

2. Tools

2.1. The Git command line tools

The original tooling for Git is based on the command line, i.e., the Git development team provides only tooling for the command line. Most of the following examples are based on the Git command line tooling which offers all capabilities of Git.

2.2. Separating parameters and file arguments in Git commands

The double hyphens (--) in Git separates out any references or other options from a path (usually file names).

2.3. Graphical tools for Git

You can also use graphical tools see [GUI Clients](#) at the official git website for an overview.

For example the [Eclipse IDE](#) provides excellent support for working with Git repositories.