EXPERIMENT 9

Aim: Implementation of PAAS using Google App Engine / AWS / Azure.

Theory:

Google App Engine

- Google App Engine is a Platform as a Service (PaaS) product that provides web app developers and enterprises with access to Google's scalable hosting and tier 1 internet service.
- The App Engine requires that apps be written in Java or Python, store data in Google Big Table and use the Google Query Language. Non-compliant applications require modification to use App Engine
- Google App Engine provides more infrastructure than other scalable hosting services such as Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2). The App Engine also eliminates some system administration and developmental tasks to make it easier to write scalable applications
- Google App Engine is able to dynamically scale up and down to meet the demands of your user traffic regardless of variability or size.
- Google App Engine also integrates a number of additional features that you can take advantage of to ensure your application remains highly available and responsive.

Datastore is a schemaless object store with scalable storage. An SQL like querying language, and an easy-to-use API built into the GAE SDK.

Memcache provides lightning quick in-memory caching that not only improves application speed, but also can reduce costs by reducing the number of calls to outside services.

AWS Elastic Beanstalk

- AWS Elastic Beanstalk is an easy-to-use service for deploying and scaling web applications and services developed with Java, .NET, PHP, Node.js, Python, Ruby, Go and Docker on familiar services such as Apache, Nginx, Passenger and IIS.
- You can simply upload your code and Elastic Beanstalk automatically handles the deployment, from capacity provisioning, load balancing, auto-scaling to application health monitoring. At the same time, you retain full control over AWS resources powering your application and can access the underlying resources at any time.

Benefits of AWS Elastic Beanstalk :

Fast and simple to begin : Elastic beanstalk is the

fastest and simplest way to deploy your application on AWS. Elastic Beanstalk automatically handles the deployment details of capacity provisioning, load balancing, auto-scaling, and application health monitoring.

Developer productivity: Elastic Beanstalk provisions and operates the infrastructure and manages the application stack (platform) for you, so you dont have to spend the time or develop the expertise

Complete resource control: You have the freedom to select the AWS resource, such as Amazon EC2 instance type, that are optimal for your application.

Impossible to outgrow: Elastic Beanstalk automatically scales your application up and down based on your application's specific need using easily adjustable Auto scaling settings.
For example, you can use CPU utilization metrics to trigger Auto scaling actions. With Elastic Beanstalk, your application can handle peaks in workload or traffic while minimizing your costs

Conclusion:

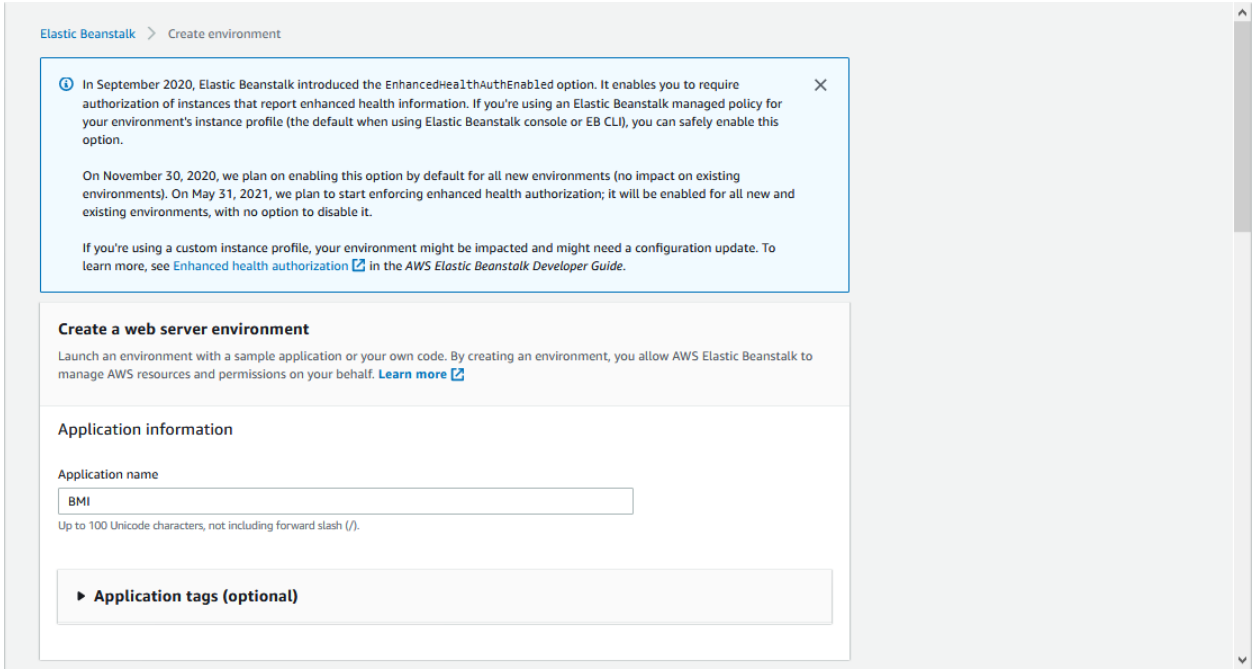
Hence we have successfully developed and deployed a web application on Amazon Aws Elastic Beanstalk.

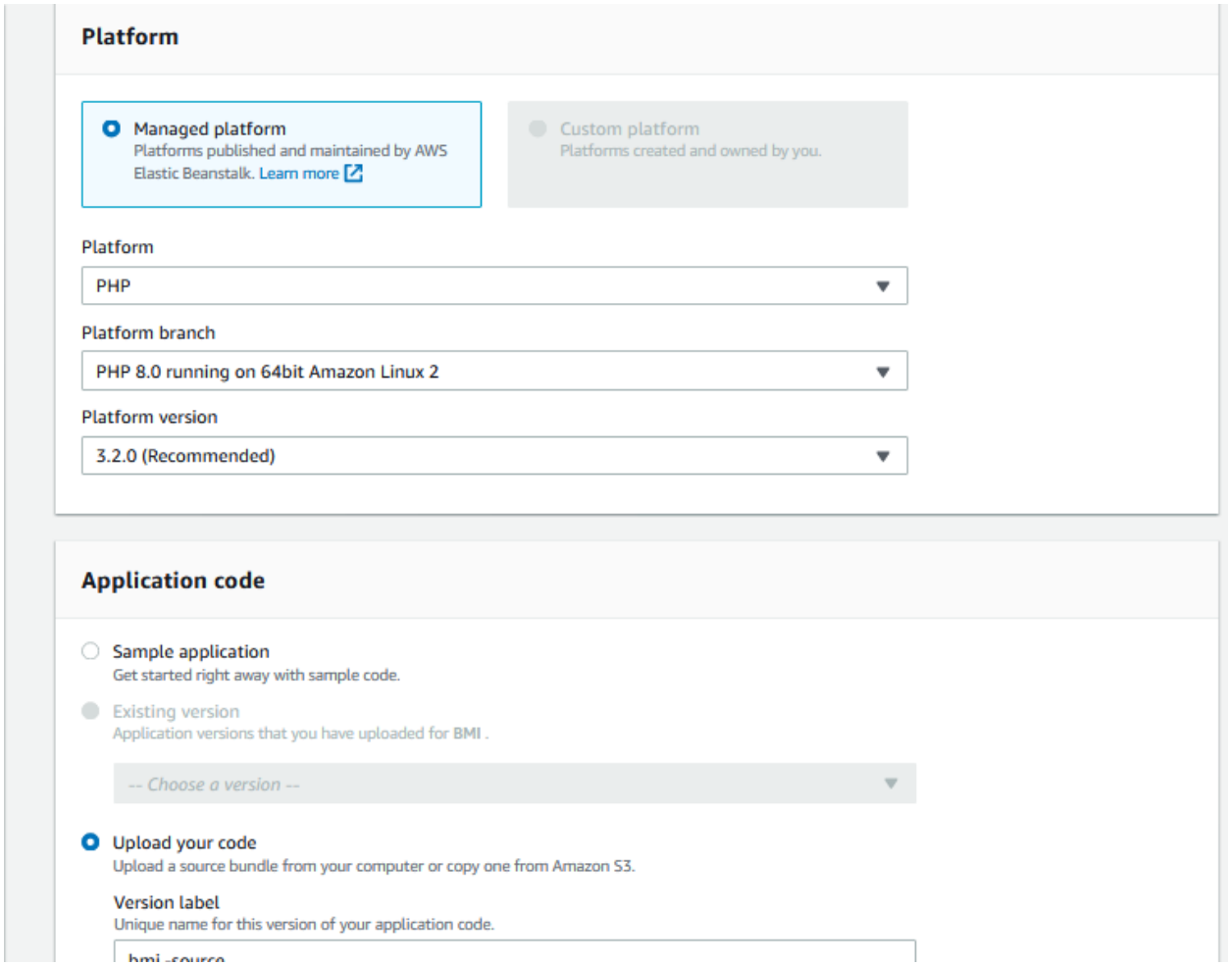
Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>

<head>
    <!-- Include JS files -->
    <script>
        window.onload = () => {
    let button = document.querySelector("#btn");

    // Function for calculating BMI
    button.addEventListener("click", calculateBMI);
};

function calculateBMI() {

    /* Getting input from user into height variable.
    Input is string so typecasting is necessary. */
    let height = parseInt(document
                    .querySelector("#height").value);

    /* Getting input from user into weight variable.
    Input is string so typecasting is necessary.*/
    let weight = parseInt(document
                    .querySelector("#weight").value);

    let result = document.querySelector("#result");

    // Checking the user providing a proper
    // value or not
    if (height === "" || isNaN(height))
        result.innerHTML = "Provide a valid Height!";

    else if (weight === "" || isNaN(weight))
        result.innerHTML = "Provide a valid Weight!";

    // If both input is valid, calculate the bmi
    else {

        // Fixing upto 2 decimal places
        let bmi = (weight / ((height * height)
                                / 10000)).toFixed(2);

        // Dividing as per the bmi conditions
```

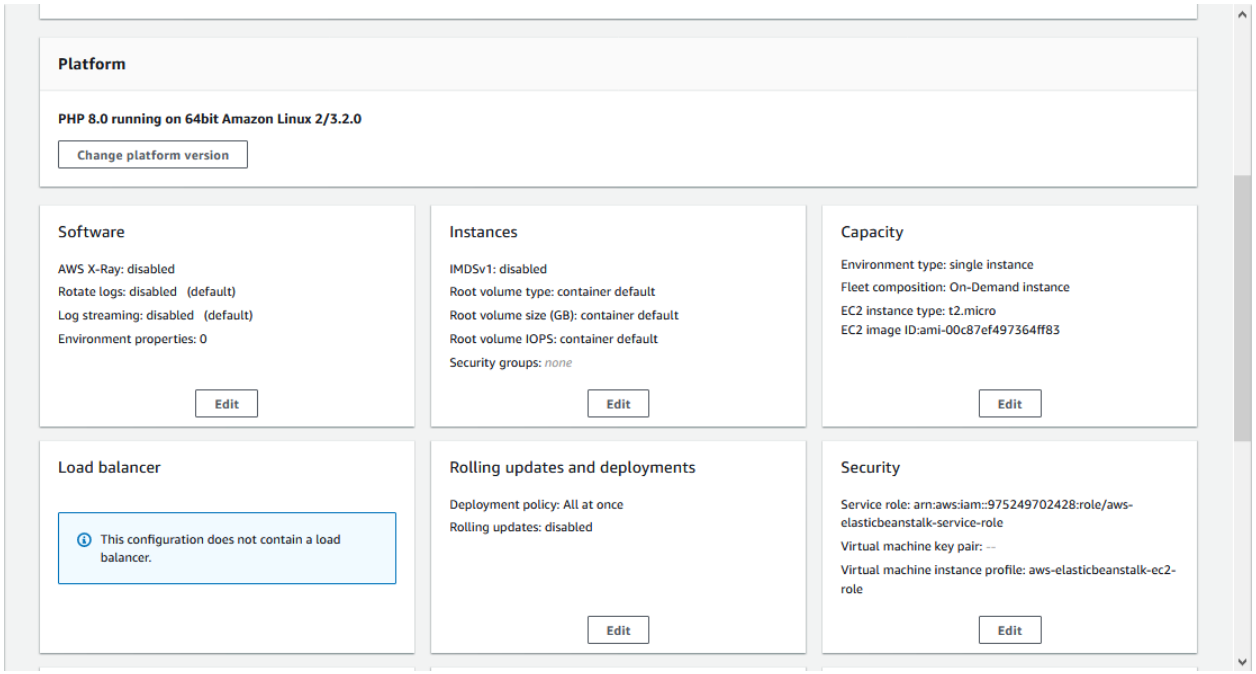
```
        if (bmi < 18.6) result.innerHTML =
                `Under Weight : <span>${bmi}</span>`;

        else if (bmi >= 18.6 && bmi < 24.9)
                result.innerHTML =
                        `Normal : <span>${bmi}</span>`;

        else result.innerHTML =
                `Over Weight : <span>${bmi}</span>`;
    }
}

    </script>
</head>

<body>
    <div class="container">
        <h1>BMI Calculator : Developed by Anish Adnani</h1>

        <!-- Option for providing height
                and weight to the user-->
        <p>Height (in cm)</p>

        <input type="text" id="height">

        <p>Weight (in kg)</p>

        <input type="text" id="weight">

        <button id="btn">Calculate</button>

        <div id="result"></div>
    </div>
</body>

</html>
```

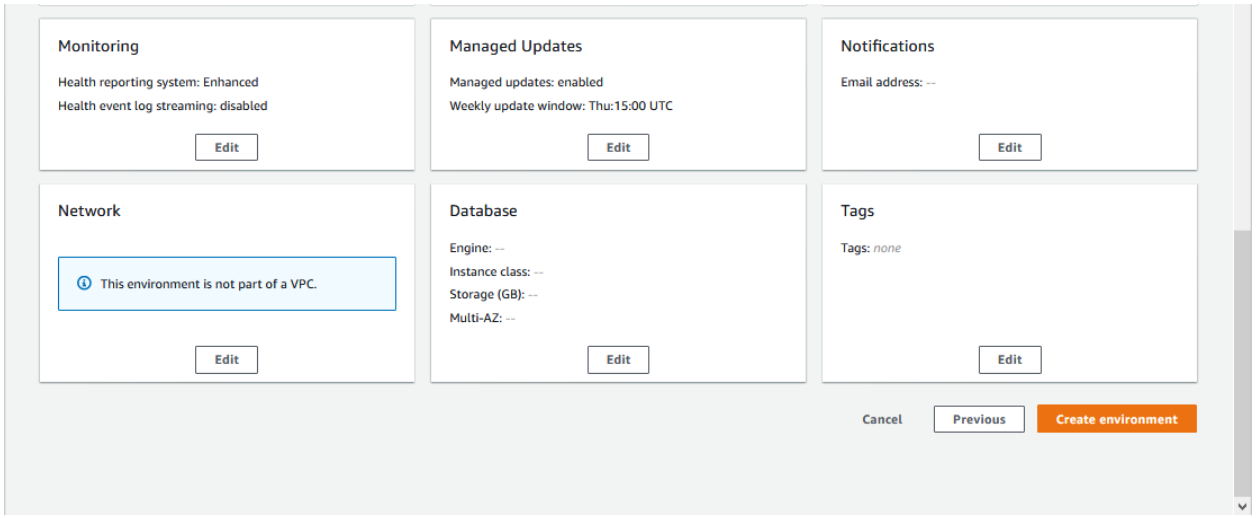
Steps in deploying code to Elastic Beanstalk



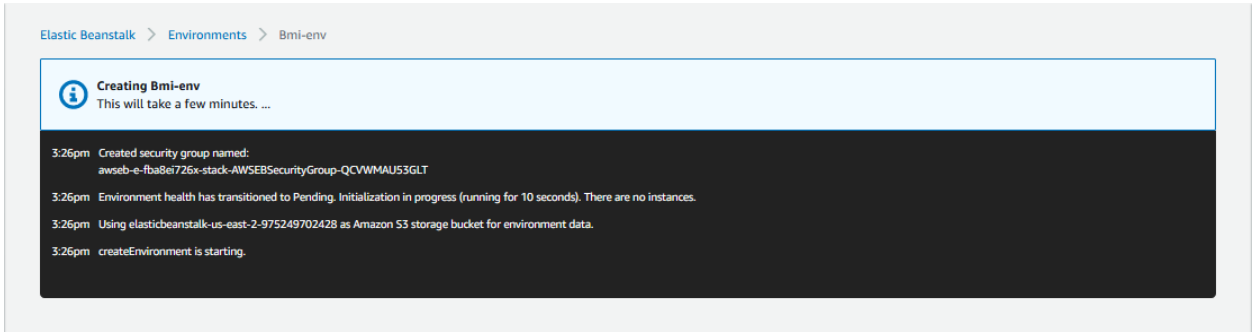


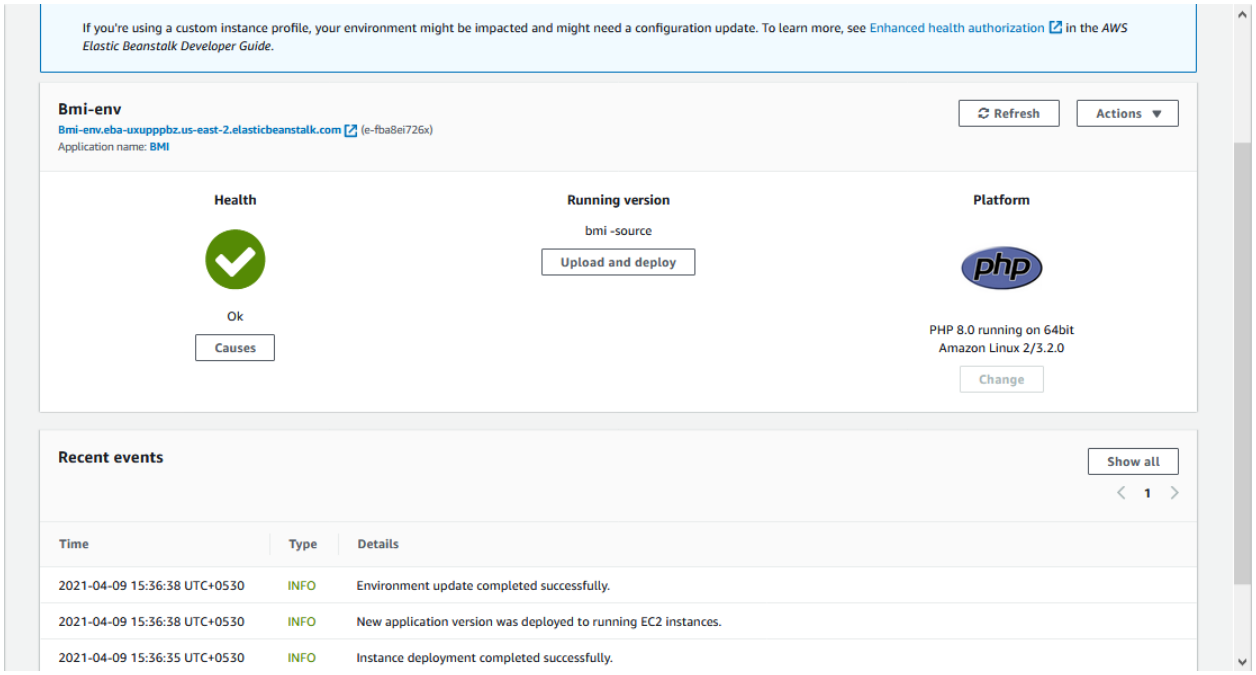
Configuration





Creating and deploying the environment





Hosted Website: