

Datenbanken 2

Dokumentation zu Übung 3

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Aufgabe 2

— *DDL for Function MIN_MAX_SCALE*

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "MIN_MAX_SCALE"  
  (min_old NUMBER, min_new NUMBER, max_old NUMBER, max_new  
   NUMBER, v NUMBER)  
RETURN NUMBER  
IS  
BEGIN  
  RETURN (((v - min_old)/(max_old - min_old))*(max_new -  
            min_new)) + min_new;  
END;  
  
/
```

— *DDL for Procedure MIN_MAX_CALCULATOR*

— *Ergebnisse werden in neue Table eingetragen*

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE "MIN_MAX_CALCULATOR"  
  (min_new NUMBER, max_new NUMBER)  
IS  
  min_old number;  
BEGIN  
  SELECT MIN(ZAHLEN) INTO min_old FROM NUMBERS;  
  INSERT INTO NUMBERS.RESULT(  
    SELECT MIN_MAX_SCALE(min_old, min_new, (SELECT MAX(ZAHLEN)  
      FROM NUMBERS), max_new, ZAHLEN)  
    FROM NUMBERS);  
END;  
  
/
```

— *Alternative: Update in gleicher Table*

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE "MIN_MAX_CALCULATOR"  
  (min_new NUMBER, max_new NUMBER)  
IS  
  min_old number;  
BEGIN  
  SELECT MIN(ZAHLEN) INTO min_old FROM NUMBERS;
```

```

UPDATE NUMBERS SET ZAHLEN = MIN_MAX_SCALE(min_old , min_new , (
    SELECT MAX(ZAHLEN) FROM NUMBERS) , max_new , ZAHLEN);
END;

```

—> *Result:*

```
EXECUTE min_max_calculator(0,10);
```

```
SELECT * FROM NUMBERS ORDER BY ZAHLEN ASC;
```

ZAHLEN
5
10
20
25
42
50
53
100
120
142
242
250
342
350
420

Aufgabe 3

— *DDL for Table ANGESTELLTE*

```

CREATE TABLE "ANGESTELLTE" (
    "A_NR" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "A_NAME" VARCHAR2(50 BYTE) ,
    "A_GEBURTSDATUM" DATE,
    "A_BERUFSBEZEICHNUNG" VARCHAR2(60 BYTE) ,
    "A_MONATSGEHALT" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "A_GESCHLECHT" VARCHAR2(10 BYTE) ,
    PRIMARY KEY ("A_NR" ) );

```

— *DDL for Table ARBEITER*

```
CREATE TABLE "ARBEITER" (
    "A_NAME" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
    "A_VORNAME" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
    "A_GEBURTSMONAT" VARCHAR2(5 BYTE) ,
    "A_STUNDENLOHN" NUMBER(*,0) ,
PRIMARY KEY ("A_NAME" , "A_VORNAME" ) ) ;
```

— *DDL for Table BERUFE*

```
CREATE TABLE "BERUFE" (
    "B_CODE" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "B_TYPE" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
PRIMARY KEY ("B_CODE" ) ) ;
```

— *DDL for Table GESCHLECHTER*

```
CREATE TABLE "GESCHLECHTER" (
    "G_CODE" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "G_TYPE" VARCHAR2(10 BYTE) ,
PRIMARY KEY ("G_CODE" ) ) ;
```

— *DDL for Table PERSONAL*

```
CREATE TABLE "PERSONAL" (
    "P_NR" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "P_NAME" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
    "P_VORNAME" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
    "P_ALTER" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "P_GESCHLECHT" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "P_BERUFSCODE" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "P_JAHRESEINKOMMEN" NUMBER(*,0) ,
PRIMARY KEY ("P_NR" ) ,
FOREIGN KEY ("P_GESCHLECHT") REFERENCES "GESCHLECHTER"
    ("G_CODE" ) ,
FOREIGN KEY ("P_BERUFSCODE") REFERENCES "BERUFE" ( "
    B_CODE" ) ) ;
```

— *DDL for Table ZUORDNUNG*

```

CREATE TABLE "ZUORDNUNG" (
    "Z_NR" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "Z_TABLE_OLD" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
    "Z_KEY_OLD" VARCHAR2(60 BYTE) ,
    PRIMARY KEY ("Z_NR") ,
    FOREIGN KEY ("Z_NR") REFERENCES "PERSONAL" ("P_NR") );

```

— *INSERTS for Table GESCHLECHTER*

```

Insert into GESCHLECHTER (G.CODE,G.TYPE) values ( '0' , 'unbekannt
    ');
Insert into GESCHLECHTER (G.CODE,G.TYPE) values ( '1' , 'weiblich '
    );
Insert into GESCHLECHTER (G.CODE,G.TYPE) values ( '2' , 'maennlich
    ');

```