

Software-Architektur

Stichwortverzeichnis

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Aufgabe 2

— *DDL for Function MIN_MAX_SCALE*

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "MIN_MAX_SCALE"  
  (min_old NUMBER, min_new NUMBER, max_old NUMBER, max_new  
   NUMBER, v NUMBER)  
RETURN NUMBER  
IS  
BEGIN  
  RETURN (((v - min_old)/(max_old - min_old))*(max_new -  
            min_new)) + min_new;  
END;  
  
/
```

— *DDL for Procedure MIN_MAX_CALCULATOR*

```
— Ergebnisse werden in neue Table eingetragen  
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE "MIN_MAX_CALCULATOR"  
  (min_new NUMBER, max_new NUMBER)  
IS  
  min_old number;  
BEGIN  
  SELECT MIN(ZAHLEN) INTO min_old FROM NUMBERS;  
  INSERT INTO NUMBERS.RESULT(  
    SELECT MIN_MAX_SCALE(min_old, min_new, (SELECT MAX(ZAHLEN)  
      FROM NUMBERS), max_new, ZAHLEN)  
    FROM NUMBERS);  
END;  
  
/
```

— *Alternative: Update in gleicher Table*

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE "MIN_MAX_CALCULATOR"  
  (min_new NUMBER, max_new NUMBER)  
IS  
  min_old number;  
BEGIN  
  SELECT MIN(ZAHLEN) INTO min_old FROM NUMBERS;
```

```

UPDATE NUMBERS SET ZAHLEN = MIN_MAX_SCALE(min_old , min_new , (
    SELECT MAX(ZAHLEN) FROM NUMBERS) , max_new , ZAHLEN);
END;

```

—> *Result:*

```
EXECUTE min_max_calculator(0,10);
```

```
SELECT * FROM NUMBERS ORDER BY ZAHLEN ASC;
```

ZAHLEN
5
10
20
25
42
50
53
100
120
142
242
250
342
350
420

Aufgabe 3

— *DDL for Table ANGESTELLTE*

```

CREATE TABLE "ANGESTELLTE" (
    "A_NR" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "A_NAME" VARCHAR2(50 BYTE) ,
    "A_GEBURTSDATUM" DATE,
    "A_BERUFSBEZEICHNUNG" VARCHAR2(60 BYTE) ,
    "A_MONATSGEHALT" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "A_GESCHLECHT" VARCHAR2(10 BYTE) ,
    PRIMARY KEY ("A_NR" ) );

```

— *DDL for Table ARBEITER*

```

CREATE TABLE "ARBEITER" (
    "A_NAME" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
    "A_VORNAME" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
    "A_GEBURTSMONAT" VARCHAR2(5 BYTE) ,
    "A_STUNDENLOHN" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    PRIMARY KEY ("A_NAME" , "A_VORNAME" ) ) ;

```

— *DDL for Table BERUFE*

```

CREATE TABLE "BERUFE" (
    "B_CODE" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "B_TYPE" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
    PRIMARY KEY ("B_CODE" ) ) ;

```

— *DDL for Table GESCHLECHTER*

```

CREATE TABLE "GESCHLECHTER" (
    "G_CODE" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "G_TYPE" VARCHAR2(10 BYTE) ,
    PRIMARY KEY ("G_CODE" ) ) ;

```

— *DDL for Table PERSONAL*

```

CREATE TABLE "PERSONAL" (
    "P_NR" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "P_NAME" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
    "P_VORNAME" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
    "P_ALTER" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "P_GESCHLECHT" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "P_BERUFSCODE" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "P_JAHRESEINKOMMEN" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    PRIMARY KEY ("P_NR" ) ,
    FOREIGN KEY ("P_GESCHLECHT") REFERENCES "GESCHLECHTER"
        ("G_CODE" ) ,
    FOREIGN KEY ("P_BERUFSCODE") REFERENCES "BERUFE" ( "
        B_CODE" ) ) ;

```

— *DDL for Table ZUORDNUNG*

```

CREATE TABLE "ZUORDNUNG" (
    "Z_NR" NUMBER(*,0) ,
    "Z_TABLE_OLD" VARCHAR2(30 BYTE) ,
    "Z_KEY_OLD" VARCHAR2(60 BYTE) ,
    PRIMARY KEY ("Z_NR") ,
    FOREIGN KEY ("Z_NR") REFERENCES "PERSONAL" ("P_NR") );

```

— *INSERTS for Table GESCHLECHTER*

```

Insert into GESCHLECHTER (G.CODE,G.TYPE) values ( '0' , 'unbekannt
    ');
Insert into GESCHLECHTER (G.CODE,G.TYPE) values ( '1' , 'weiblich '
    );
Insert into GESCHLECHTER (G.CODE,G.TYPE) values ( '2' , 'maennlich
    ');

```

Aufgabe 3

— *DDL for Sequence PNR_SEQUENCE*

CREATE SEQUENCE "PNR_SEQUENCE" ;

/

— *DDL for Table ANGESTELLTE*

CREATE TABLE "ANGESTELLTE"
(
 "A_NR" **NUMBER**,
 "A_NAME" **VARCHAR2**(50) ,
 "A_GEBURTSDATUM" **DATE**,
 "A_BERUFSBEZEICHNUNG" **VARCHAR2**(60) ,
 "A_MONATSGEHALT" **NUMBER**,
 "A_GESCHLECHT" **VARCHAR2**(10) ,
 PRIMARY KEY ("A_NR")
);

/

— *DDL for Table ARBEITER*

CREATE TABLE "ARBEITER"
(
 "A_NAME" **VARCHAR2**(30) ,
 "A_VORNAME" **VARCHAR2**(30) ,
 "A_GEBURTSMONAT" **VARCHAR2**(5) ,
 "A_STUNDENLOHN" **NUMBER**,
 PRIMARY KEY ("A_NAME" , "A_VORNAME")
);

/

— *DDL for Table BERUFE*

CREATE TABLE "BERUFE"
(
 "B_CODE" **NUMBER**,
 "B_TYPE" **VARCHAR2**(30) ,

```
        PRIMARY KEY ( "B.CODE" )
    );

/
```

— DDL for Table GESCHLECHTER

```
CREATE TABLE "GESCHLECHTER"
(
    "G.NAME" VARCHAR2(15) ,
    "G.CODE" NUMBER,
    PRIMARY KEY ( "G.NAME" )
);

/
```

— DDL for Table PERSONAL

```
CREATE TABLE "PERSONAL"
(
    "P.NR" NUMBER,
    "P.NAME" VARCHAR2(30) ,
    "P.VORNAME" VARCHAR2(30) ,
    "P.ALTER" NUMBER,
    "P.GESCHLECHT" NUMBER,
    "P.BERUFSCODE" NUMBER,
    "P.JAHRESEINKOMMEN" NUMBER,
    PRIMARY KEY ( "P.NR" ) ,
    FOREIGN KEY ( "P.BERUFSCODE" ) REFERENCES "BERUFE" ( "
        B.CODE" )
);

/
```

— DDL for Table ZUORDNUNG

```
CREATE TABLE "ZUORDNUNG"
(
    "Z.NR" NUMBER,
    "Z.TABLE_OLD" VARCHAR2(30) ,
    "Z.KEY_OLD" VARCHAR2(60) ,
    PRIMARY KEY ( "Z.NR" ) ,

```

```
FOREIGN KEY ("Z_NR") REFERENCES "PERSONAL" ("P_NR")
);
```

/

— *Inserts in Table ANGESTELLTE*

```
Insert into ANGESTELLTE (A_NR,A_NAME,A_GEBURTSDATUM,
A_BERUFSBEZEICHNUNG,A_MONATSGEHALT,A_GESCHLECHT) values ('1',
'Fabian_Uhlmann',to_date('03.11.88','DD.MM.RR'),'
Informatiker','2000','m\ E4nnlich');
Insert into ANGESTELLTE (A_NR,A_NAME,A_GEBURTSDATUM,
A_BERUFSBEZEICHNUNG,A_MONATSGEHALT,A_GESCHLECHT) values ('2',
'Diana_Irmscher',to_date('01.01.90','DD.MM.RR'),'
Informatiker','2001','weiblich');
Insert into ANGESTELLTE (A_NR,A_NAME,A_GEBURTSDATUM,
A_BERUFSBEZEICHNUNG,A_MONATSGEHALT,A_GESCHLECHT) values ('3',
'Alexandra_Vogel',to_date('01.10.92','DD.MM.RR'),'
Informatiker','9999','weiblich');
Insert into ANGESTELLTE (A_NR,A_NAME,A_GEBURTSDATUM,
A_BERUFSBEZEICHNUNG,A_MONATSGEHALT,A_GESCHLECHT) values ('4',
'Alexander_Boxhorn',to_date('27.07.82','DD.MM.RR'),'
Logistiker','1375','m\ E4nnlich');
```

/

— *Inserts in Table GESCHLECHTER*

```
Insert into DBST47.GESCHLECHTER (G_NAME,G_CODE) values ('
Alexandra','1');
Insert into DBST47.GESCHLECHTER (G_NAME,G_CODE) values ('Fabian
','2');
```

/

— *DDL for Function GETAGE*

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "GETAGE"
(birthdate Date)
RETURN VARCHAR2
```



```

IS
BEGIN
    RETURN Trunc((months_between(sysdate , birthdate) /12),0);
END;

/

```

```

— DDL for Function GETAGE

```

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "GETAGE"
    (birthdate VARCHAR)
RETURN VARCHAR2
IS
BEGIN
    — TODO: SELECT EXTRACT(MONTH FROM SYSDATE) FROM DUAL;
    — TODO: SELECT TO_DATE('2012-06-05', 'YYYY-MM-DD') FROM dual
    ;
    RETURN Trunc((months_between(sysdate , birthdate) /12),0);
END;

/

```

```

— DDL for Function GETFIRSTNAME

```

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "DBST47"."GETFIRSTNAME"
    (fname VARCHAR2)
RETURN VARCHAR2
IS
BEGIN
    RETURN SUBSTR(fname,0 , instr (fname , ' ' )-1);
END;

/

```

```

— DDL for Function GETGENDER

```

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "GETGENDER"
    (vname VARCHAR2)
RETURN NUMBER

```

```

IS
gendercode NUMBER;
BEGIN
    SELECT G_CODE INTO gendercode FROM GESCHLECHTER WHERE G_NAME
        = vname;
    IF gendercode = NULL THEN gendercode := 0;
    END IF;
    RETURN gendercode;
END;

/

```

— *DDL for Function GETGENDERCODE*

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "GETGENDERCODE"
    (gender VARCHAR2, firstname VARCHAR2)
RETURN NUMBER
IS
CURSOR CGCODE IS
    SELECT G_CODE
    FROM Geschlechter
    WHERE G_NAME = firstname;
gendercode NUMBER;
tmp NUMBER;
BEGIN
    IF gender = 'maennlich' THEN gendercode := 2;
    ELSIF gender = 'weiblich' THEN gendercode := 1;
    ELSE gendercode := 0;
    END IF;
    OPEN CGCODE;
    FETCH CGCODE into tmp;
    IF CGCODE%NOTFOUND then
        INSERT INTO GESCHLECHTER (G_NAME, G_CODE) VALUES (firstname
            , gendercode);
    END IF;
    RETURN gendercode;
END;

```

— *DDL for Function GETGENDERCODEFROMNAME*

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "GETGENDERCODEFROMNAME"

```

```

    (vname VARCHAR2)
RETURN NUMBER
IS
    gendercode NUMBER;
BEGIN
    SELECT G.CODE INTO gendercode FROM GESCHLECHTER WHERE G.NAME
        = vname;
    IF gendercode = NULL THEN gendercode := 0;
    END IF;
    RETURN gendercode;
END;

/

```

— DDL for Function GETLASTNAME

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "DBST47"."GETLASTNAME"
    (lname VARCHAR2)
RETURN VARCHAR2
IS
BEGIN
    RETURN SUBSTR(lname, INSTR(lname, ' ') + 1);
END;

/

```

— DDL for Function GETJOBCODE

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "GETJOBCODE"
    (jobname VARCHAR2)
RETURN NUMBER
IS
    jobcode NUMBER;
BEGIN
    SELECT B.CODE INTO jobcode FROM BERUFE WHERE B.TYPE = jobname
        ;
    IF jobcode = NULL THEN
        SELECT max(B.CODE) INTO jobcode FROM BERUFE;
        jobcode := jobcode + 1;
        INSERT INTO BERUFE (B.CODE, B.TYPE) VALUES (jobcode,
            jobname);
    END IF;
    RETURN jobcode;
END;

```

```
END IF;  
RETURN jobcode;  
END;
```

```
/
```

```
— DDL for Function GETMONEY
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "GETMONEY"  
(monthmoney NUMBER)  
RETURN NUMBER  
IS  
BEGIN  
RETURN (monthmoney * 12);  
END;
```

```
/
```

```
— DDL for Procedure TRANSFORMATION_ANGESTELLTE
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE "TRANSFORMATION_ANGESTELLTE"  
IS  
a_nr NUMBER;  
p_nr NUMBER;  
p_name VARCHAR2(30);  
p_vorname VARCHAR2(30);  
p_age DATE;  
p_geschlecht VARCHAR2(10);  
p_job VARCHAR(50);  
p_money NUMBER;  
CURSOR CANGST IS  
SELECT A_Nr, A_Name, A_Geburtsdatum,  
A_Berufsbezeichnung, A_Monatsgehalt, A_Geschlecht  
FROM Angestellte;  
BEGIN  
OPEN CANGST;  
LOOP  
FETCH CANGST INTO a_nr, p_name, p_age, p_job, p_money,  
p_geschlecht;  
EXIT WHEN CANGST%NOTFOUND;
```

```

SELECT pnr_sequence.nextval INTO p_nr FROM DUAL;
SELECT GETFIRSTNAME(p_name) INTO p_vorname FROM DUAL;
    INSERT INTO PERSONAL(p_nr,p_name,p_vorname,p_alter ,
        p_geschlecht,p_berufscore,p_jahreseinkommen) VALUES
        (p_nr,GETLASTNAME(p_name),p_vorname,GETAGE(p_age),
        GETGENDERCODE(p_geschlecht,p_vorname),GETJOBCODE(
        p_job),GETMONEY(p_money));
    INSERT INTO ZUORDNUNG (Z_Nr, Z_TABLE_OLD, Z_KEY_OLD) VALUES
        (p_nr, 'Angestellte', TO_CHAR(a_nr, '9999'));
END LOOP;
CLOSE CANGST;
END;
/

```

— DDL for Procedure TRANSFORMATION_ARBEITER

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE "TRANSFORMATION_ARBEITER"
IS
p_nr NUMBER;
p_name VARCHAR2(30);
p_vorname VARCHAR2(30);
p_age DATE;
p_geschlecht VARCHAR2(10);
p_job VARCHAR(50);
p_money NUMBER;
CURSOR CANGST IS
    SELECT A_Name, A_Vorname, A_Geburtsmonat, A_Stundenlohn
    FROM Arbeiter;
BEGIN
    OPEN CARB;
    LOOP
        FETCH CARB INTO p_name, p_vorname, p_age, p_money;
        EXIT WHEN CANGST%NOTFOUND;
        p_nr := pnr_sequence.nextval

        INSERT INTO PERSONAL(p_nr,p_name,p_vorname,p_alter ,
            p_geschlecht) VALUES (p_nr,p_name,p_vorname,GETAGE(
            p_age),GETGENDERCODE(p_geschlecht,p_vorname),
            GETJOBCODE(p_job),GETMONEY(p_money));
        — TODO: CONCAT(CONCAT(p_name,', '),p_vorname) —>
            arb_nr erstellen
        INSERT INTO ZUORDNUNG (Z_Nr, Z_TABLE_OLD, Z_KEY_OLD)

```

```
VALUES (p_nr, 'Arbeiter', arb_nr);  
END LOOP;  
CLOSE CANGST;  
END;  
  
/
```