Improving Industrial Quality Control with Computer Vision

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Context and Overview

 Valeo, a leading global automotive supplier, aims to enhance industrial performance through advanced production systems

 Use computer vision (CV) models to automatically sort parts rejected by Automated Optical Inspection (AOI) machines



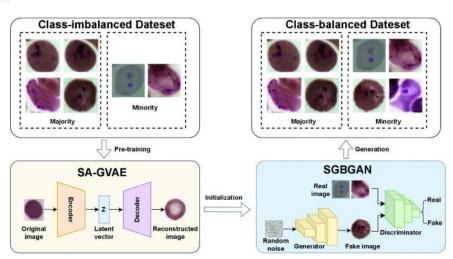
Problem Definition

 Classification: The model needs to identify images as either belonging to the good class or one of the defect classes. (6 classes in training set)

 Anomaly Detection: The model must also detect images that do not belong to any of the predefined classes, which could indicate defects that were not part of the training dataset.

• Specific Evaluation Metric that severely penalize parts detected as good when they are actually defective, and then the failure to detect a drift

- Class imbalance : not all classes are equally represented
 - o Generate samples to augment the minority class by using GANs ..
 - Poor data quality of synthetic data, mode collapse,



- Class imbalance: not all classes are equally represented
 - Use a cost sensitive loss by introducing weights



Better represents what the real data distribution (defects are rare)

$$L(\theta) = -\sum_{j=0}^{1} w_j \sum_{y_i=j} f(P(y_i|x_i, \theta))$$

where w_j is the weight for class j, y_i is the true label for the i-th sample, x_i is the feature vector for the i-th sample, and $f(P(y_i|x_i,\theta))$ is a function of the predicted probability for the true class y_i .

In scikit-learn, the weights w_j are calculated as follows:

$$w_j = \frac{N}{C \cdot |y_i = j|_{i=1...N}}$$

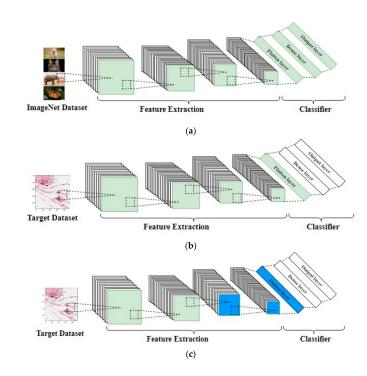
where N is the total number of samples, C is the number of classes and $|y_i = j|_{i=1...N}$ is the number of samples belonging to class j.

 Choice of model for Image based tasks (CNNs and ViTs)



Capture well features compared to manual features extractors (SIFT)

 Transfer Learning given small training set by using pretrained models and their learned features for our task through fine tuning

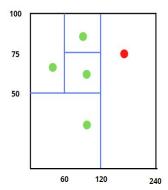


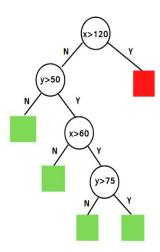
Unseen class, use Isolation Forest



Suited for tabular anomaly detection but images are of high dimensional

 Use a simple threshold-based rule on the output probabilities of the model





Data Augmentation

- Goal: Improve generalization & prevent overfitting.
- Preprocessing: Resized all images to 256×256 pixels.
- Applied Transformations:
 - Random Horizontal Flip (50% probability).
 - Random Rotation (±15°) handles angular variations.
 - Random Affine Transformations slight translations to simulate distortions.
 - Color Jittering modifies brightness, contrast, saturation, and hue for robustness.

Model Architecture

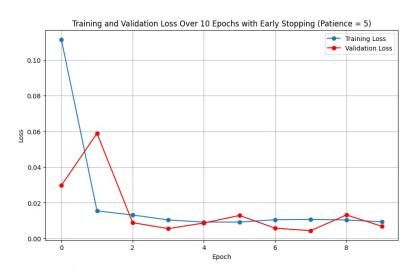
- Pretrained model: ResNet-18
 - Replaced final fully connected layer to match dataset classes.
 - Fine-tuned only the last residual block (layer4) & classification head; rest frozen.
- Optimization & Regularization:
 - Optimizer: Adam (learning rate = 0.001).
 - Weight Decay: 1×10-4 to prevent overfitting.
 - Loss Function: Weighted cross-entropy to handle class imbalance.
- Training Setup:
 - Epochs: 10 (Early stopping after 5 epochs if no validation loss improvement).
 - Metrics Tracked: Training/validation loss, validation accuracy.
 - Model Selection: Best model saved based on lowest validation loss.

Results

Validation accuracy of 98%

 Thresholding rule on output probabilities

 Ranked 3th on the academic leaderboard



Rang	Date	Participant(s)	Score public
1	14 mars 2025 20:47	lucas-versini & Gabou	0,9941
2	13 mars 2025 23:57	shiwenli	0,9889
3	4 mars 2025 06:57	midsougou	0,9827
4	12 mars 2025 15:51	MikeHutten & TheoNiemann	0,9818
5	25 février 2025 12:30	NicolasThiou & yacdad	0,9815
6	-	benchmark	0,9659
7	16 mars 2025 22:19	evan964	0,9415
8	17 mars 2025 23:13	EliotMorard	0,9320

Conclusion

- Pleased with my first ever challenge participation
- Could improve performances by trying modeling by hands some parts of the models or other architectures

Link Github:

https://github.com/midsougou/Improving-Industrial-Quality-Control