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```
function y = simforelmltlb(Awork)
```

```
% HW 1 Problem 2 (a)
% Simple elim. fct. w/ multiple RHS
```

Illustrate vanilla forward elimination

```
nrefr = size(Awork,1);
                          % # of rows
nrefc = size(Awork,2);
                         % # of columns
%note that the elimination procedure coded below modifies the matrix \ensuremath{\mathsf{B}}
Aworkut = Awork;
for ir1 = 2 : nrefr
                        %loop over rows from 2 to n performing elimination, this index marks what row we are starting the elimination from (i.e. using) for this pa
    for ir2 = ir1 : nrefr
                                                               \%this index marks the present position where elimination is being performed - i.e. where we are applyi
        fact=Aworkut(ir2,ir1-1);
                                                                      %multiplier of the variable we are attempting to eliminate, its ir-1 column of this row
        Aworkut(ir2,:)=Aworkut(ir2,:)-fact/Aworkut(ir1-1,ir1-1).*Aworkut(ir1-1,:); %subtract off previous row modified by a factor that eliminates the ir-1 colum
    end %for
end %for
disp('elim([Aref,bref]) = ');
disp(Aworkut);
```

```
Not enough input arguments.

Error in simforelmltlb (line 8)
nrefr = size(Awork,1);  % # of rows
```

Illustrate back substitution on B using provided Matlab function

```
% This function performs back substitution on an upper triangular matrix that has
% been modified by concatenating the RHS of the system.
\ensuremath{\text{\%}} Note that B is assumed to be upper triangular at this point.
                        %number of unknowns in the system
n = nrefr:
nb = nrefc - nrefr;
                        % # of RHS
x = zeros(n,nb);
                                  %space in which to store our solution vector
for k = n+1: nrefc
                                                  %finalized solution for last variables of all RHS
    x(n,k) = Aworkut(n,k)./Aworkut(n,n);
    for 1 = n-1 : -1 : 1
        x(1,k) = Aworkut(1,k);
                                     %assume we're only dealing with a single right-hand side here.
        fact = Aworkut(1,1);
                                     %diagonal element to be divided through doing subs for the ir2 row
        for ic = l+1 : n
           x(1,k) = x(1,k)-Aworkut(1,ic)*x(ic,k);
        end %for
        x(1,k)=x(1,k)/fact;
                                %divide once at the end to minimize number of ops
    end %for
end % for
y = x(1:n , n+1:nrefc);
disp('Elimination/back sub solution: ');
disp(y);
% disp('Matlab,GNU/Octave built-in solution: ');
% disp(A\b);
```

end % function

Published with MATLAB® R2020b