

MIDTERM EXAM  
DISCREET STRUCTURES

1. Consider the statement about a party, "If it's your birthday or there will be cake, then there will be cake."
  - a. Translate the above statement into symbols. Clearly state which statement is  $P$  and which is  $Q$ .
  - b. Make a truth table for the statement.
  - c. Assuming the statement is true, what (if anything) can you conclude if there will be cake?
  - d. Assuming the statement is true, what (if anything) can you conclude if there will no cake?
  - e. Suppose you found out that the statement was a lie. What can you conclude?
2. Which of the following logical expression is the translation of the English sentence?  
"It is a nice day; and if it is cloudy then it will rain."  
  
 $p$  = It is a nice day  
  
 $q$  = It is cloudy  
  
 $r$  = It will rain
3. There are 5 people in a room, and everyone shakes hand with everyone else exactly once. How many handshakes occur?
4. To how many different ways can we arrange 5 books on a shelf?

**ANSWERS ARE ON THE SECOND PAGE OF THE FILE**

Answers:

1. Consider the statement about a party, "If it's your birthday or there will be cake, then there will be cake."

- a.  $P = \text{"If it's your birthday"}$   
 $Q = \text{"There will be a cake"}$   
 $(P \vee Q) \rightarrow Q$

b.

| B | C | $B \vee C$ | $(B \vee C) \rightarrow C$ |
|---|---|------------|----------------------------|
| T | T | T          | T                          |
| T | F | T          | F                          |
| F | T | T          | T                          |
| F | F | F          | T                          |

- c. If the statement is true, I cannot conclude whether it's my birthday or not because it can be either true or false.
- d. We can conclude that it is not my birthday
- e. We can conclude that it is my birthday AND there will be no cake,
2. Which of the following logical expression is the translation of the English sentence? "It is a nice day; and if it is cloudy then it will rain."
- a. The sentence has two main parts joined by the word "and" therefore we will use the logical expression AND ( $\wedge$ )

$$(p \wedge (q \rightarrow r))$$

3.  $C = n! / (n-r)! r!$

$$n = 5$$

$$r = 2$$

$$= 5! / (5-2)! 2!$$

$$= \mathbf{10}$$

4. Permutation =  $n!$

$$n = 5$$

$$5! = 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

$$= \mathbf{120}$$