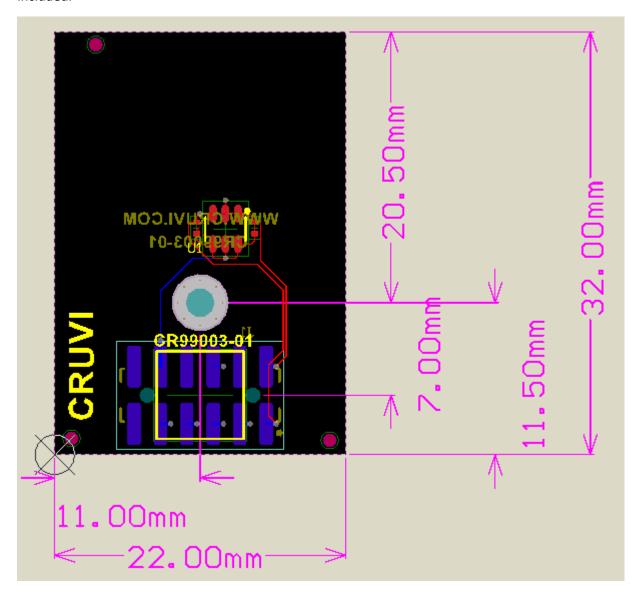
CR99002

Same as CR99001 with added u.Fl connectors for I/O.

TBD

CR99003

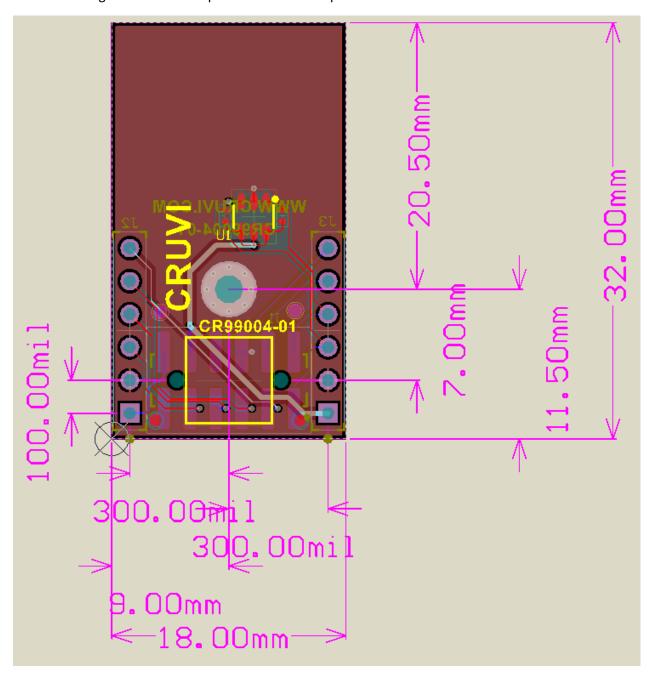
This is maximum size one-wide half-length LS module; sized 22x32 mm. Identification EEPROM is included.



This template can be made smaller in size. Width is already maximum. In some cases it is OK to expand PCB size in the TOP direction for special evaluation or test boards.

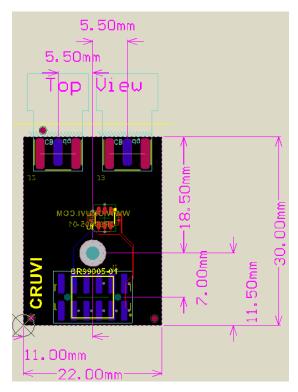
CR99004

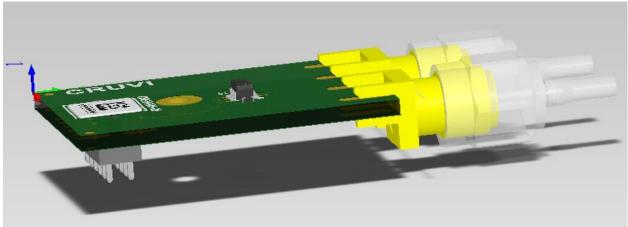
This is half-length module with optional solder down pads with minimum width. Module size 18x32 mm.



CR99005

This is half-length LS module with two SMA connectors.



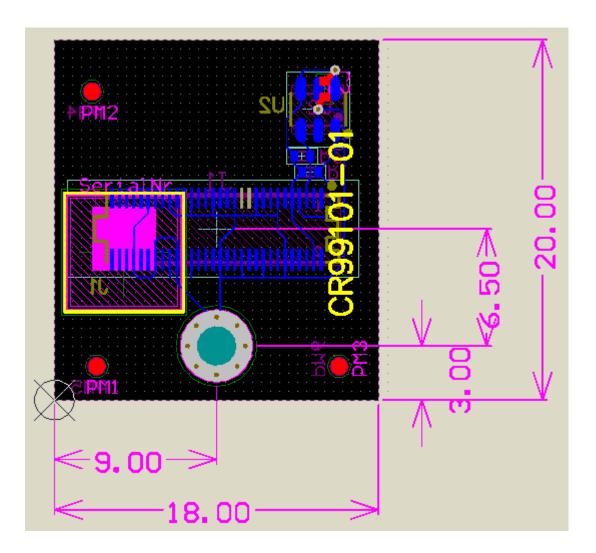


CR99101

Minimal size HS Module, recommended PCB size 18x20 mm (can be a few mm shorter also). This template is good for HyperRAM style devices.

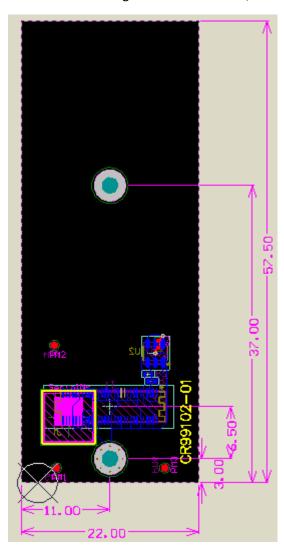
Known modules based on this template

- CR00041 HyperRAM/Flash/OctaRAM 6x8 mm BGA
- CR00045 16 bit Pseudo SDRAM
- CR00091 CRUVI HS loopback adapter



CR99102

Maximum sized single-width HS module, size 22x57.5 mm.



Production Support

Trenz Electronic GmbH offers special production support for CRUVI modules and bases if they are developed in Altium using a special database library from Trenz Electronic (this library can be made accessible to interested parties).

Use Cases

List of some common use cases.

I2C Device

A module with some I2C device(s) can be in LS format with one or two mounting holes.

HyperBus/xSPI/OctaBus

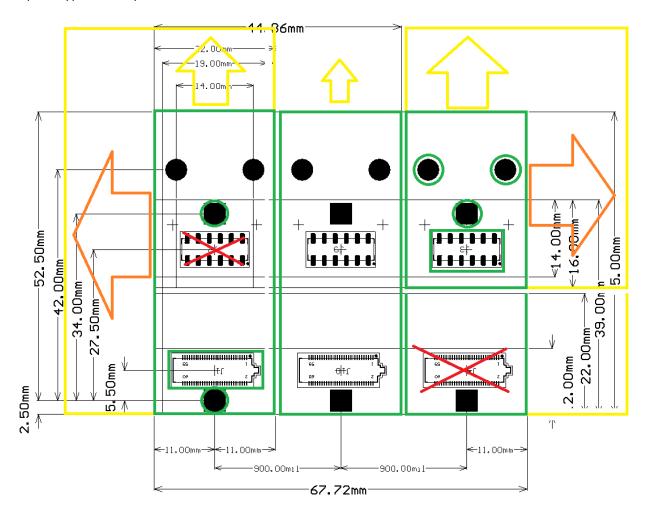
HyperBus, OctaBus and xSPI devices can be used on small HS modules with only one mounting hole. An example is CR00041 module. Space required on the baseboard is about 20x22 mm.

SPI (boot) Flash

SPI and QSPI Flash modules can be in smallest LS format sized 14x14 mm. On the baseboard about the same amount of free space is needed, only one mounting hole is used. With passive PMoD adapter CR00025 it is also possible use those modules with PMoD host boards.

Evaluation or Demo Board

It is recommended when possible to design all boards to be complaint to standard recommended CRUVI module formats. If needed the PCB sizes can be extended for boards designed for evaluation and demo or prototype use only.



TODO – update graphics

For evaluation use, if PCB size has to extend over standard format, then use above as guidance for the priority direction how to extend the board size. The above example shows that a 3 slot base board could accept at the same time 2 oversized modules and one standard format module.

TODO: Make exact templates for all possible (reasonable) variants showing which mounting holes are mandatory and which one recommended only.

Disclaimer

CRUVI standard is licensed under <u>Apache License 2.0</u>.

Links/References

- Semantic Versioning Specification http://semver.org
- RFC2119 https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2119
- JESD251 xSPI
- <u>Digilent PMoD ™ Specification</u>
- VHDPLus CRUVI Products