

Business Envisioning

What is Business Envisioning?

Business Envisioning answers the question 'what are we doing'.

We get to the 'What' & 'Why' through a two-step process to identify, prioritize & refine business use cases and define business requirements & Objectives & Key Results (OKRs) for 1 or 2 use cases. Then agree on the recommended next steps.



Business Envisioning

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Outcomes

Envisioning Outcomes

- ☐ Business scenarios/use cases identified and prioritized around Strategic Business Impact and Executional Fit
- ☐ 1 or 2 uses case refined, business requirements & OKRs for use case defined
- Next Steps identified & agreed to

How we get there



Preparation

Identify use cases from business owners (functional and business lines), prioritize & select use cases for workshop



Delive

Half-day workshop, refine scenarios /use cases, define business requirements & OKRs, decide next steps

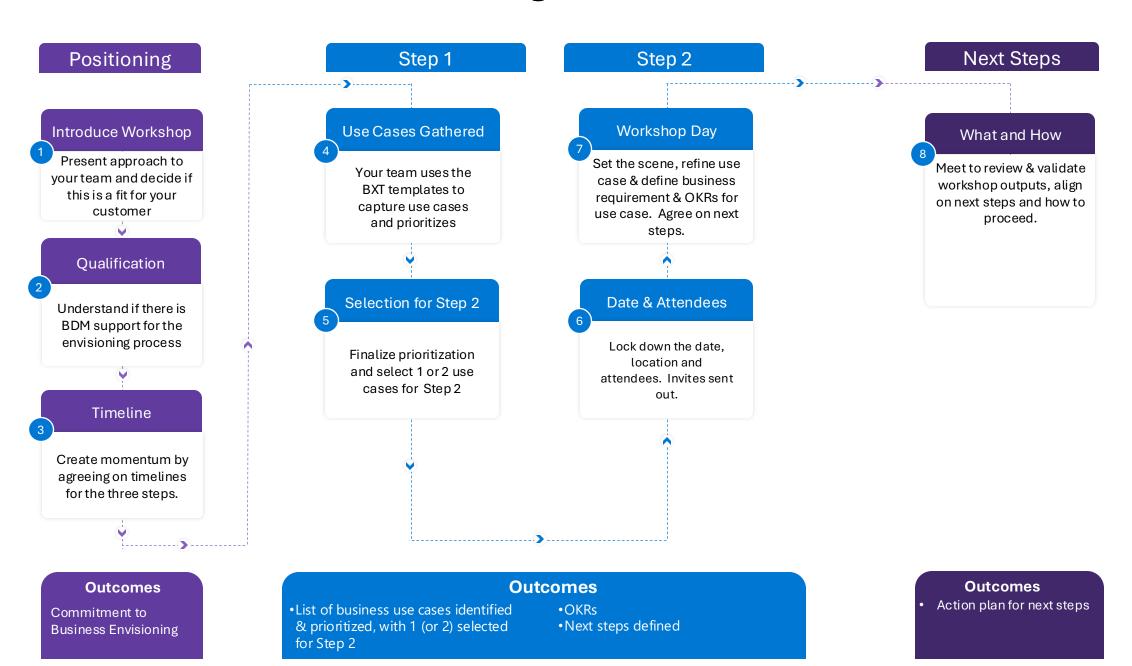


What's next

Common Next Steps

- ☐ Capability Envisioning workshop to prioritize technical and organizational capabilities to move to production.
- ☐ POC, MVP
- ☐ Prepare for move to production
 - o Technical prerequisites
 - o Upskilling of development team

Flow for Business Envisioning



Step 1 – Gather and Prioritize Use Cases



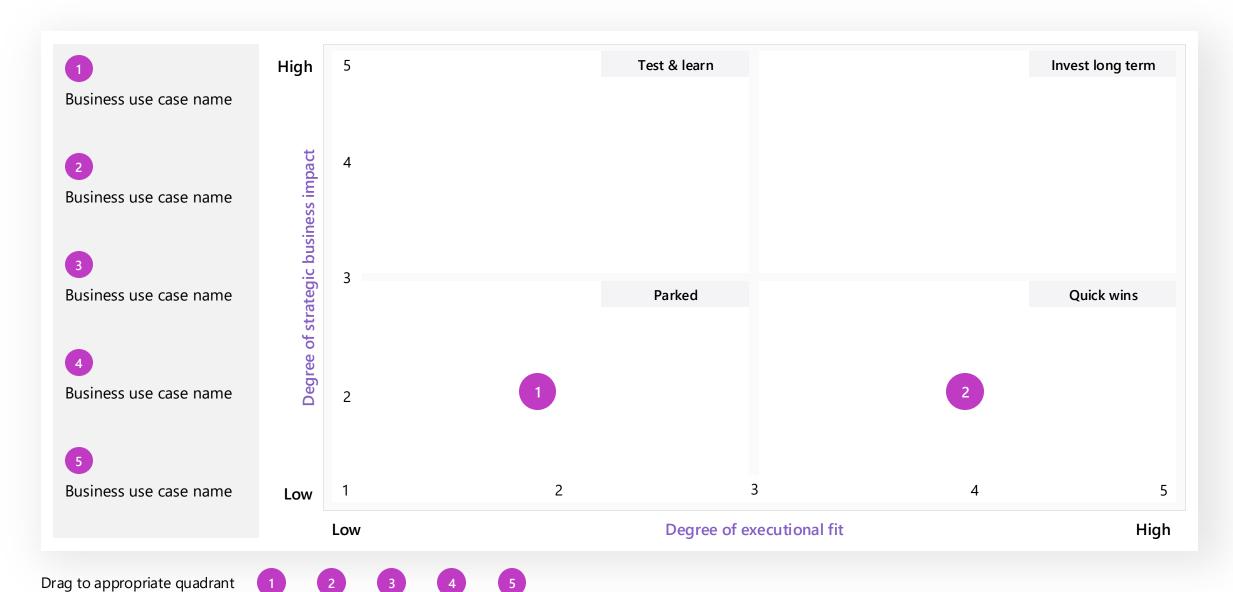
BXT Use case prioritization template

Use case name: Internal or external use: **Department:** General Problem to solve Use case description What's the challenge/the problem you want to solve? How do you solve What is your idea? it today? Objectives & key results – Strategic fit assessment Primary stakeholder who is Strategic fit **Business objective Key results** accountable for OKRs Describe the business objective to be What are the 3-5 measurable Key Role: achieved? Results that will show progress to the objective? Name: Org/Group: 1 = Low and 5 = High

BXT Use case prioritization template

Use case name: Internal or external use: **Department:** Business viability – Business impact assessment How does the use case align to the How does the use case generate Business change management timeframe **Business impact** organization's executive strategy? business value? Estimate based on people, tools and How does the use case contribute to your e.g., additional revenue though a new service or processes impact. organization's executive roadmap/strategy? cost saving through higher efficiency 1 - 3 months 4 - 6 months 1 = Low and 5 = High>6 months Experience value – User desirability impact assessment User desirability How appealing is the overall value Change resistance **Key personas?** Who are the users benefiting most from the proposition for the user? What level of resistance might be expected to the change? concept? What value does this concept offer over the user's existing next-best alternative to drive adoption? 1 = Low and 5 = HighTechnical value - Feasibility impact assessment What are the implementation and Are sufficient safeguards available? Technology fit Technical feasibility operational risks? From an information security, responsible AI, Is this use cases already implemented? What is compliance, and intellectual property the adapted technology sourcing for this use From a software engineering, integration, and case? Is data, process or tools existing to data perspective? perspective. support delivery? 1 = Low and 5 = High

Use case prioritization



Step 2

1/2- Set the scene, Refine Selected Use Cases, Define Business Requirements & OKRs and agree on next Steps



Business Envisioning - Example agenda for 2 use cases

15 min break 15 min break

Introductions 15 mins

- Introductions
- Setting the scene: Agenda and goals, customer expectation

Set the scene 45 min

- Create a shared and common understanding of the use cases
- Review finding from preparation

Refine Use cases 30 minutes

- Align everyone on the problem to be solved.
- Incorporate any additional insights/refinements

Define business requirements & OKRs 120 mins

- Work collaboratively to tease out the use case business requirements and OKRs.
- Allow 60 min per use case.

Next Steps 15 minutes

- Review options across Hack, POC, MVP
- Discuss appropriate next steps
- Identify points of contact

Wrap & Close 10 minutes

- Summarize outcomes
- Capture follow-up commitments / tasks
- Agree on timeline to meet post workshop

Define Business Requirements & Objectives & Key Results



Business Requirements

Problem Statement

Clearly define the problem that the product is intended to solve. This should be from the perspective of the end-user or the business.

Goals

Define what the product is expected to achieve. This could be in terms of efficiency, accuracy, cost savings, revenue generation, etc.

User Stories

Describe the interactions that users will have with the product. This helps in understanding the user's needs and expectations.

Functional Requirements

List the capabilities that the product must have. This includes inputs, processes, and outputs related to the functionalities.

Non-Functional Requirements

Specify the performance attributes of the product, such as speed, accuracy, reliability, etc. Also consider aspects like security and privacy.

Constraints

Identify any limitations or restrictions that must be considered during the development of the product. This could be technical, legal, or business-related.

Objectives & Key Results

Objectives

Set ambitious, qualitative, and time-bound goals that align with the business strategy. Objectives should be clear, actionable, and inspiring.

Key results

Define a set of 3-5 quantitative measures that will be used to track the achievement of each objective. Key results should be specific, measurable, achievable, relevant, and time-bound (SMART).

Primary stakeholder who is accountable for OKRs

Role:

Name:

Org/Group:



What Will The Next Step Be?

Remember that each of these serves a distinct purpose in the product development lifecycle. Capability Envisioning ensures the technical and organizational capabilities are in place to deliver business value, POCs validate ideas, and MVPs guide sustainable product development. Choose wisely based on your goals and context!

Capability Envisioning

Consider Capability Envisioning if intent is to take business scenario/use case to production

POC

Consider a POC if there is uncertainty of the potential to unlock business value

MVP

Consider an MVP when the business value is clear, the implementation approach is clear and the use case has been implemented many times in the industry

Capability Envisioning

- 1. The Capability Envisioning Workshop is a cross-solution area workshop that focuses on identifying, prioritizing, and planning the technical and organizational capabilities to deliver business value at scale securely and cost-effectively. Capability Envisioning takes the OKRs from Business Envisioning as an input.
- 2. Capability Envisioning should always be conducted if there is intent to take a Business Scenario/Use Case to production (MVP or Full Production scale out).

POC (Proof of Concept)

- 1. When to Choose: To demonstrate the feasibility of a concept or verify that certain concepts or theories have the potential for real-world application.
- 2. Key Characteristics: Usually small and incomplete, intended to prove the idea behind a concept.
- 3. Key Questions Answered: Is the concept feasible? Does the idea work as expected?
- 4. Outcome: Validation of the concept's feasibility, which can be used to gain internal support or attract external funding.
- 5. Example: A prototype of a new technology to showcase its potential before developing a full-fledged product.

MVP (Minimum Viable Product)

- 1. When to Choose: When you need to test a product idea with minimal features to satisfy early adopters.
- 2. Key Characteristics: Contains enough features to attract early adopters, provides feedback for future development.
- 3. Key Questions Answered: Can this product idea satisfy the target market? What are the core features needed?
- 4. Outcome: A product with just enough features to be usable by early customers who can then provide feedback for future product development.
- 5. Example: A new app with basic functionalities to gauge user interest and gather feedback for improvements.

Next Steps for [use case]

What are the Next steps

List out the next steps:

- 1. ??
- 2. ??

What is the timeline to start:

- 1. ??
- 2. ??

Who is on Point (Customer & MSFT/Partner):

- 1. ??
- 2. ??

Any other deliverables or commitments from this workshop (What/Who/When)

Contact your Microsoft Account Team to get started with Business Envisioning