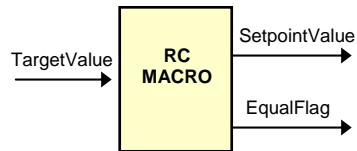


Description

This module implements a ramp up and ramp down macro. The output flag variable EqualFlag is set to 7FFFFFFFh when the output variable SetpointValue equals the input variable TargetValue.

**Availability**

This IQ module is available in one interface format:

- 1) The C interface version

Module Properties

Type: Target Independent, Application Independent

Target Devices: 28x Fixed Point or Piccolo

C Version File Names: rmp_cntl.h

IQmath library files for C: IQmathLib.h, IQmath.lib

C Interface

Object Definition

The structure of RMPCNTL object is defined by following structure definition

```
typedef struct { _iq TargetValue;           // Input: Target input
                Uint32 RampDelayMax;       // Parameter: Maximum delay rate (Q0)
                _iq RampLowLimit;         // Parameter: Minimum limit
                _iq RampHighLimit;        // Parameter: Maximum limit
                Uint32 RampDelayCount;     // Variable: Incremental delay (Q0)
                _iq SetpointValue;        // Output: Target output
                Uint32 EqualFlag;         // Output: Flag output (Q0)
            } RMPCNTL;

typedef RMPCNTL *RMPCNTL_handle;
```

Item	Name	Description	Format	Range(Hex)
Inputs	TargetValue	Target input	GLOBAL_Q	80000000-7FFFFFFF
Outputs	SetpointValue	Target output	GLOBAL_Q	80000000-7FFFFFFF
	EqualFlag	Flag output	Q0	80000000-7FFFFFFF
RMP_CNTL parameter	RampDelayMax	Maximum delay rate	Q0	80000000-7FFFFFFF
	RampLowLimit	Minimum limit	GLOBAL_Q	80000000-7FFFFFFF
	RampHighLimit	Maximum limit	GLOBAL_Q	80000000-7FFFFFFF
Internal	RampDelayCount	Incremental delay	Q0	80000000-7FFFFFFF

GLOBAL_Q valued between 1 and 30 is defined in the IQmathLib.h header file.

Special Constants and Data types

RMPCNTL

The module definition is created as a data type. This makes it convenient to instance an interface to ramp control. To create multiple instances of the module simply declare variables of type RAMPGEN.

RMPCNTL_handle

User defined Data type of pointer to RMPCNTL module

RMPCNTL_DEFAULTS

Structure symbolic constant to initialize RMPCNTL module. This provides the initial values to the terminal variables as well as method pointers.

Methods

RC_MACRO(RMPCNTL_handle);

This definition implements one method viz., the ramp control computation macro. The input argument to this macro is the module handle.

Module Usage

Instantiation

The following example instances two RMPCNTL objects
RMPCNTL rc1, rc2;

Initialization

To Instance pre-initialized objects
RMPCNTL rc1 = RMPCNTL_DEFAULTS;
RMPCNTL rc2 = RMPCNTL_DEFAULTS;

Invoking the computation macro

RC_MACRO(rc1);
RC_MACRO(rc2);

Example

The following pseudo code provides the information about the module usage.

```
main()
{
}

void interrupt periodic_interrupt_isr()
{
    rc1.TargetValue = target1;           // Pass inputs to rc1
    rc2.TargetValue = target2;           // Pass inputs to rc2

    RC_MACRO(rc1);                       // Call compute macro for rc1
    RC_MACRO(rc2);                       // Call compute macro for rc2

    out1 = rc1.SetpointValue;            // Access the outputs of rc1
    out2 = rc2.SetpointValue;            // Access the outputs of rc2
}
```

Technical Background

This software module implements the following equations:

Case 1: When $TargetValue > SetpointValue$

$$\begin{aligned} SetpointValue &= SetpointValue + _IQ(0.0000305), \text{ for } t = n \cdot T_d, n = 1, 2, 3 \dots \\ &\quad \text{and } (SetpointValue + _IQ(0.0000305)) < RampHighLimit \\ &= RampHighLimit, \text{ for } (SetpointValue + _IQ(0.0000305)) > RampHighLimit \end{aligned}$$

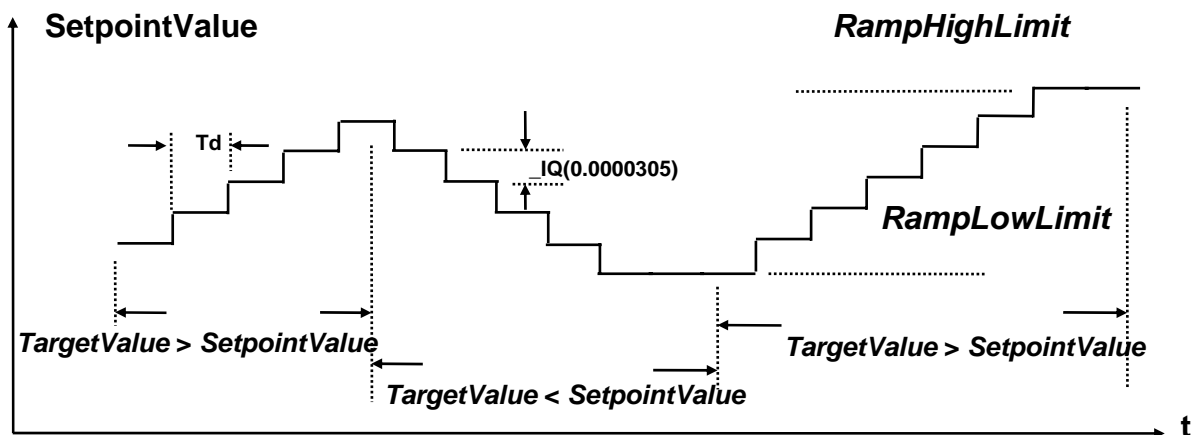
where, $T_d = RampDelayMax \cdot T_s$
 T_s = Sampling time period

Case 2: When $TargetValue < SetpointValue$

$$\begin{aligned} SetpointValue &= SetpointValue - _IQ(0.0000305), \text{ for } t = n \cdot T_d, n = 1, 2, 3 \dots \\ &\quad \text{and } (SetpointValue - _IQ(0.0000305)) > RampLowLimit \\ &= RampLowLimit, \text{ for } (SetpointValue - _IQ(0.0000305)) < RampLowLimit \end{aligned}$$

where, $T_d = RampDelayMax \cdot T_s$
 T_s = Sampling time period

Note that $TargetValue$ and $SetpointValue$ variables are in $_iq$ format.



Example:

SetpointValue=0(initial value), TargetValue=1000(user specified),
RampDelayMax=500(user specified), sampling loop time period $T_s=0.000025$ Sec.
This means that the time delay for each ramp step is $T_d=500 \times 0.000025=0.0125$ Sec.
Therefore, the total ramp time will be $Tramp=1000 \times 0.0125$ Sec=12.5 Sec