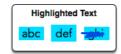
# **Designer PDF Viewer**



When you select a contiguous block of text in a PDF viewer, the selection is highlighted with a blue rectangle. In this PDF viewer, each word is highlighted independently. For example:



In this challenge, you will be given a list of letter heights in the alphabet and a string. Using the letter heights given, determine the area of the rectangle highlight in  $mm^2$  assuming all letters are 1mm wide.

## **Input Format**

The first line contains 26 space-separated integers describing the respective heights of each consecutive lowercase English letter, ascii[a-z].

The second line contains a single word, consisting of lowercase English alphabetic letters.

#### **Constraints**

- $1 \le h_? \le 7$ , where ? is an English lowercase letter.
- Word contains no more than 10 letters.

# **Output Format**

Print a single integer denoting the area in  $mm^2$  of highlighted rectangle when the given word is selected. Do not print units of measure.

#### Sample Input 0

# **Sample Output 0**

9

#### **Explanation 0**

We are highlighting the word abc:

Letter heights are a=1, b=3 and c=1. The tallest letter, b, is 3mm high. The selection area for this word is  $3 \cdot 1mm \cdot 3mm = 9mm^2$ .

**Note:** Recall that the width of each character is 1mm.

# Sample Input 1

## **Sample Output 1**

28

## **Explanation 1**

The tallest letter in $zaba$ is $z$ at $7mm$ . The selection area for this word is $4 \times 1mm \times 7mm = 28mm^2$ .