## Conditional Expectation given event

1. Suppose n people are bidding on a mystery prize that is up for auction. The bids are to be submitted in secret, and the individual who submits the highest bid wins the prize. The i-th bidder receives a random "signal" amount of money  $X_i$ , where the  $X_1, \ldots, X_n \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Unif}(0,1)$ . The value of the prize, V, is defined to be the sum of the individual bidders' signals:

$$V = X_1 + \dots + X_n$$

Each bidder i will learn their own value of  $X_i$ , but not the other n-1 values.

- (a) Before receiving her signal, what is bidder 1's unconditional expectation for V?
- (b) Conditional on receiving the signal  $X_1 = x_1$ , what is bidder 1's expectation for V?
- (c) Suppose each bidder submits a bid equal to their conditional expectation for V (i.e., bidder i bids  $\mathbb{E}[V|X_i=x_i]$ ). Conditional on receiving the signal  $X_1=x_1$  and winning the auction, what is bidder 1's expectation for  $\mathbb{E}[V]$ ? Explain intuitively why this quantity is always less than the quantity calculated in (b). Think about how to translate the information provided in words into statements involving random variables.
- 2. A fair six-sided die is rolled once. Find the expected number of additional rolls needed to obtain a value at least as large as that of the first roll.