EXPERIMENT 2

Aim write a program to demonstrate multithread application

Theory: Must thuading is a TAYA feature that allows concurrent execution of two or more part of a program for maximum utilization of (Pu. Each part of such program is called a thread so threads are light-weight process within a process.

Multithreading application leave two or more threads un concurrently here it is also known as concurrency in Java tack thread eurs parallel to each other multiple threads don't allocate seperate memory and, hence they save memory also context switching between threads, takes less sime.

impartance of multithreading

- nous threading improves throughput so that
 many concurrent computation operations and also
 represes within single process
- 2) simultaneous and fully symmetric use of multiple processors for computations and also improve server 16ponsiveness
- 3) large or complex represts or slow clients never block other represts jos service

4) cess memory consumption 5) synchronization of thread provides enhanced process to process communication thanglauge amount of data through sepurate threads of execution state piagram a couring a docked Runnalle waiting for notification eux de des sineoux roskicasion notification Many Q reminated 1) New Thread This is the state the thread is the after the thread instance has been ucated, but the start () method has not been invoked on the thicad. 2) Runnable State This is the state a thread is in when its eligible to us, but the scheduler has not selected to be the unning thread. FOR EDUCATIONAL USE <u>ram)</u>

A thread first enters the runnable state when the struct() method is ensoled, but a thread can also return to the runnally state after sither runing a coming back from a blocked, warning & sleeping trate 3> Running State - This is the thread is in when the thread scheduler relects it to be the concertly executing process. - The component of IVM that decides the aider in which thready will be executed is termed as the tellad schedula - The order in which wromable threads one chosen to un is not guranteed. 4) Blocked state - This is the state a thread is in when its not eligible to men - sleeping I timed waiting state . A thread may be sleeping because the threads uer code tells it to sleep for some period ay some 5) Terminated state A thread is considered dead when its min() method completes - It may still be a wable thread object, but it is no longer a reperate thread of execution Sundaram FOR EDUCATIONAL USE

-	once	th.	uad	is	dead	it	coin	never	60	hought
	back	to	life			-				
	and the second second second	-								

Command related to thread

- 1) Start start a thread by calling its run
- 2) lus Entry paint for a thread
- 3) sleep: suspend a thread fer period of time
- 4) join wait for a thread to terminate
- 5) is Alive: Determine if a thread is still running
- 6) getpeionity: Obtain thread's peionity
- T) getname: obtain thread's name

Conclusion: Thus, we have studied and demonstrated the concept of multithreading and its states successfully.

Multi-threading

```
multithreads.java
class two implements Runnable
 public void run()
 {
  for(int j=0;j<5;j++)
  System.out.println("Second:" +j);
}
}
class three implements Runnable
 public void run()
  // this is third task
  for(int k=0;k<5;k++)
  System.out.println("Third:" +k);
}
}
class multithreads
 public static void main (String args[])
 two t = new two();
 three tt = new three();
 Thread th = new Thread(t);
 Thread th2 = new Thread(tt);
 th.start();
 th2.start();
 //first task
 for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
 System.out.println("First:" +i);
}
```

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe C:\Users\User\Desktop\sem8-exps-anish\DC\exp2>javac multithreads.java C:\Users\User\Desktop\sem8-exps-anish\DC\exp2>java multithreads First:0 Third:0 Third:1 Second:0 Third:2 First:1 First:2 Third:3 Second:1 Third:4 First:3 Second:2 First:4 Second:3 Second:4 C:\Users\User\Desktop\sem8-exps-anish\DC\exp2>

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

```
Third:2
First:1
First:2
Third:3
Second:1
Third:4
First:3
Second:2
First:4
Second:3
Second:4
C:\Users\User\Desktop\sem8-exps-anish\DC\exp2>java multithreads
Third:0
Third:1
Third:2
Third:3
Third:4
Second:0
First:1
Second:1
First:2
Second:2
Second:3
First:3
Second:4
First:4
```