

學號: B06902136

系級: 資工四

姓名: 賴冠毓

1.5

a.

Performance: instructions per second (IPS)

$$\text{CPU Time} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}{\text{Clock Rate}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{IPS} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count}}{\text{CPU Time}} = \frac{\text{Clock Rate}}{\text{CPI}}$$

$$\text{IPS}_1 = \frac{3 \times 10^9}{1.5} = 2 \times 10^9$$

$$\text{IPS}_2 = \frac{2.5 \times 10^9}{1} = 2.5 \times 10^9$$

$$\text{IPS}_3 = \frac{4 \times 10^9}{2.2} = 1.8 \times 10^9$$

$\Rightarrow$  processor P2 has the highest performance. ... Ans

b.

Clock Cycles = Instruction Count  $\times$  CPI

Instruction Count = IPS  $\times$  CPU Time

P1:

$$\text{Instruction Count}_1 = 2 \times 10^9 \times 10 = 2 \times 10^{10} \quad \dots \text{Ans}$$

$$\text{Clock Cycles}_1 = 2 \times 10^{10} \times 1.5 = 3 \times 10^{10} \quad \dots \text{Ans}$$

P2:

$$\text{Instruction Count}_2 = 2.5 \times 10^9 \times 10 = 2.5 \times 10^{10} \quad \dots \text{Ans}$$

$$\text{Clock Cycles}_2 = 2.5 \times 10^{10} \times 1 = 2.5 \times 10^{10} \quad \dots \text{Ans}$$

P3:

$$\text{Instruction Count}_3 = 1.8 \times 10^9 \times 10 = 1.8 \times 10^{10} \quad \dots \text{Ans}$$

$$\text{Clock Cycles}_3 = \frac{4 \times 10^{10}}{2.2} \times 2.2 = 4 \times 10^{10} \quad \dots \text{Ans}$$

c.

$$\text{CPU Time} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}{\text{Clock Rate}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Clock Rate} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}{\text{CPU Time}}$$

$\therefore$  Instruction Count 不變

$$\therefore \text{Clock Rate} \propto \frac{\text{CPI}}{\text{CPU Time}} \Rightarrow \frac{1.2}{0.7} = \frac{12}{7}$$

$$Clock\ Rate_1 = \frac{12}{7} \times 3 = 5.14\text{ (GHz)} \cdots \text{Ans}$$

$$Clock\ Rate_2 = \frac{12}{7} \times 2.5 = 4.29\text{ (GHz)} \cdots \text{Ans}$$

$$Clock\ Rate_3 = \frac{12}{7} \times 4 = 6.86\text{ (GHz)} \cdots \text{Ans}$$

1. 6

$$CPU\ Time = \frac{Clock\ Cycles}{Clock\ Rate}$$

$$Clock\ Cycles = \sum_{i=1}^n Instruction\ Count_i \times CPI_i$$

P1:

$$\begin{aligned} Clock\ Cycles_1 &= 0.1 \times 10^6 \times 1 + 0.2 \times 10^6 \times 2 + 0.5 \times 10^6 \times 3 + 0.2 \times 10^6 \times 3 \\ &= 2.6 \times 10^6 \end{aligned}$$

$$CPU\ Time_1 = \frac{2.6 \times 10^6}{2.5 \times 10^9} = 1.04 \times 10^{-3}\text{ (s)}$$

P2:

$$\begin{aligned} Clock\ Cycles_2 &= 0.1 \times 10^6 \times 2 + 0.2 \times 10^6 \times 2 + 0.5 \times 10^6 \times 2 + 0.2 \times 10^6 \times 2 \\ &= 2 \times 10^6 \end{aligned}$$

$$CPU\ Time_2 = \frac{2 \times 10^6}{3 \times 10^9} = 6.67 \times 10^{-4}\text{ (s)}$$

=> P2 is faster.  $\cdots$  Ans

a.

$$CPI = \frac{Clock\ Cycles}{Instruction\ Count}$$

$$CPI_1 = \frac{2.6 \times 10^6}{10^6} = 2.6 \cdots \text{Ans}$$

$$CPI_2 = \frac{2 \times 10^6}{10^6} = 2 \cdots \text{Ans}$$

b.

$$Clock\ Cycles_1 = 2.6 \times 10^6 \cdots \text{Ans}$$

$$Clock\ Cycles_2 = 2 \times 10^6 \cdots \text{Ans}$$

1. 7

a.

$$CPU\ Time = Instruction\ Count \times CPI \times Clock\ Cycle\ Time$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{CPI} = \frac{\text{CPU Time}}{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{Clock Cycle Time}}$$

$$\text{CPI}_A = \frac{1.1}{10^9 \times 10^{-9}} = 1.1 \cdots \text{Ans}$$

$$\text{CPI}_B = \frac{1.5}{1.2 \times 10^9 \times 10^{-9}} = 1.25 \cdots \text{Ans}$$

b.

$$\text{CPU Time} = \text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI} \times \text{Clock Cycle Time}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Clock Cycle Time} = \frac{\text{CPU Time}}{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}$$

$\because$  CPU Time 相同

$$\therefore \text{Clock Cycle Time} \propto \frac{1}{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\text{Clock Cycle Time}_A}{\text{Clock Cycle Time}_B} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count}_B \times \text{CPI}_B}{\text{Instruction Count}_A \times \text{CPI}_A} = \frac{1.2 \times 10^9 \times 1.25}{10^9 \times 1.1} = 1.36$$

$\Rightarrow$  Clock Cycle Time<sub>A</sub> is 36% slower than Clock Cycle Time<sub>B</sub>.  $\cdots$  Ans

c.

$$\text{CPU Time} = \text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI} \times \text{Clock Cycle Time}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{CPU Time}_{\text{new}} = 6 \times 10^8 \times 1.1 \times 10^{-9} = 0.66 \text{ (s)}$$

compiler A:

$$\frac{\text{Performance}_{\text{new}}}{\text{Performance}_A} = \frac{\text{CPU Time}_A}{\text{CPU Time}_{\text{new}}} = \frac{1.1}{0.66} = 1.67 \cdots \text{Ans}$$

compiler B:

$$\frac{\text{Performance}_{\text{new}}}{\text{Performance}_B} = \frac{\text{CPU Time}_B}{\text{CPU Time}_{\text{new}}} = \frac{1.5}{0.66} = 2.27 \cdots \text{Ans}$$

1. 11

1. 11. 1

$$\text{CPU Time} = \text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI} \times \text{Clock Cycle Time}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{CPI} = \frac{\text{CPU Time}}{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{Clock Cycle Time}} = \frac{750}{2.389 \times 10^{12} \times 0.333 \times 10^{-9}} = 0.94 \cdots \text{Ans}$$

1. 11. 2

$$\text{SPECratio} = \frac{\text{reference time}}{\text{execution time}} = \frac{9650}{750} = 12.87 \cdots \text{Ans}$$

1. 11. 3

$$\text{CPU Time} = \text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI} \times \text{Clock Cycle Time}$$

$\because$  CPI 跟 Clock Cycle Time 不變

$\therefore$  CPU Time  $\propto$  Instruction Count

=> CPU Time increases by 10%. ... Ans

1. 11. 4

$$\text{CPU Time} = \text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI} \times \text{Clock Cycle Time}$$

∴ Clock Cycle Time 不變

$$\therefore \text{CPU Time} \propto \text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI} \Rightarrow 1.1 \times 1.05 = 1.155$$

=> CPU Time increases by 15.5%. ... Ans

1. 11. 5

$$\text{SPECratio} = \frac{\text{reference time}}{\text{execution time}}$$

∴ reference time 相同

$$\therefore \text{SPECratio} \propto \frac{1}{\text{execution time}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{1.155} = 0.866$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{SPECratio}_{\text{new}} = 0.866 \times \text{SPECratio}_{\text{old}} \dots \text{Ans}$$

1. 11. 6

$$\text{CPU Time} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}{\text{Clock Rate}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{CPI} = \frac{\text{CPU Time} \times \text{Clock Rate}}{\text{Instruction Count}} = \frac{700 \times 4 \times 10^9}{0.85 \times 2.389 \times 10^{12}} = 1.38 \dots \text{Ans}$$

1. 11. 7

$$\frac{\text{Clock Rate}_{\text{new}}}{\text{Clock Rate}_{\text{old}}} = \frac{4}{3} = 1.33$$

$$\frac{\text{CPI}_{\text{new}}}{\text{CPI}_{\text{old}}} = \frac{1.38}{0.94} = 1.47$$

They are dissimilar.

$$\therefore \text{CPU Time} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}{\text{Clock Rate}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\text{Clock Rate}}{\text{CPI}} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count}}{\text{CPU Time}}$$

但 Instruction Count 跟 CPU Time 減少的比例不一致。 ... Ans

1. 11. 8

$$\frac{\text{CPU Time}_{\text{new}}}{\text{CPU Time}_{\text{old}}} = \frac{700}{750} = 0.933$$

=> CPU Time increases by 6.7%. ... Ans

1. 11. 9

$$\text{CPU Time} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}{\text{Clock Rate}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Instruction Count} = \frac{\text{CPU Time} \times \text{Clock Rate}}{\text{CPI}} = \frac{0.9 \times 960 \times 10^{-9} \times 4 \times 10^9}{1.61} = 2147 \dots \text{Ans}$$

1. 11. 10

$$\text{CPU Time} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}{\text{Clock Rate}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Clock Rate} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}{\text{CPU Time}}$$

∴ Instruction Count 跟 CPI 不變

$$\therefore \text{Clock Rate} \propto \frac{1}{\text{CPU Time}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{0.9} = 1.11$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Clock Rate}_{\text{new}} = 1.11 \times 3 = 3.33 \text{ (GHz)} \cdots \text{Ans}$$

1. 11. 11

$$\text{CPU Time} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}{\text{Clock Rate}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Clock Rate} = \frac{\text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI}}{\text{CPU Time}}$$

∴ Instruction Count 不變

$$\therefore \text{Clock Rate} \propto \frac{\text{CPI}}{\text{CPU Time}} \Rightarrow \frac{0.85}{0.8} = 1.0625$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Clock Rate}_{\text{new}} = 1.0625 \times 3 = 3.1875 \text{ (GHz)} \cdots \text{Ans}$$

1. 14

1. 14. 1

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CPU Time} &= \frac{\text{Clock Cycles}}{\text{Clock Rate}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \text{Instruction Count}_i \times \text{CPI}_i}{\text{Clock Rate}} \\ &= \frac{50 \times 10^6 \times 1 + 110 \times 10^6 \times 1 + 80 \times 10^6 \times 4 + 16 \times 10^6 \times 2}{2 \times 10^9} \\ &= 0.256 \text{ (s)} \end{aligned}$$

CPU Time<sub>new</sub>

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{50 \times 10^6 \times \text{CPI}_{\text{FP\_new}} + 110 \times 10^6 \times 1 + 80 \times 10^6 \times 4 + 16 \times 10^6 \times 2}{2 \times 10^9} \\ &= \frac{0.256}{2} = 0.128 \text{ (s)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{CPI}_{\text{FP\_new}} = -4.12 < 0 \Rightarrow \text{impossible.} \cdots \text{Ans}$$

1. 14. 2

CPU Time<sub>new</sub>

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{50 \times 10^6 \times 1 + 110 \times 10^6 \times 1 + 80 \times 10^6 \times \text{CPI}_{\text{L/S\_new}} + 16 \times 10^6 \times 2}{2 \times 10^9} \\ &= \frac{0.256}{2} = 0.128 \text{ (s)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow CPI_{L/S\_new} = 0.8 \dots \text{Ans}$$

1. 14. 3

CPU Time<sub>new</sub>

$$= \frac{50 \times 10^6 \times 1 \times 0.6 + 110 \times 10^6 \times 1 \times 0.6 + 80 \times 10^6 \times 4 \times 0.7 + 16 \times 10^6 \times 2 \times 0.7}{2 \times 10^9}$$

$$= 0.1712 (s) \dots \text{Ans}$$