## **Bayes Estimators**

1. Suppose we have a single observation  $X \sim \text{Unif}(0,\theta)$  where  $\theta > 0$  is the unknown parameter of interest. Let the prior distribution for  $\theta$  be

$$p(\theta) = \begin{cases} \theta e^{-\theta} & \theta > 0\\ 0 & o.w. \end{cases}$$

Under this model, the posterior for  $\theta$  is

$$p(\theta|x) = \begin{cases} e^{x-\theta} & x < \theta < \infty \\ 0 & o.w. \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the Bayes estimator under absolute loss.
- (b) Find the Bayes estimator under squared loss.
- (c) Great practice: Derive the posterior distribution of  $\theta$  given X = x. Be careful with the supports! (Do your recognize the posterior up to proportionality? If not, we will need to calculate  $f(\mathbf{x})$  to find the exact posterior).